## OSC STAFF NOTICE 91-705 (Revised) CSA DERIVATIVES DATA TECHNICAL MANUAL

July 25, 2024

## Introduction

This Notice has been revised to provide market participants with the CSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual (the Manual). The Manual includes administrative technical specifications regarding the definition, format, and allowable values for each data element that is required to be reported under amendments published today to OSC Rule 91-507 Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (the TR Rule). The Manual is intended to assist market participants in reporting under the TR Rule when these amendments take effect on July 25, 2025.

Staff of the Canadian Securities Administrators expect to update the Manual on a periodic basis, including to reflect changes in technical specifications by international standard setting organizations and regulatory authorities. We welcome any comments on an ongoing basis.

A draft of the Manual was published on June 9, 2022. A blackline showing the changes from this draft is provided below.

## Questions

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[Editor's note: CSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual, clean and blacklined, is reproduced on the following internally numbered pages.]

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# CSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual 

# Technical specifications for over-the-counter derivatives data reporting 

July 25, 2024
Version 1.0

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### 1.1 Background

The technical specifications in this CSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual (the Technical Manual) specify the definition, format, and allowable values for each data element that is required to be reported under Manitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Derivatives: Trade Reporting, Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Derivatives: Trade Reporting, Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and, in the remaining provinces and territories, Multilateral Instrument 96-101 Derivatives: Trade Reporting (collectively, the TR Rules) and are sourced primarily from the Revised CDE Technical Guidance - version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI)' (the CDE Technical Guidance).

The Technical Manual is intended to assist market participants in reporting under amendments to the TR Rules that are expected to become effective on July 25, 2025.
All terms in the Technical Manual that are defined in a TR Rule have the same meaning as in the applicable TR Rule, unless otherwise provided in the Technical Manual or unless the context otherwise requires.

Where data elements align with the data elements prescribed by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the CFTC), the Technical Manual has generally adopted the name, definition, format, and allowable values as set out by the CFTC.

It is expected that the Technical Manual will be updated on a periodic basis to reflect updates from the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA) and international updates.

### 1.1.1 Format of technical specifications

(1) \#: all data elements are assigned a number for ease of reference. The data element number is referenced throughout the Technical Manual and in Appendix A to each of the TR Rules.
(2) Source: this column contains "CDE", "CSA", "CFTC" or "ESMA". "CDE" refers to a data element in the CDE Technical Guidance. "CFTC" refers to a data element sourced from the Commodities Futures Trading Commission. "ESMA" refers to a data element sourced from the European Securities and Markets Authority.
(3) Category: data elements are grouped by topic or category.
(4) Data Element Description: a concise description of the data element that is set out in Appendix A to each of the TR Rules and reproduced in the Technical Manual for convenience. These descriptions are intended to comply with CSA rule drafting standards while substantively aligning with the corresponding detailed explanation.
(5) Detailed Explanation of Data Element: for CDE data elements, the explanation is sourced from the CDE Technical Guidance, with footnotes added to provide clarity based on the CFTC's regulations. For CFTC data elements, the explanation is sourced from the CFTC Technical Specification, with footnotes added to provide clarity. For ESMA data elements, the explanation is sourced from EMIR REFIT validation rules. Data elements sourced from the CFTC and ESMA apply regardless of reporting requirements in the U.S. or Europe. For example, data elements sourced from the CFTC apply to all derivatives that are required to be reported under the TR Rules, as applicable, and not only to swaps under CFTC rules. Further, they apply under the TR Rules regardless of whether the derivative is otherwise required to be reported under CFTC rules.

[^0](6) Format: see Table below that illustrates the meaning of formats used throughout the document.

| Format | Content in brief | Additional Explanation | Example(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YYYY-MM-DD | Date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YYYY = four-digit year } \\ & \text { MM = two-digit month } \\ & \text { DD = two-digit day } \end{aligned}$ | 2015-07-06 <br> (corresponds to 6 July 2015) |
| YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ssZ | Date and time | YYYY, MM, DD as above <br> hh = two-digit hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed) <br> $\mathrm{mm}=$ two-digit minute (00 through 59) <br> ss = two-digit second (00 through 59) <br> T is fixed and indicates the beginning of the time element. <br> $Z$ is fixed and indicates that times are expressed in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) and not in local time. | 2014-11-05T13:15:30Z <br> (corresponds to 5 November 2014, 1:15:30 pm, Coordinated Universal time, or 5 November 2014, 8:15:30 am US Eastern Standard Time) |
| Num( $\mathbf{2 5 , 5}$ ) | Up to 25 numerical characters including up to five decimal places | The length is not fixed but limited to 25 numerical characters including up to five numerical characters after the decimal point. <br> Should the value have more than five digits after the decimal, reporting counterparties should round half-up. | $\begin{aligned} & 1352.67 \\ & 12345678901234567890.12345 \\ & 1234567890123456789012345 \\ & 0 \\ & -20000.25 \\ & -0.257 \end{aligned}$ |
| Num(5) ${ }^{2}$ | Up to five numerical characters, no decimals are allowed | The length is not fixed but limited to five numerical characters | $\begin{aligned} & 12345 \\ & 123 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Char(3) | Three alphanumeric characters | The length is fixed at three alphanumeric characters. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { USD } \\ & \text { X1X } \\ & 999 \end{aligned}$ |
| Varchar(25) | Up to 25 alphanumeric characters | The length is not fixed but limited at up to 25 alphanumerical characters. No special characters are permitted. If permitted, it would be explicitly stated in the format of the data element. | asgaGEH3268EFdsagtTRCF543 <br> aaaaaaaaaa <br> x |
| Boolean | Boolean characters | Either "True" or "False" or "true" or "false" ${ }^{3}$ | True / true False / false |

Table 1 - Explanation of formats used in the Technical Specification

### 1.2 Explanation of Certain Data Elements or Categories

### 1.2.1 Direction of the transaction

The Technical Manual requires the reporting of Buyer/Seller or Payer/Receiver for this data element. This is a slightly different approach from that taken in the CDE Technical Guidance, which provides two options for reporting Direction. The reporting counterparty should not report both Buyer/Seller and Payer/Receiver for a given transaction, but instead use the reporting method appropriate for the type of instrument reported.

### 1.2.2 Repeating data elements or leg-based products

Depending on the product being reported and the related market convention, a multi-leg or multi-stream product could be reported using a particular data element more than once. Unless the data element is listed as "leg", it cannot be reported more than once. For products where the multi-leg or multi-stream concept is not applicable, report values in the designated data element for the first leg (Leg 1) for all fields that are specified as leg-based data elements. For products having two legs where one leg references a fixed value and the other leg references a floating value, Leg 1 elements should refer to the leg that references a fixed value and Leg 2 elements should refer

[^1]to the leg that references a floating value. For products having two legs where each leg references a floating value respectively, the legs should be ordered based on the alphabetical ordering of the names of the respective underliers. In cases where the names of the respective underliers are the same, but they are differentiated by a tenor, Leg 1 elements should refer to the leg referencing the underlier with the shorter tenor.

### 1.2.3 Schedules

Derivatives involving schedules which specify the details known at the time of execution of the transaction are required to be reported as part of creation data. Fields that require reporting of multiple values in a single field can be reported using a delimiter between the reported values. The choice of delimiter is left to the discretion of the trade repository but the delimiter usage must be the same in all files. Fields that allow multiple values for submission have a standard variable length of 500 characters as the data type regardless of how each trade repository is collecting from their participants. Public dissemination is required for the first 10 values in schedule fields.

### 1.2.4 Actions and Events

Appendix 3.5 illustrates how different events should be reported in transaction reporting, position reporting and end-of-day (valuation and collateral) reporting.

At a minimum, any data elements that are impacted as part of actions and events should be reported. It is at the trade repository's discretion whether other elements should be included for event message types.

Corrections of valuation and collateral are allowed and should be reported using "VALU" and "MARU" action types.

### 1.2.5 Validations

Validations are generally intended to be the same as the CFTC's as specified in its Part 45 swap data reporting requirements when the Technical Manual data element is also required by the CFTC. A trade repository may limit the number of data elements required to be submitted for Action Type TERM, PRTO, and EROR.

## Reporting Types:

Transaction = Creation data and Lifecycle Event data: Transaction means entering into, assigning, selling or otherwise acquiring or disposing of a derivative or the novation of a derivative. Each transaction must be reported as a unique derivative under the TR Rules.

Valuation= Valuation Data: Valuation data means data that reflects the current value of the derivative and includes the data in the elements listed in Appendix A under the heading "Data Elements Related to Valuation".

Collateral = Margin Data: Collateral and margin data means data that reflects the current amount of collateral and margin posted or collected as described in the elements listed in Appendix A under the heading "Data Elements Related to Collateral and Margin".

## Values:

$\mathrm{M}=$ Mandatory (The data element is mandatory and any additional validation rules, if specified, must also be followed)

C= Conditional (The data element is required if the conditions set out in the validation rules are fulfilled. Additional validation rules, if specified, must also be followed)

NR= Not Required (The data element is not required to be included in the report)
O= Optional (The data element should be included in the transaction if applicable. Additional validation rules, if specified, may be applied when populated)

## Leg-based data elements:

Validations in the Technical Manual included for leg-based data elements are meant to apply to the first leg (Leg 1). However, it should not be presumed that the validations apply similarly to the second leg (Leg 2). This is largely due to the conditionality between leg fields, and the fact that trade repository specific data elements can alter the application of published validations in ways not contemplated in the Technical Manual. Given this, trade repositories may incorporate other validations for leg-level data elements, should they deem it necessary.

A value may be provided where there is an else \{blank\}. It may be interpreted as "else optional".

### 1.2.6 Unique Product Identifier

## Data elements related to underlying asset:

This set of data elements captures information related to underliers when the information cannot be derived from the UPI. These data elements apply to all asset classes and should support any underliers.

- Data elements 128 and 129 should be used when the UPI Service Provider does not receive the identifier and its source for a particular underlier. In these cases, values for both 'Underlier ID' and 'Underlier ID source' are submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider.
- Data elements 130 and 131 are necessary to determine the price of an underlier asset or index that cannot be derived from the given UPI.
- Data element 121 is necessary to easily identify the derivative transactions based on crypto assets that cannot be identified from the given UPI.


### 1.2.7 Other payment fields

The set of data elements related to other payments can be reported multiple times in the case of multiple payments.

### 1.2.8 Packages

Package identifier should be used by reporting counterparties or entities responsible for reporting as a unique link between reports belonging to the same derivative contract, where the table of fields does not enable submitting the details in only one report and where the package transaction is composed of a combination of derivative contracts that are negotiated together as the product of a single economic agreement.

If a derivative contract ceases to exist, but gives rise to another derivative, those two contracts should be considered individually and not be reported as a package transaction, thus no package identifier should be used to link those reports in such circumstance, while at the same time the field 'Prior UTI' should be reported.

The reporting field 'Package transaction price' and 'Package transaction price currency' should be populated with the relevant price and currency for the entire package transaction rather than the price and currency of the individual components. If the individual components have individual prices and currencies those should be populated in the relevant report in field 'Price' and 'Price currency' in addition to the population of the field 'Package transaction price'.

### 1.2.9 Position reporting

Position reporting is an optional method of reporting for derivatives that meet the requirements under section 33.1 of the TR Rules. The "Position Reporting guidelines" in section 2.1 sets out how to report lifecycle events in relation to certain data elements. Lifecycle events may be reported at the position level in respect of all relevant data elements where derivatives meet these conditions. Refer to example 4.5 to review how positions are to be reported.

Positions may not be reported without previously reporting the derivatives separately at transaction level. Derivatives at transaction level should be updated to have an appropriate status, so that it is clear that they are no longer open and to avoid double-counting of the derivatives that were included in positions. The reporting counterparty should report the terminations of all the derivatives at transaction level that enter into the position. For new derivatives that are included in the position on the same day, action type "POSC" with no event type should be used. For derivatives that are included in the position on all other days, action type "TERM" and event type "INCP" should be used.

Where a position valuation becomes zero, there are only two possible ways to proceed:

- Termination of the position and reporting of a new one using a different UTI at a later stage. No valuations are reported between the termination of the first position and the creation of the latter.
- Maintaining the position open and reporting a zero contract value on a daily basis.


### 1.2.10 Prior UTI

Prior UTI should be assigned to the predecessor derivative that has given rise to the reported derivative due to a lifecycle event, in a one-to-one relation between derivatives. This data element is not applicable when reporting many-to-one and many-to-many relations between derivatives (e.g., in the case of a compression). In particular, the prior UTI will be applicable in the following events:
a. Full or partial novation (reported with Action Type: NEWT and Event Type: NOVA and includes Prior UTI);
b. Clearing;
c. Exercise (in the case of swaptions),
d. Allocation (reported with Action Type: NEWT and Event Type: ALOC and includes Prior UTI),
e. Corporate event (in the case of a split).

### 1.3 Historical Derivatives

Counterparties should not create a new UTI for outstanding derivatives, even if the original UTI is not fully compliant with e.g., new format requirements under the Technical Manual. For existing derivatives that utilize a USI (Unique Swap Identifier), the trade repository can allow for these to be submitted in a separate data element.

All existing derivatives should eventually be updated with the new data requirements and reported using the action field Modify (MODI) and event type Upgrade (UPDT).

## 2 Technical Specifications

Data Elements Related to Counterparties

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CDE | Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty) | Identifier of the reporting counterparty. | Identifier of the counterparty to an OTC derivative transaction ${ }^{4}$ who is fulfilling its reporting obligation via the report in question. <br> In jurisdictions where both parties must report the transaction, the identifier of Counterparty 1 always identifies the reporting counterparty. <br> In the case of an allocated derivative transaction executed by a fund manager on behalf of a fund, the fund and not the fund manager is reported as the counterparty. However, if the allocation of the block trade to specific funds does not take place prior to the reporting deadline, then the fund manager executing the transaction on behalf of the fund can be reported as the counterparty. <br> If a trading facility is fuffiling the reporting obligation, the identifier of Counterparty 1 identifies one of the counterparties to the transaction. | Char(20) for an LEI code | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N | Transaction- M Collateral -M Valuation -M |

[^2]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | CDE | Counterparty 2 (non-reporting counterparty) | Identifier of the nonreporting counterparty. | Identifier of the second counterparty ${ }^{5}$ to an OTC derivative transaction. <br> In the case of an allocated derivative transaction executed by a fund manager on behalf of a fund, the fund and not the fund manager is reported as the counterparty. However, if the allocation of the block trade to specific funds does not take place prior to the reporting deadline, then the fund manager executing the transaction on behalf of the fund can be reported as the counterparty. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar(72),~}$ for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEl per the ROC Statement Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, <br> www.gleif.org/). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals(not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N | Transaction- M Collateral -M Valuation -M |
| 3 | CFTC | Counterparty 2 identifier source | Type of Counterparty 2 identifier. | Source used to identify the Counterparty 2. | Char(4) | - LEID = Legal <br> Entity Identifier <br> - NPID = <br> Natural Person <br> Identifier, to <br> identify person <br> who are acting <br> as private <br> individuals, not <br> business <br> entities | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction- M } \\ & \text { Collateral - M } \\ & \text { Valuation - } \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |

[^3]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - PLID = An <br> internal <br> identifier only if <br> (1) <br> Counterparty 2 <br> is subject to a <br> blocking law or <br> consent <br> requirement, (2) <br> the applicable <br> CSA regulatory <br> authority has <br> issued a relief <br> decision to the <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> relating to <br> blocking laws <br> and consent <br> requirements, <br> and (3) the <br> reporting <br> counterparty is <br> complying with <br> the conditions <br> of the relief <br> decision. |  |  |
| 4 | CDE | Buyer identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer. | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer, as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, <br> Internal <br> identifier code <br> for a non- <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> subject to <br> Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, <br> www.gleif.org/). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement <br> - Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such | N | Transaction- C if [Payer identifier] and [Receiver identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)] or <br> [Counterparty 2] <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation-NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. |  |  |
| 5 | CDE | Seller identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller. | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, <br> www.gleif.org/). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier as non-reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N | Transaction- C if [Payer identifier] and [Receiver identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)] or [Counterparty 2] <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | CDE | Payer identifier <br> [Payer <br> identifier-Leg 1] <br> [Payer <br> identifier-Leg 2] | Identifier of the counterparty of the payer leg. | Identifier of the counterparty of the payer leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this <br> - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps ${ }^{6}$, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | -ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, <br> www.gleif.org/). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEl per the ROC Statement - Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier as non-reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such reporting requirements. | N | Transaction- C if [Buyer identifier] and [Seller identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)] or [Counterparty 2] <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 7 | CDE | Receiver identifier <br> [Receiver identifier-Leg 1] <br> [Receiver identifier-Leg 2] | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg. | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEl per the ROC Statement - | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not | N | Transaction- C if [Buyer identifier] and [Seller identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)] |

${ }^{6}$ For fixed-floating interest rate swaps, the payer is the counterparty paying the fixed rate.

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | swaps ${ }^{7}$, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> Varchar(72), <br> Internal <br> identifier code <br> for a non- <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> subject to <br> Blocking Law | eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement <br> - Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such reporting requirements. |  | or <br> [Counterparty <br> 2] <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 8 | ESMA | Broker identifier ${ }^{8}$ | Identifier of a broker that acts as an intermediary for Counterparty 1 without becoming a counterparty. | In the case a broker acts as intermediary for the counterparty 1 without becoming a counterparty itself, the counterparty 1 shall identify this broker by legal entity identifier. | Char(20) | - LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/) | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction- O } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |
| 9 | CSA | Country and Province or Territory of Individual (nonreporting counterparty) | If an individual is a non-reporting counterparty, the individual's country of residence and, if the individual's residence is in Canada, the province or territory. | If the non-reporting counterparty is an individual, the individual's country of residence and, if the individual's residence is in Canada, the province or territory. | Char(5) | Any valid value based on ISO 3166-2. | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction- O } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |

[^4]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | CSA | Jurisdiction of Counterparty 1 | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty 1 is: <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, if the non-reporting counterparty is an individual who is a resident of the jurisdiction, and/or <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in Regulation 91507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and is a qualified person under section 82 of the Derivatives Act (Québec). | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty 1 is: <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, if the non-reporting counterparty is an individual who is a resident of the jurisdiction, and/or <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in Regulation 91507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and is a qualified person under section 82 of the Derivatives Act (Québec). ${ }^{9}$ | To be determined by the designated/rec ognized trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | To be determined by the designated/reco gnized trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | N | Transaction M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 11 | CSA | Jurisdiction of Counterparty 2 | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty 2 is: <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (a) or | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty 2 is: <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (a) | To be determined by the designated/rec ognized trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | To be determined by the designated/reco gnized trade repository in | N | Transaction M Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |

${ }^{9}$ A list of qualified persons is available here: https://lautorite.qc.ca/en/professionals/securities-and-derivatives/regulation-of-derivatives-markets-in-quebec

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (c) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, and/or <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in Regulation 91507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and is a qualified person under section 82 of the Derivatives Act (Québec). | or (c) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, and/or <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in Regulation 91507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and is a qualified person under section 82 of the Derivatives Act (Québec). |  | coordination with the CSA. |  |  |

Data Elements Related to Derivatives

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | CDE | Effective date ${ }^{10}$ | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the derivative come into effect, as provided in the confirmation. | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction come into effect, as included in the confirmation. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Transaction- M <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation-NR |
| 13 | CDE | Expiration date ${ }^{11}$ | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the derivative cease to be effective, as provided in the confirmation. | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction stop being effective, as included in the confirmation. Early termination does not affect this data element. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Transaction- C <br> if <br> UPI.[ReturnorP ayoutTrigger] is not 'Contract for Difference (CFD)' else \{blank\}. When populated, the value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Effective date] |

[^5]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 14 | CDE | Execution timestamp | Date and time of execution of a transaction. | Date and time a transaction was originally executed, resulting in the generation of a new UTI. This data element remains unchanged throughout the life of the UTI. ${ }^{12}$ | YYYY-MM- <br> DDThh:mm:ss <br> Z, based on UTC. ${ }^{13}$ If the time element is not required in a particular jurisdiction, time may be dropped given that - in the case of representation $s$ with reduced accuracy ISO 8601 allows the complete representation to be omitted, the omission starting from the extreme right-hand side (in the order from the least to the most significant). | Any valid date/time. | Y | Transaction- M <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 15 | CDE | Reporting timestamp ${ }^{14}$ | Date and time of submission of the report to the trade repository. | Date and time of the submission of the report as reported to the trade repository. | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ss Z, based on UTC. | Any valid date/time. | N | Transaction- M, the value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Execution timestamp] <br> Collateral- M <br> Valuation- M |
| 16 | CDE | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Unique identifier that identifies a derivative or position throughout its lifecycle. | A unique identifier assigned at the transaction or position level which identifies them uniquely throughout their lifecycle and used for all recordkeeping and reporting. | Varchar(52) | ISO 23897 <br> Unique transaction identifier, up to 52 alphanumeric characters. New UTIs should be constructed solely from the upper-case alphabetic characters A-Z or the digits $0-$ 9 , inclusive in both cases. UTI | N | Transaction- M <br> Collateral- C if [Initial margin collateral portfolio code] $=$ <br> 'TRANSACTIO <br> N-LEVEL', else \{blank\} <br> Valuation- M |

[^6]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | is comprised of the LEI of the generating entity and a unique alphanumeric code. |  |  |
| 17 | CDE | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-to-many relations between transactions) | UTI assigned to a derivative before the occurrence of a lifecycle event that resulted in the current derivative. | UTI assigned to the predecessor transaction that has given rise to the reported transaction due to a lifecycle event, in a one-toone relation between transactions (e.g., in the case of a novation, when a transaction is terminated, and a new transaction is generated) or in a one-to-many relation between transactions (e.g., in clearing or if a transaction is split into several different transactions). <br> This data element is not applicable when reporting many-toone and many-tomany relations between transactions (e.g., in the case of a compression). | Varchar(52) | ISO 23897 <br> Unique transaction identifier, up to 52 alphanumeric characters. New UTIs should be constructed solely from the upper-case alphabetic characters A-Z or the digits $0-$ 9 , inclusive in both cases. | N | Transaction- C if [Action type] <br> = 'NEWT' and ([Event type] = <br> "NOVAT" or 'CLRG' or 'EXER' or 'ALOC' or 'CLAL') and [Prior USI (for one-to-one and one-to-many relations between transactions)] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation-NR |
| 18 | ESMA | Subsequent position UTI | UTI of the position in which a derivative is included. | The UTI of the position in which a derivative is included. This field is applicable only for the reports related to the termination of a derivative due to its inclusion in a position. | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters, only the upper-case alphabetic characters A$Z$ and the digits 0-9 are allowed | Upper-case alphabetic characters A-Z and digits 0-9 allowed | N | Transaction C if ([Action type] = 'POSC') or ([Action type] = 'TERM' and [Event type] = 'INCP'), else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 19 | CFTC | Prior USI (for one-to-one and one-to-many relations between transactions) | Unique swap identifier (USI) assigned to a derivative before the occurrence of a lifecycle event that resulted in the current derivative. | Unique swap identifier (USI) assigned to the predecessor transaction that has given rise to the reported transaction due to a lifecycle event, in a one-toone relation between transactions (e.g., in the case of a novation, when a transaction is terminated, and a new transaction is generated) or in a one-to-many relation between transactions (e.g., in clearing or if | Varchar(42) | Refer to: CFTC USI Data Standard Up to 42 alphanumeric characters | N | Transaction- C if [Action type] <br> = 'NEWT' and ([Event type] = 'NOVAT' or 'CLRG' or 'EXER' or 'ALOC' or 'CLAL') and [Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-to-many relations between transactions)] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral- NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | a transaction is split into several different transactions). <br> This data element is not applicable when reporting many-toone and many-tomany relations between transactions (e.g., in the case of a compression). |  |  |  | Valuation- NR |
| 20 | CSA | Inter-affiliate indicator | Indicator of whether the derivative is between two affiliated entities. | Indicate whether the derivative is between two affiliated entities. | Boolean | -TRUE = <br> contract entered into as an inter-affiliate transaction -FALSE = contract not entered into as an inter-affiliate transaction | N | Transaction M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 21 | CFTC | Submitter identifier | Identifier of the entity submitting derivatives data to the trade repository. | Identifier of the entity submitting the data to the swap data repository. ${ }^{15}$ The submitter identifier will be the same as the reporting counterparty or swap execution facility (SEF), ${ }^{16}$ unless they use a third-party service provider to submit the data to SDR in which case, report the identifier of the third-party service provider. | Char(20) | LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N | Transaction- M <br> Collateral -M <br> Valuation -M |
| 22 | CDE | Platform identifier | Identifier of the trading facility on which the transaction was executed. | Identifier of the trading facility (e.g., exchange, multilateral trading facility, swap execution facility) on which the transaction was executed. | Char(4) | ISO 10383 <br> Segment <br> Market <br> Identifier <br> Code. ${ }^{17}$ <br> If no trading <br> facility was <br> involved in the <br> transaction: <br> - XOFF, for <br> transactions in <br> listed <br> instruments <br> - XXXX, for transactions in instruments that are not listed in any venue <br> - BILT, if the reporting counterparty cannot determine whether the | Y | Transaction- C if [Cleared] = 'N' or 'l'; NR if [Cleared] = ' $Y$ ' <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |

[^7]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | instrument is listed or not, as per jurisdictional requirements. |  |  |
| 23 | CSA | Platform anonymous execution indicator | Indicator of whether the transaction was executed anonymously on a trading facility. | Indicator of whether the transaction was executed anonymously on a trading facility. | Boolean | - True = transaction was executed anonymously on a platform - False = transaction was not executed anonymously on a platform or not applicable | N | Transaction M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 24 | ESMA | Master agreement type | Type of master agreement. | Reference to the master agreement type under which the counterparties concluded a derivative. | Char(4) | - 'ISDA' - ISDA <br> - 'CDEA' - FIA- <br> ISDA Cleared <br> Derivatives <br> Execution <br> Agreement <br> - 'EUMA' - <br> European <br> Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'FPCA' - FOA <br> Professional <br> Client <br> Agreement <br> - 'FMAT' - FBF <br> Master <br> Agreement <br> relating to <br> transactions on <br> forward <br> financial <br> instruments <br> - 'DERV' - <br> Deutscher <br> Rahmenvertrag <br> für <br> Finanzterminge <br> schäfte (DRV) <br> - 'CMOP' - <br> Contrato Marco <br> de Operaciones <br> Financieras <br> - 'CHMA' - <br> Swiss Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'IDMA' - <br> Islamic <br> Derivative <br> Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'EFMA' - <br> EFET Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'GMRA' - <br> GMRA <br> - 'GMSL' - <br> GMSLA <br> - 'BIAG' - <br> bilateral <br> agreement | N | Transaction M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - Or 'OTHR' if the master agreement type is not included in the above list |  |  |
| 25 | ESMA | Master agreement version | Year of the master agreement version. | Reference to the year of the master agreement (e.g. 1992, 2002) relevant to the reported derivative, if applicable. | YYYY | ISO 8601 Date in the format YYYY | N | Transaction C if [Master agreement type] is populated with a value different from 'BIAG' or 'OTHR', this field shall be populated. Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Notional Amounts and Quantities

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | CDE | Notional amount ${ }^{18}$ <br> [Notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [Notional amount-Leg 2] | Notional amount for each leg of a derivative: <br> - if the derivative is negotiated in a monetary amount, the amount specified in the derivative. <br> - if the derivative is negotiated in a nonmonetary amount, convert to a monetary amount. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts, the amount specified in the contract. <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts, refer to Appendix 3.1 for converting notional amounts for non-monetary amounts. <br> - For OTC derivative transactions with a notional amount schedule, the initial notional amount, agreed | Num(25,5) | Any value (Negative values are only allowed for commodity derivatives when applies, e.g. to account for the cost of storage. $)^{20}$ | Y | TransactionFX M, if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', the value shall match the value in [Call amount] or [Put amount] <br> Transaction CR/FX/CO/EQ - M <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation-NR |

[^8]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | by the <br> counterparties <br> at the inception of the transaction, is reported in this data element. <br> - For OTC foreign exchange options, in addition to this data element, the amounts are reported using the data elements Call amount and Put amount. <br> - For <br> amendments or lifecycle events ${ }^{19}$, the resulting outstanding notional amount is reported; (steps in notional amount schedules are not considered to be amendments or lifecycle events); <br> - Where the notional amount is not known when a new transaction is reported, the notional amount is updated as it becomes available. |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | CDE | Notional currency <br> [Notional currency-Leg 1] <br> [Notional currency-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the currency of the notional amount. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: currency in which the notional amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | Y | Transaction M, if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', the value shall match the value in [Call currency] or [Put currency] <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^9] element.

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | CDE | Call amount | Monetary amount that a person or company has the right to buy under an option. | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to buy. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction FX C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', at least one is required: ([Call amount] or [Put amount]) <br> Transaction CR/EQ/IR/CO - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation NR |
| 29 | CDE | Call currency | Currency of the call amount of an option. | For foreign exchange options, the currency in which the Call amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | N | Transaction FX C if [Call amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CR/EQ/IR/CO - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 30 | CDE | Put amount | Monetary amount that a person or company has the right to sell under an option. | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to sell. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction FX C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', at least one is required:([Call amount] or [Put amount]) <br> Transaction CR/EQ/IR/CO -NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 31 | CDE | Put currency | Currency of the put amount of an option. | For foreign exchange options, the currency in which the Put amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | N | Transaction FX C if [Put amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CR/EQ/IR/CO - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 32 | CFTC | Notional quantity <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative negotiated in a non-monetary amount, the fixed notional quantity for each schedule period. | For each leg of the swap transaction ${ }^{21}$ where applicable, for swap transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts, the fixed notional quantity for each schedule | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { CO } 0 \\ & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { IR/FX/CR/EQ - } \\ & \text { NR } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |

[^10]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | period (i.e., 50 barrels per month). <br> The frequency is reported in Quantity frequency and the unit of measure is reported in Quantity unit of measure. |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | CFTC | Quantity frequency ${ }^{22}$ <br> [Quantity frequency-Leg 1] <br> [Quantity frequency-Leg 2] | Period for which the quantity is quoted. | For each leg of the swap transaction where applicable, the rate at which the quantity is quoted on the transaction. e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly. | Char(4) | - HOUL = Hourly <br> - DAIL = Daily <br> - WEEK = <br> Weekly <br> - MNTH = <br> Monthly <br> - ONDE = <br> OnDemand <br> - YEAR = <br> Yearly <br> - EXPI = End of term - ADHO = Ad <br> hoc which applies when payments are irregular | N | Transaction CO C if [Notional quantity] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR/EQ NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 34 | CFTC | Quantity frequency multiplier <br> [Quantity frequency multiplier-Leg 1] <br> [Quantity frequency multiplier-Leg 2] | Number of periods of the quantity frequency. | For each leg of the swap transaction where applicable, the number of time units for the Quantity frequency. | Num( 3,0 ) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction CO C if [Quantity frequency] $\neq$ 'ONDE' or 'ADHO', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR/EQ NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 35 | CDE | Quantity unit of measure <br> [Quantity unit of measure-Leg 1] <br> [Quantity unit of measure-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the unit of measure of the total notional quantity and notional quantity. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: unit of measure in which the Total notional quantity and Notional quantity are expressed. | Char(4) | ISO 20022: <br> UnitOfMeasure <br> Code codeset or other TR approved UOM codeset | N | Transaction EQ/CO M <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^11]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | CDE | Total notional quantity <br> [Total notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Total notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the aggregate notional quantity of the underlying interest for the term of the derivative. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: aggregate Notional quantity of the underlying asset for the term of the transaction. Where the Total notional quantity is not known when a new transaction is reported, the Total notional quantity is updated as it becomes available. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. ${ }^{23}$ | N | Transaction EQ/CO M <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 37 | CDE | Notional <br> quantity schedule Unadjusted date on which the associated notional quantity becomes effective <br> [Effective date of the notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Effective date of the notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each notional quantity set out in a schedule, the date (unadjusted for business day convention) on which the notional quantity becomes effective. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in nonmonetary amounts with a Notional quantity schedule. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are conditionor eventdependent. The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure. | YYYY-MM-DD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Notional quantity schedule notional quantity in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^12]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | CDE | Notional <br> quantity schedule - <br> Unadjusted end date of the notional quantity <br> [End date of the notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [End date of the notional quantity -Leg 2] | For each notional quantity set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the notional quantity. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in nonmonetary amounts with a Notional quantity schedule. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are conditionor eventdependent. The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure. | YYYY-MM-DD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction CO C if <br> [Notional quantity schedule notional quantity in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 39 | CDE | Notional quantity schedule Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date <br> [Notional quantity in effect on associated effective dateLeg 1] <br> [Notional quantity in effect on associated effective dateLeg 2] | Each notional quantity, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 37 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 38. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts with a Notional quantity schedule <br> - Notional quantity which becomes effective on the associated unadjusted effective date. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { CO O } \\ & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { CR/IR/FX/EQ - } \\ & \text { NR } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are conditionor eventdependent. The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure. |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | CDE | Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date <br> [Notional amount in effect on associated effective dateLeg 1] <br> [Notional amount in effect on associated effective dateLeg 2] | Each notional amount, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 41 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 42. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Notional amount which becomes effective on the associated unadjusted effective date. <br> The initial notional amount and associated unadjusted effective and end date are reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are conditionor eventdependent. The currency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency. | Num(25,5) | Any value based on ISO 20022 : <br> Derivative/Noti onalCurrencyA ndAmount | N | Transaction IR C if UPI.[Notional schedule] $\neq$ 'Constant', else \{blank\} <br> The number of notional amount values must equal the number of start and end date intervals. <br> Transaction CR/FX/CO/EQ - 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41 | CDE | Notional amount schedule unadjusted effective date of the notional amount <br> [Effective date of the notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [Effective date of the notional amount-Leg 2] | For each notional amount set out in a schedule, the date (unadjusted for business day convention) on which the notional amount becomes effective. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Unadjusted date on which the associated notional amount becomes effective <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are conditionor eventdependent. The currency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency. | YYYY-MM-DD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of date values must equal the number of notional amount values. <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 42 | CDE | Notional amount schedule unadjusted end date of the notional amount <br> [End date of the notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [End date of the notional amount-Leg 2] | For each notional amount set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the notional amount. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the notional amount (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-to-back with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative | YYYY-MM-DD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of date values must equal the number of notional amount values. <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element <br> Name | Data Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix A <br> tothe TRRules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to <br> the Public |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | transactions <br> with notional <br> amounts that <br> are condition- <br> or event <br> dependent. The <br> currency of the <br> varying notional <br> amounts in the <br> schedule is <br> reported <br> Notional <br> currency. |  | Validations |  |  |

Data Elements Related to Prices

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | CDE | Exchange rate ${ }^{24}$ | Exchange rate between 2 different currencies specified in the derivative. | Exchange rate between the two different currencies specified in the OTC derivative transaction agreed by the counterparties at the inception of the transaction, expressed as the rate of exchange from converting the unit currency into the quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 = EUR 0.9426. Forward exchange rate should be reported. | Num(18,13) | Any value greater than zero. | N | Transaction FX - M <br> Transaction IR/CR/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 44 | CDE | Exchange rate basis <br> [Exchange rate basis-Leg 1] <br> [Exchange rate basis-Leg 2] | Currency pair and order in which the exchange rate is denominated. | Currency pair and order in which the exchange rate is denominated, expressed as unit currency/quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency, USD 1 = EUR 0.9426. | Char(3)/Char( 3); [Unit <br> currency/Quot ed currency], without restricting the currency pair ordering (i.e., the exchange rate basis may be USD/EUR or EUR/USD. | Any pair of currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction FX - M <br> Transaction IR/CR/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

${ }^{24}$ For FX, forward exchange rate would be reported in this data element.

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 45 | CDE | Fixed rate <br> [Fixed rate-Leg 1] <br> [Fixed rate-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative with periodic payments, the annual rate of the fixed leg. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments, per annum rate of the fixed leg(s). | Num(11,10) | Positive and negative values expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ) | Y | Transaction CR C if [Spread] is not populated and [Other payment type] $\neq$ 'UFRO', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - <br> IR C if [Spread] is not populated [and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if [Price] or [Spread] is not populated and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction FXIEQ - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 46 | CDE | Price ${ }^{25}$ | Price specified in the derivative. | Price specified in the OTC derivative transaction. It does not include fees, taxes or commissions. <br> For commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products ${ }^{26}$ with periodic payments, this data element refers to the fixed price of the fixed leg(s). <br> For commodity and equity forwards and similar products, this data element refers to the forward price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For equity swaps, portfolios swaps, and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlying or reference asset. | - $\operatorname{Num}(18,13)$, if Price notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, if Price notation $=3$ | - Any value, if Price notation $=$ 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Price notation $=$ 3 | Y | Transaction EQ C if [Spread] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if ([Fixed rate] or [Spread] is not populated), and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^13]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | For contracts for difference and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlier. <br> This data element is not applicable to: <br> - Interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate and Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Interest rate options and interest rate swaptions as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity basis swaps as it is understood that the information included in the data element Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Foreign exchange swaps, forwards and options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Exchange rate, Strike price, and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Equity options as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Credit default swaps and credit total return swaps, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate, Spread and Upfront payment (Other |  |  |  |  |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | payment type: <br> Upfront payment) may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> Where the price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the price is updated as it becomes available. <br> For transactions that are part of a package, this data element contains the price of the component transaction where applicable. |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | CDE | Price currency | Currency in which the price is denominated. | Currency in which the price is denominated. <br> Price currency is only applicable if Price notation $=1$. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y | Transaction EQ/CO C if <br> [Price notation] <br> = '1', else <br> \{blank\} <br> Transaction - <br> IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 48 | CDE | Price notation | Manner in which the price is expressed. | Manner in which the price is expressed. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount -3 = Decimal | Y | Transaction EQ/CO C if [Price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 49 | CDE | Price unit of measure | Unit of measure in which the price is expressed. | Unit of measure in which the price is expressed. | Char(4) | ISO 20022: <br> UnitOfMeasure Code codeset or other TR approved UOM codeset | N | Transaction EQ/CO C if [Price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | CDE | Price schedule unadjusted effective date of the price | For each price set out in a schedule, the date (unadjusted for business day convention) on which the price becomes effective. | For OTC derivative transactions with prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted effective date of the price. <br> Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. The currency, notation, and unit of measure for the varying prices in the schedule are reported in Price currency, Price notation, and Price unit of measure data elements. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction EQ/CO C if <br> [Price schedule - price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CR/IR/FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 51 | CDE | Price schedule unadjusted end date of the price | For each price set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the price. | For OTC derivative transactions with prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-toback with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. The currency, notation, and unit of measure for the varying prices in the schedule are reported in Price currency, Price notation, and Price unit of measure data elements. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction EQ/CO C if <br> [Price schedule - price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CR/IR/FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 52 | CDE | Price schedule price | Each price, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 50 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 51. | For OTC derivative transactions with prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and unadjusted end date inclusive. <br> Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. The currency, notation, and unit of measure | - $\operatorname{Num}(18,13)$, if Price notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, if Price notation $=3$ | - Any value greater than zero, if Price notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (eg 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Price notation $=$ 3 | N | Transaction EQ C if [Price] or [Spread] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if ([Price], [Fixed rate], or [Spread] is not populated) and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | for the varying prices in the schedule are reported in Price currency, Price notation, and Price unit of measure data elements. |  |  |  | \{blank\} <br> Transaction CR/IR/FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 53 | CDE | Spread ${ }^{27}$ <br> [Spread-Leg 1] <br> [Spread-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the specified spread on the reference price. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments (e.g., interest rate fixed/float swaps, interest rate basis swaps, commodity swaps), <br> - spread on the individual floating leg(s) index reference price, in the case where there is a spread on a floating leg(s). For example, USD-LIBOR-BBA plus .03 or WTI minus USD 14.65; or <br> - difference between the reference prices of the two floating leg indexes. For example, the 9.00 USD "Spread" for a WCS vs. WTI basis swap where WCS is priced at 43 USD and WTI is priced at 52 USD. | - Num(18,13), <br> if Spread notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, <br> if Spread notation $=3$ <br> - Num(5), if <br> Spread notation $=4$ | - Any value, if <br> Spread notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Spread notation = 3 <br> - Any integer value expressed in basis points (e.g., 257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Spread notation $=4$ | Y | Transaction CR C if [Fixed rate] is not populated and [Other payment type] $\neq$ ' Upfront payment UFRO', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR C if [Fixed rate] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction EQ C if [Price] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ <br> 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if [Price] or [Fixed rate] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 54 | CDE | Spread currency <br> [Spread currency-Leg 1] <br> [Spread currency-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the currency in which a spread is denominated. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: the currency in which the spread is denominated. <br> This data element is only applicable if Spread notation $=1$. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO C if [Spread notation] = ' 1 ', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^14]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 | CDE | Spread notation <br> [Spread-Leg 1] <br> [Spread-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the manner in which a spread is expressed. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: the manner in which the spread is expressed. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount <br> - 3 = Decimal <br> - 4 = Basis <br> points | Y | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO C if [Spread] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 56 | CDE | Strike price | For a derivative that is an option, the price at which the owner of the option can buy or sell the underlying interest of the option. | - For options other than FX ${ }^{28}$ options, swaptions and similar products, the price at which the owner of an option can buy or sell the underlying asset of the option. <br> - For FX options, the exchange rate at which the option can be exercised, expressed as the rate of exchange from converting the unit currency into the quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 = EUR 0.9426. <br> Where the strike price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the strike price is updated as it becomes available. <br> - For volatility and variance swaps and similar products, the volatility / variance strike price. | - $\operatorname{Num}(18,13)$, if Strike price notation = 1 <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, if Strike price notation $=3$ | - Any value <br> (e.g., USD <br> 6.39) <br> expressed as <br> 6.39, for equity <br> options, <br> commodity <br> options, foreign <br> exchange <br> options and <br> similar <br> products, if <br> Strike price <br> notation = 1 <br> - Any value <br> expressed as <br> decimal (e.g., <br> 0.021 instead of <br> 2.1\%), for <br> interest rate <br> options, interest <br> rate and credit <br> swaptions <br> quoted in <br> spread, and <br> similar <br> products, if <br> Strike price <br> notation $=3$ | Y | Transaction C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 57 | CDE | Strike price currency/curren cy pair | Currency, or the currency pair and order, in which the strike price is denominated. | For equity options, commodity options, and similar products, the currency in which the strike price is denominated. For foreign exchange options: the currency pair and order in which the strike price is expressed. The strike price is expressed as unit currency/quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency, USD 1 = EUR 0.9426 | - Char(3) <br> - For foreign exchange options: Char(3)/Char( 3); [Unit currency/Quot ed currency] without restricting the currency pair ordering (i.e., the Strike price currency pair may be USD/EUR or EUR/USD). | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction C if [Strike price notation] = ' 1 ', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^15]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Strike price currency/currency pair is only applicable if Strike price notation $=1$. |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | CDE | Strike price notation | Manner in which the strike price is expressed. | Manner in which the strike price is expressed. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount -3 = Decimal | Y | Transaction - C if [Strike price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 59 | CDE | Unadjusted effective date of the price | Effective date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the price. | Unadjusted effective date of the price | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Price schedule - Price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and end date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 60 | CDE | Unadjusted end date of the price | End date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the price. | Unadjusted end date of the price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-toback with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Price schedule - Price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and end date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 61 | CDE | Price in effect between the unadjusted effective and end dates | Price in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 59 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 60. | Price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and unadjusted end date inclusive. Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. | - Num(18,13), if Price notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, if Price notation $=3$ | - Any value greater than zero, if Price notation $=1$ <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g. 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Price notation $=$ 3 | N | Transaction 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 62 | CDE | Effective date of the strike price | Effective date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the strike price. | Unadjusted effective date of the strike price. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Strike price schedule - strike price in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 63 | CDE | End date of the strike price | End date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the strike price. | Unadjusted end date of the strike price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-toback with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Strike price schedule - strike price in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 64 | CDE | Strike price in effect on associated effective date | Strike price in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 62 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 63. | Strike price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and unadjusted end date inclusive. Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. | - Num(18,13), <br> if Strike price notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, <br> if Strike price <br> notation $=2$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$ <br> if Strike price <br> notation $=3$ | Any value greater than zero: <br> - Any value (e.g. USD 6.39) expressed as 6.39, for equity options, commodity options, foreign exchange options and similar products if Strike price notation $=1$. <br> - Any value expressed as percentage (e.g. 2.1 instead of 2.1\%), for interest rate options, interest rate and credit swaptions quoted in spread, and similar products, if Strike price notation $=2$. <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g. 0.021 instead of 2.1\%), for interest rate options, interest rate and credit swaptions quoted in spread, and similar products, if Strike price notation $=3$. | N | Transaction 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 65 | CDE | Strike price schedule Unadjusted effective date of the strike price | For each strike price set out in a schedule, the date (unadjusted for business day convention) on which the strike price becomes effective. | For options, swaptions and similar products with strike prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted effective date of the strike price. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Strike price schedule strike price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. The currency for the varying strike prices in the schedule is reported in Strike price currency data element. |  |  |  |  |
| 66 | CDE | Strike price schedule Unadjusted end date of the strike price | For each strike price set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the strike price. | For options, swaptions and similar products with strike prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the strike price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-to-back with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. The currency for the varying strike prices in the schedule is reported in Strike price currency data element. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Strike price schedule strike price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 67 | CDE | Strike price schedule strike price | Each strike price, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 65 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 66. | For options, swaptions and similar products with strike prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Strike price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and unadjusted end date inclusive. <br> Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. The currency for the varying strike prices in the schedule is reported in Strike price currency data element. | - Num(18,13), if Strike price notation = 1 <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, if Strike price notation $=3$ | - Any value (e.g. USD 6.39) expressed as 6.39, for equity options, commodity options, foreign exchange options and similar products, if Strike price notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g. 0.021 instead of 2.1\%), for interest rate options, interest rate and credit swaptions quoted in spread, and similar products, if Strike price notation $=3$ | N | Transaction C if [Strike price] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68 | CFTC | Nonstandardized term indicator | Indicator of whether a derivative has one or more additional provisions that materially affect the price of the derivative and that have not been disclosed to the public. | Indicator of whether the swap transaction has one or more additional term(s) or provision(s), other than those disseminated to the public pursuant to part 43, ${ }^{29}$ that materially affect(s) the price of the transaction. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | Y | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction - C } \\ & \text { if [Cleared] = } \\ & \text { ' } N \text { '; } \\ & \text { NR if [Cleared] } \\ & =\text { ' } Y \text { ' or ' } 1 \text { ' } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |
| 69 | CDE | Day count convention <br> [Fixed rate day count convention-leg 1] <br> [Fixed rate day count convention-leg 2] <br> [Floating rate day count convention-leg 1] <br> [Floating rateday count convention-leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the day count convention used to determine how interest payments are calculated. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: day count convention (often also referred to as day count fraction or day count basis or day count method) that determines how interest payments are calculated. It is used to compute the year fraction of the calculation period, and indicates the number of days in the calculation period divided by the number of days in the year. See Appendix 3.2 for definitions of values. | Char(4) |  | Y | Transaction CR/IR/FX 0 <br> Transaction CO/EQ <br> C if [Payment frequency period] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

${ }^{29}$ The reporting counterparty may report this data element in a manner that reflects public dissemination under the requirements of any regulator (for example, under CFTC Part 43 or the TR Rules).

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - A020 = 1/1 <br> - NARR = <br> Narrative |  |  |
| 70 | CFTC | Floating rate reset frequency period <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period-leg 1] <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period-leg 2] | For each floating leg of a derivative, the period of the frequency of resets. | For each floating leg of the swap transaction where applicable, time unit associated with the frequency of resets, e.g., day, week, month, year or term of the stream. | Char(4) | - DAIL = Daily <br> - WEEK = <br> Weekly <br> - MNTH = <br> Monthly <br> - YEAR = <br> Yearly <br> - $\mathrm{ADHO}=\mathrm{Ad}$ <br> hoc which applies when payments are irregular <br> - EXPI = <br> Payment at term | Y | Transaction IR C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Swap' and UPI.Underlier type $=$ 'Fixed Fixed', else \{blank\} When populated with 'EXPI', <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier] must be ' 1 ' <br> Transaction CR/FX/EQ/CO - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 71 | CFTC | Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier-leg 1] <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier-leg 2] | For each floating leg of a derivative, the number by which the floating rate reset frequency period is multiplied to determine the frequency of periodic payment dates in respect of a reset. | For each floating leg of the swap transaction, where applicable, number of time units (as expressed by the Floating rate reset frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates for reset occur. For example, a transaction with reset payments occurring every two months is represented with a Floating rate reset frequency period of "MNTH" (monthly) and a Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier of 2. <br> This data element is not applicable if the Floating rate reset frequency period is "ADHO". If Floating rate reset frequency period is "EXPI", then the Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier is 1. If the reset frequency period is intraday, | Num(3,0) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | Transaction C if [Floating rate reset frequency period] $=$ 'ADHO', else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element <br> Name | Data Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix A to the <br> TR Rulles) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | ValuesMade <br> Available <br> to the <br> Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | then the Floating rate <br> reset frequency <br> period is "DALL and <br> the Floating rate <br> reset frequency <br> period multiplier is 0. |  |  |  |  |

Data Elements Related to Clearing

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 72 | CDE | Cleared | Indicator of whether a derivative has been cleared, or is intended to be cleared, by a clearing agency. | Indicator of whether the transaction has been cleared, or is intended to be cleared, by a central counterparty. ${ }^{30}$ | Char(1) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Yes}, \\ & \text { centrally } \\ & \text { cleared, for } \\ & \text { beta and } \\ & \text { gamma } \\ & \text { transactions. } \\ & \text { - } \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{No} \text {, not } \\ & \text { centrally } \\ & \text { cleared. } \\ & \text { - I = Intent to } \\ & \text { clear, for alpha } \\ & \text { transactions } \\ & \text { that are } \\ & \text { planned to be } \\ & \text { submitted to } \\ & \text { clearing. } \end{aligned}$ | Y | Transaction- M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 73 | CDE | Central counterparty identifier | Identifier of the clearing agency that cleared the derivative. | Identifier of the central counterparty (CCP) that cleared the transaction. This data element is not applicable if the value of the data element "Cleared" is " N " ("No, not centrally cleared") or "l" ("Intent to clear"). | Char(20) | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N | ```Transaction - C if [Cleared] = ' Y ', When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)]; NR if [Cleared] \(=\) ' N '; O if [Cleared] = '1' Collateral - NR Valuation - NR``` |
| 74 | CFTC | Clearing account origin | Indicator of whether the clearing member acts as principal or agent. | Indicator of whether the clearing member acted as principal for a house trade or an agent for a customer trade. | Char(4) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - HOUS = } \\ & \text { House } \\ & \text { •CLIE = Client } \end{aligned}$ | N | Transaction C if [Cleared] = ' $Y$ '; <br> NR if [Cleared] <br> $=$ 'N' or 'l' <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^16]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75 | CDE | Clearing member identifier | Identifier of the clearing member through which a derivative is cleared by a clearing agency. | Identifier of the clearing member through which a derivative transaction was cleared at a central counterparty. <br> This data element is applicable to cleared transactions under both the agency clearing model and the principal clearing model. ${ }^{31}$ <br> - In the case of the principal clearing model, the clearing member is identified as clearing member and also as a counterparty in both transactions resulting from clearing: (i) in the transaction between the central counterparty and the clearing member; and (ii) in the transaction between the clearing member and the counterparty to the original alpha transaction. <br> - In the case of the agency clearing model, the clearing member is identified as clearing member but not as the counterparty to transactions resulting from clearing. Under this model, the counterparties are the central counterparty and the client. <br> This data element is not applicable if the value of the data element "Cleared" is "N" ("No, not centrally cleared") or "l" ("Intent to clear"). | Char(20), for an LEI code | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N | Transaction C if [Cleared] = ' Y '; <br> NR if [Cleared] $=$ ' N ' or ' I ' <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 76 | CFTC | Clearing receipt timestamp | Date and time, expressed using Coordinated Universal Time, that the original derivative was recorded as being received by the clearing agency for clearing. | The date and time, expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), the original swap was received by the derivatives clearing organization (DCO) for clearing | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ss Z, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if ([Cleared] = ' $Y$ ' or ([Cleared] = 'I' and [Action type] = (TERM')) and [Event type] = 'CLRG', else \{blank\}; NR if [Cleared] $=$ ' N ' |

${ }^{31}$ Reporting counterparties should report "clearing swaps" according to the agency clearing model.

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | and recorded by the DCO's system. ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |  | Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 77 | CFTC | Clearing exceptions and exemptions Counterparty 1 | Type of exemption from or exception to a mandatory clearing requirement applicable to Counterparty 1. | The type of clearing exception or exemption that Counterparty 1 has elected or otherwise falls under. ${ }^{33}$ <br> All applicable exceptions and exemptions must be selected. <br> The values may be repeated as applicable. | Char(4) | - AFFL = Interaffiliate exemption, <br> - OTHR = Other exceptions or exemptions <br> Additional values only relevant to CFTC: <br> - ENDU = Enduser exception, <br> - SMBK = Small bank exemption, - COOP = <br> Cooperative exemption, <br> - NOAL = Noaction Letter | N | Transaction O if [Cleared] = ' N '; <br> NR if [Cleared] <br> = ' $\gamma$ ' or 'l' <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 78 | CFTC | Clearing exceptions and exemptions Counterparty 2 | Type of exemption from or exception to a mandatory clearing requirement applicable to Counterparty 2. | Identifies the type of the clearing exception or exemption that Counterparty 2 has elected or otherwise falls under. <br> All applicable exceptions and exemptions must be selected. <br> The values may be repeated as applicable. | Char(4) | - AFFL = Interaffiliate exemption, <br> - OTHR = Other exceptions or exemptions <br> Additional values only relevant to CFTC: <br> - ENDU = Enduser exception, - SMBK = Small bank exemption, - COOP = Cooperative exemption, - NOAL = Noaction Letter | N | Transaction O if [Cleared] = ' N '; <br> NR if [Cleared] <br> $=' \gamma$ ' or 'l' <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^17]Data Elements Related to Collateral and Margin

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 79 | CDE | Collateralisation category | Indicator of whether there is an agreement in respect of collateral between the counterparties and the nature of the collateralisation. | Indicator of whether a collateral agreement (or collateral agreements) between the counterparties exists (uncollateralised/parti ally collateralised/oneway collateralised/fully collateralised). This data element is provided for each transaction or each portfolio, depending on whether the collateralisation is performed at the transaction or portfolio level, and is applicable to both cleared and uncleared transactions. | Char(4) | -UNCL <br> -PRC1 <br> -PRC2 <br> -PRCL <br> -OWC1 <br> -OWC2 <br> -OWP1 <br> -OWP2 <br> -FLCL | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation - NR |
| 80 | CFTC | Portfolio containing nonreportable component indicator | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, indicator of whether the portfolio includes derivatives exempted or excepted from reporting. | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, indicator of whether the collateral portfolio includes swap transactions exempt from reporting. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation - NR |
| 81 | CDE | Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - <br> C if <br> ([Collateralisati on category] = 'OWC1' or 'OWP1' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{34}$ Valuation - NR |

[^18]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the central counterparty, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 82 | CDE | Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if ([Collateralisati on category= 'OWC1' or 'OWP1' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{35}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^19]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the central counterparty, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 83 | CDE | Currency of initial margin posted ${ }^{36}$ | Currency in which the initial margin posted is denominated. | Currency in which the initial margin posted is denominated. If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of posted initial margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if [Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut)] or [Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |
| 84 | CDE | Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> ([Collateralisati on category] = 'OWC2' or ' OWP2' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{37}$ Valuation - NR |

[^20]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the central counterparty as part of its investment activity. If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 85 | CDE | Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if ([Collateralisati on category] = OWC2 or ' OWP2' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{38}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^21]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the central counterparty as part of its investment activity. If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 86 | CDE | Currency of initial margin collected ${ }^{39}$ | Currency in which the initial margin collected is denominated. | Currency in which the initial margin collected is denominated. If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of collected initial margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction - <br> NR <br> Collateral <br> C if [Initial <br> margin <br> collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut)] or [lnitial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |
| 87 | CDE | Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) ${ }^{40}$ | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if ([Collateralisati on category] = 'PRC1' or ' PRCL' or 'OWC1' or <br> OWP1' or OWP2' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{41}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^22]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of variation margins posted for the portfolio/transaction If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 88 | CDE | Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of posted variation | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if ([Collateralisati on category] = 'PRC1' or ' PRCL' or 'OWC1' or <br> OWP1' or OWP2' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{42}$ Valuation - NR |

[^23] doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | margins for the portfolio /transaction. <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 89 | CDE | Currency of variation margin posted | Currency in which the variation margin posted is denominated. | Currency in which the variation margin posted is denominated. If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of posted variation margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if [Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |
| 90 | CDE | Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) ${ }^{43}$ | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if ([Collateralisati on category] = PRC2' or PRCL' or 'OWC2 or OWP1' or OWP2' or'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{44}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^24]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio/ transaction. If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 91 | CDE | Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin collected after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio /transaction. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> ([Collateralisati on category] = PRC2' or PRCL' or 'OWC2 or OWP1' or OWP2' or'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{45}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^25]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |
| 92 | CDE | Currency of variation margin collected | Currency in which the variation margin collected is denominated. | Currency in which the variation margin collected is denominated. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of collected variation margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if [Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre- haircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |
| 93 | CFTC | Variation <br> margin collateral portfolio code | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty that identifies the variation margin related to the open transactions that are included in the portfolio. | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty to the portfolio that tracks the aggregate variation margin related to a set of open transactions. This data element is not applicable if the collateralisation was performed on a transaction level basis, or if there is no collateral agreement, or if no collateral is posted or received. The portfolio code is required for both collateral reporting and valuation reporting in order to link the 2 data sets. | Varchar(52) | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters ${ }^{46}$ | N | Transaction 0 <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation - M |
| 94 | CFTC | Initial margin collateral portfolio code | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty that identifies the initial margin related to the open transactions that | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty to the portfolio that tracks the aggregate initial | Varchar(52) | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters ${ }^{47}$ | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { O } \\ & \text { Collateral - M } \\ & \text { Valuation - M } \end{aligned}$ |

[^26]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element <br> Name | Data Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix $A$ to the <br> TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> Public |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | are included in the <br> portfolio. | margin of a set of <br> open transactions. <br> This data element is <br> not applicable if the <br> collateralisation was <br> performed on a <br> transaction level <br> basis, or if there is no <br> collateral agreement, <br> or if no collateral is <br> posted or received. <br> The portfolio code is <br> required for both <br> collateral reporting <br> and valuation <br> reporting in order to <br> link the 2 data sets. |  |  |  |

## Data Elements Related to Actions and Events

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 95 | CDE | Event timestamp | Date and time of occurrence of an event relating to a derivative. | Date and time of occurrence of the event. <br> In the case of a modification agreed for a future date, this data element should reflect the date, the modification occurs (becomes effective) and not when it was negotiated. <br> In the case of a correction, this data element should reflect the date and time as of when the correction is applicable. <br> In the case of a clearing event, this data element should reflect the recorded date and time when the alpha transaction is accepted by the central counterparty (CCP) for clearing. In the case of collateral update, the date and time for which the information contained in the report is provided. | YYYY-MM- <br> DDThh:mm:ss <br> Z, based on UTC. 48 | Any valid date/time based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Transaction M, <br> The value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Execution timestamp] <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation - NR |

[^27]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 96 | CDE | Level | Indicator of whether the report is in respect of a derivative or a position. | Indication whether the report is done at trade or position level. Position level report can be used as a supplement to trade level reporting to report post trade events and if individual trades have been replaced by the position. | Char(4) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - TCTN = Trade } \\ & \text { - PSTN = } \\ & \text { Position } \end{aligned}$ | N | Transaction M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 97 | CDE | Event identifier | Unique identifier that links derivatives relating to an event. | Unique identifier to link transactions entering into and resulting from an event, which may be, but is not limited to, compression or other post trade risk reduction exercises, credit event, etc. The unique identifier may be assigned by the reporting counterparty or a service provider or CCP providing the service ${ }^{49}$. | Varchar(52) | ISO 17442 LEI code of the entity assigning the event identifier followed by a unique identifier up to 32 characters. | N | Transaction C if [Event type] = 'COMP' or 'CREV', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 98 | CDE | Action type ${ }^{50}$ | Indicator of the type of action or reporting relating to the derivative or position. | Type of action taken on the transaction or type of end-of-day reporting. See Appendix 3.8 for a description of the allowable values. | Char(4) | - NEWT = New <br> - MODI = <br> Modify <br> - CORR = <br> Correct <br> - EROR = Error <br> - REVI = <br> Revive <br> - TERM = <br> Terminate <br> - PRTO = <br> Transfer out <br> - VALU = <br> Valuation <br> - MARU = <br> Collateral/ <br> Margin Update <br> - POSC = <br> Position <br> Component | Y | Transaction M, for valid Action type and Event type, see Appendix 3.5 <br> Collateral - M , must equal 'MARU' <br> Valuation - M, must equal 'VALU' |
| 99 | CDE | Event type | Indicator of the type of lifecycle event or reason for the action referred to in Data Element Number 98. | Explanation or reason for the action being taken on the transaction. See Appendix 3.7 for a description of the allowable values. | Char(4) | - TRAD = Trade <br> - NOVA = <br> Novation/Stepin <br> - COMP = Post <br> trade risk <br> reduction <br> exercise <br> - ETRM = Early termination <br> - CLRG = <br> Clearing <br> - EXER = <br> Exercise | Y | Transaction C, for valid Action type and Event type, see Appendix 3.5 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^28]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - ALOC = Allocation <br> - CLAL = <br>  <br> Allocation <br> - CREV = <br> Credit Event <br> - PTNG = <br> Transfer <br> - INCP = Inclusion in position - CORP = <br> Corporate event <br> - UPDT = Update |  |  |
| 100 | CFTC | Amendment indicator | Indicator of whether an amendment to the derivative relates to an event. | Indicator of whether the modification of the transaction reflects newly agreed upon term(s) from the previously negotiated terms. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | Y | Transaction C if [Action type] = 'MODI', else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Valuation

|  | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | CDE | Valuation amount51 | Value of the derivative. | Current value of the outstanding contract without applying any valuation adjustments (some examples include XVA adjustment such as CVA, DVA, etc). Valuation amount is expressed as the exit cost of the contract or components of the contract, i.e., the price that would be received to sell the contract (in the market in an orderly transaction at the valuation date). | Num(25,5) | Any numerical value. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M |
| 102 | CDE | Valuation currency | Currency in which the valuation amount is denominated. | Currency in which the valuation amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M |

[^29]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 103 | CDE | Valuation method | Source and method used to value the derivative. | Source and method used for the valuation of the transaction by the reporting counterparty. If at least one valuation input is used that is classified as mark-to-model in Appendix 3.3, then the whole valuation is classified as mark-tomodel. <br> If only inputs are used that are classified as mark-tomarket in Appendix 3.3, then the whole valuation is classified as mark-to-market. | Char(1) | - MTMA = <br> Mark-to-market <br> - MTMO = <br> Mark-to-model <br> - CCPV = <br> Clearing <br> agency's <br> valuation <br> (Classification of valuation inputs are provided in Appendix 3.3) | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M , when populated with 'CCPV', [Cleared] must be ' $Y$ |
| 104 | CDE | Valuation timestamp | Date and time that the value of the derivative referred to in Data Element Number 101 was determined. | Date and time of the last valuation marked to market, provided by the central counterparty (CCP) ${ }^{52}$ or calculated using the current or last available market price of the inputs. If for example a currency exchange rate is the basis for a transaction's valuation, then the valuation timestamp reflects the moment in time that exchange rate was current. | YYYY-MM- <br> DDThh:mm:ss <br> Z, based on <br> UTC[ ${ }^{53}$. If the <br> time element <br> is not required <br> in a particular <br> jurisdiction, <br> time may be <br> dropped given <br> that - in the <br> case of <br> representation <br> $s$ with reduced <br> accuracy - <br> ISO 8601 <br> allows the <br> complete <br> representation <br> to be omitted, <br> the omission <br> starting from <br> the extreme <br> right-hand <br> side (in the <br> order from the <br> least to the <br> most <br> significant). | Any valid date/time based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M |
| 105 | CFTC | Next floating reference reset date <br> [Next floating reference reset date - Leg 1] <br> [Next floating reference reset date - Leg 2] | Next date on which the floating reference will reset. | The nearest date in the future that the floating reference resets on. | YYYY-MM-DD | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - 0 |

[^30]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 106 | CFTC | Last floating reference value <br> [Last floating reference valueLeg 1] <br> [Last floating reference valueLeg 2] | Value of the floating reference on the date referred to in Data Element Number 107. | The most recent sampling of the value of the floating reference for the purposes of determining cash flow. Ties to Last floating reference reset date data element. | Num(11,10) | Positive and negative values expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ) | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation-0 |
| 107 | CFTC | Last floating reference reset date <br> [Last floating reference reset date-Leg 1] <br> [Last floating reference reset date-Leg 2] | Most recent date of the floating reference reset. | The date of the most recent sampling of the floating reference for the purposes of determining cash flow. Ties to Last floating reference value data element. | YYYY-MM-DD | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation-0 |
| 108 | CDE | Delta ${ }^{54}$ | Ratio of the change in the price of the derivative to the change in the price of the underlying interest of the derivative. | The ratio of the change in the price of an OTC derivative transaction to the change in the price of the underlier. | Num(25,5) | Any value | N | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} |

Data Elements Related to Packages

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 109 | CFTC | Package indicator | Indicator of whether the derivative is a component of a package if <br> (a) 2 or more derivatives that are reported separately by the reporting counterparty are entered into under a single agreement, or <br> (b) 2 or more reports relate to the same derivative and the derivative cannot be reported using a single report as a result of the reporting requirements of one or more jurisdictions of Canada or one or more foreign jurisdictions. | Indicator of whether the swap transaction is part of a package transaction. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | Y | Transaction - M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

${ }^{54}$ Delta must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.

| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 | CDE | Package identifier 55 | Identifier of the package referred to in Data Element Number 109. | Identifier (determined by the reporting counterparty) in order to connect <br> - two or more transactions that are reported separately by the reporting counterparty, but that are negotiated together as the product of a single economic agreement. <br> - two or more reports pertaining to the same transaction whenever jurisdictional reporting requirement does not allow the transaction to be reported with a single report to trade repositories. <br> A package ${ }^{56}$ may include reportable and non-reportable transactions. <br> This data element is not applicable <br> - if no package is involved, or <br> - to allocations <br> Where the package identifier is not known when a new transaction is reported, the package identifier is updated as it becomes available. | Varchar(100) | Up to 100 alphanumeric characters. ${ }^{57}$ | N | Transaction - C if [Package indicator] = <br> 'True', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 111 | CDE | Package transaction price | Price of the package referred to in Data Element Number 109. | Traded price of the entire package in which the reported derivative transaction is a component. This data element is not applicable if - no package is involved, or <br> - package transaction spread is used Prices and related data elements of the | - Num(18,13), if Package transaction price notation = 1 <br> - Num(11,10), if Package transaction price notation $=3$ | - Any value, if Package transaction price notation $=$ 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Package transaction | N | Transaction C if [Package indicator] = 'True' and [Package transaction spread] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^31]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions (Price currency, Price notation, Price unit of measure) that represent individual components of the package are reported when available. <br> The Package transaction price may not be known when a new transaction is reported but may be updated later |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { price notation = } \\ & 358 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 112 | CDE | Package transaction price currency | Currency in which the package transaction price is denominated. | Currency in which the Package transaction price is denominated. This data element is not applicable if: <br> - no package is involved, or <br> - Package transaction spread is used, or <br> - Package transaction price notation $=3$ | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N | Transaction C if [Package transaction price notation] = ' 1 ', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 113 | CDE | Package transaction spread | Price of the package referred to in Data Element 109, expressed as a spread. | Traded price of the entire package in which the reported derivative transaction is a component of a package transaction. Package transaction price when the price of the package is expressed as a spread, difference between two reference prices. This data element is not applicable if -no package is involved, or -Package transaction price is used Spread and related data elements of the transactions (spread currency) that represent individual components of the package are reported when available. Package transaction spread may not be known when a new transaction is | - Num(18,13), <br> if Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, <br> if Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=3$ <br> - Num(5), if <br> Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=4$ | - Any value, if Package transaction spread notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g. 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), Package spread price notation $=3$ <br> - Any integer value expressed in basis points (e.g. 257 instead of 2.57\%), if Package transaction spread notation $=4$ | N | Transaction C if [Package indicator] = 'True' and [Package transaction price] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^32]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | reported but may be updated later. ${ }^{59}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 114 | CDE | Package transaction spread currency | Currency in which the package transaction spread is denominated. | Currency in which the Package transaction spread is denominated. This data element is not applicable if <br> -no package is involved, or -Package transaction price is used, or -Package transaction spread is expressed as decimal or basis points | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | N | Transaction C if [Package transaction price notation] = '1', else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |
| 115 | CDE | Package transaction spread notation | Manner in which the package transaction spread is expressed. | Manner in which the Package transaction spread is expressed. This data element is not applicable if - no package is involved, or - Package transaction price is used. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount <br> - 3 = Decimal <br> - 4 = Basis <br> points | N | Transaction C if [Package transaction spread] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 116 | CDE | Package transaction price notation | Manner in which the package transaction price is expressed. | Manner in which the Package transaction price is expressed. This data element is not applicable if no package is involved | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount - 3 = Decimal | N | Transaction C if [Package transaction price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Product

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element <br> Name | Data Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix A to the <br> TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> Public |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 117 | CDE | Validations <br> Unique product <br> identifier60 | Identifier of a unique <br> code assigned by the <br> Derivatives Service <br> Bureau for a type of <br> derivative. | A unique set of <br> characters that <br> represents a <br> particular OTC <br> derivative. | Char(12) | A list of <br> allowable <br> values and their <br> format will be <br> published by <br> the Derivatives <br> Service Bureau <br> (UPI issuer). | Transaction- M <br> Collateral - NR |

[^33]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Until the above UPI is available reporting counterparties will continue to report the product-related data elements unique to each TR. |  |  |
| 118 | CDE | CDS index attachment point | Point at which the level of losses in the underlying portfolio of a credit default swap reduces the notional of a tranche. | Defined lower point at which the level of losses in the underlying portfolio reduces the notional of a tranche. For example, the notional in a tranche with an attachment point of $3 \%$ will be reduced after 3\% of losses in the portfolio have occurred. This data element is not applicable if the transaction is not a CDS tranche transaction (index or custom basket). | Num(11,10) | Any value between 0 and 1 (including 0 and 1), expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.05 instead of $5 \%$ ). | N | Transaction CR C if UPI. Underlier type = 'Index tranche', else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall be less than the value in [CDS index detachment point]; <br> Transaction IR/FX/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 119 | CDE | CDS index detachment point | Point beyond which losses in the underlying portfolio of a credit default swap no longer reduce the notional of a tranche. | Defined point beyond which losses in the underlying portfolio no longer reduce the notional of a tranche. For example, the notional in a tranche with an attachment point of $3 \%$ and a detachment point of $6 \%$ will be reduced after there have been $3 \%$ of losses in the portfolio. 6\% losses in the portfolio deplete the notional of the tranche. This data element is not applicable if the transaction is not a CDS tranche transaction (index or custom basket). | Num(11,10) | Any value between 0 and 1 (including 0 and 1), expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.05 instead of $5 \%$ ). | N | Transaction CR C if UPI. Underlier type = 'Index tranche', else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall be greater than the value in [CDS index attachment point] <br> Transaction IR/FX/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral -NR <br> Valuation -NR |
| 120 | CFTC | Index factor | Factor of the index version, or the percentage, used to determine the notional amount of a credit default swap. | The index version factor or percent, expressed as a decimal value, that multiplied by the Notional amount yields the notional amount covered by the seller of protection for credit default swap. | Num(11,10) | Any value between 0 and 1 (including 0 and 1), expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.05 instead of $5 \%$ ). | Y | Transaction CR <br> C if UPI.Underlier type= 'Index' or 'Index tranche', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 121 | CDE | Crypto asset underlying indicator <br> [Crypto asset underlying indicator - Leg 1] <br> [Crypto asset underlying indicator - Leg 2] | Indicator of whether the underlying interest of the derivative is a crypto asset. | Indicator of whether the underlying of the derivative is crypto asset. This element should be reported as 'true' if any of the underlyings is a crypto asset (immediate or ultimate underlying as well as where the derivative is based on a mix of crypto assets and other underlyings). | Boolean | - true, if underlying is a crypto asset <br> - false, if underlying is not crypto asset | N | Transaction COO <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 122 | CDE | Custom basket code | Unique identifier for a custom basket of reference assets. | If the OTC derivative transaction is based on a custom basket, unique code assigned by the structurer of the custom basket to link its constituents. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved or no unique code has been assigned to it. | Varchar(72) | ISO 17442 Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code of the basket structurer ${ }^{61}$ followed by a unique identifier up to 52 alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction C if [Custom basket indicator] = 'True', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 123 | CFTC | Custom basket indicator | Indicator of whether the derivative has a custom basket as its underlying interest. | Indicator of whether the swap transaction is based on a custom basket. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | Y | Transaction -M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 124 | CDE | Basket constituent identifier | Identifier of a reference asset in the custom basket. | An identifier that represents a constituent of an underlying custom basket in line with the Underlier ID within the ISO 4914 UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI Service Provider or in line with an identifier that would be reported as an Underlier ID (Other) where the UPI Underlier ID is 'OTHER'. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | Varchar(350) | An identifier that can be used to determine an asset, index or benchmark included in a basket. 62 <br> Up to 350 alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction C if [Custom basket indicator] = 'True', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^34]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 125 | CDE | Basket constituent identifier source | Source of the basket constituent identifier referred to in Data Element Number 124. | The origin, or publisher, of the associated Basket constituent identifier, in line with the Underlier ID source within the ISO 4914 UPI reference data elements as maintained by the UPI Service Provider or in line with the allowable value that would be reported as an Underlier ID (Other) source where the UPI Underlier ID is 'OTHER'. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | Varchar(350) | The origin, or publisher ${ }^{63}$, of the associated basket constituent identifier. <br> Up to 350 alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction C if [Basket constituent identifier] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 126 | CDE | Basket constituent number of units | Number of units of each reference asset in the custom basket. | The number of units of a particular constituent in a custom basket. This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | Num(18,13) | Any value greater than zero. ${ }^{64}$ | N | Transaction C if [Basket constituent identifier] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of constituent number of units values must equal the number of constituent identifier, unit of measure, and identifier source values. <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 127 | CDE | Basket constituent unit of measure | Unit of measure in which the number of units referred to in Data Element Number 126 is expressed. | Unit of measure in which the number of units of a particular custom basket constituent is expressed. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | Char(4) | ISO 20022 approved external UnitOfMeasure Code codeset | N | Transaction C if [Basket constituent identifier] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of constituent unit of measure values must equal the number of constituent identifier, number of units, and identifier source values. |

[^35]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 128 | CDE | Underlier ID (Other) <br> [Underlier ID (Other) - Leg 1] <br> [Underlier ID (Other) - Leg 2] | Identifier of each underlying interest of the derivative. | The asset(s), index (indices) or benchmark underlying a contract or, in the case of a foreign exchange derivative, identification of index. ${ }^{65}$ <br> This data element is applicable when the value of Underlier ID is submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider. ${ }^{66}$ | Varchar(350) | An identifier ${ }^{67}$ that can be used to determine the asset(s), index (indices) or benchmark underlying a contract. Up to 350 <br> alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction C if <br> UPI.[Underlier ID ${ }^{68]}$ = 'Other', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 129 | CDE | Underlier ID <br> (Other) source <br> [Underlier ID (Other) source - Leg 1] <br> [Underlier ID (Other) source - Leg 2] | Source of the Underlier ID (Other) referred to in Data Element Number 128. | The origin, or publisher, of the associated Underlier ID (Other). <br> This data element is applicable when the value of Underlier ID source is submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider. | Varchar(350) | The origin, or publisher ${ }^{69}$, of the associated Underlier ID. Up to 350 alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction C if [Underlier ID (Other)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 130 | CDE | Underlying asset trading platform identifier <br> [Underlying asset trading platform identifier - Leg 1] <br> Underlying asset trading platform identifier - Leg 2] | Identifier of the platform on which the underlying interest referred to in Data Element Number 128 is traded. | For a platform (e.g. exchange) traded underlying asset, the platform on which the asset is traded. ${ }^{70}$ <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with custom basket constituents. | Char(4) | ISO 10383 <br> Segment <br> Market <br> Identifier Code (MIC) | N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transaction - } \\ & \text { EQ/CR O } \\ & \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |

[^36]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131 | CDE | Underlying asset price source <br> [Underlying asset price source - Leg 1] <br> [Underlying asset price source - Leg 2] | Source of the price used to determine the value or level of the underlying interest referred to in Data Element Number 128. | For an underlying asset or benchmark not traded on a platform, the source of the price used to determine the value or level of the asset or benchmark. This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with custom basket constituents. | Varchar(50) | Up to 50 alphanumeric characters. | N | Transaction 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 132 | CFTC | Embedded option type | Type of optional provision in a derivative. | Type of option or optional provision embedded in a contract. | Char(4) | - MDET = <br> Mandatory early termination <br> - OPET = <br> Optional early termination <br> - CANC = <br> Cancelable <br> - EXTD = <br> Extendible <br> - OTHR = Other | Y | Transaction - O Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Payments and Settlement

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 133 | CDE | Final contractual settlement date | Date in the agreement by which all obligations under the derivative are to be satisfied. | Unadjusted date as per the contract, by which all transfer of cash or assets should take place and the counterparties should no longer have any outstanding obligations to each other under that contract. <br> For products that may not have a final contractual settlement date (e.g., American options), this data element reflects the date by which the transfer of cash or asset would take place if termination were to occur on the expiration date. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date. | N | Transaction -C if <br> UPI.[ReturnorP ayoutTrigger] is not 'Contract for Difference (CFD)', else \{blank\}. When populated, - the value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Expiration date] <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 134 | CDE | Settlement location | Place of settlement of the derivative. | Place of settlement of the transaction as stipulated in the contract. This data element is only applicable for transactions that involve an offshore currency (i.e. a currency which is not included in the ISO 4217 currency list, for example CNH). | Char(2) | ISO 3166 Country codes (using two-letter code (alpha-2) | N | Transaction - 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 135 | CDE | Settlement currency <br> [Settlement currency-Leg 1] <br> [Settlement currency-Leg 2] | For each leg of the derivative, the currency in which the cash settlement is denominated. | Currency for the cash settlement of the transaction when applicable. <br> For multi-currency products that do not net, the settlement currency of each leg. <br> This data element is not applicable for physically settled products (e.g., physically settled swaptions). | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | Y | Transaction C if UPI.[Delivery type] = 'Cash', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 136 | CDE | Other payment amount ${ }^{71}$ | Amount of each payment under the derivative except an option premium amount under Data Element Number 144. | Payment amounts with corresponding payment types to accommodate requirements of transaction descriptions from different asset classes. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | Transaction C if [Other payment type] is populated, else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |
| 137 | CDE | Other payment currency | Currency in which the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136 is denominated. | Currency in which Other payment amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |
| 138 | CDE | Other payment date | Date on which the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136 is to be paid. | Unadjusted date on which the Other payment amount is paid. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date. | N | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |

[^37]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 139 | CDE | Other payment payer | Identifier of the payer of the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136. | Identifier of the payer of Other payment amount. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - Varchar(72), for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - Varchar(72), Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, <br> www.gleif.org/). <br> For natural persons who are acting as private individuals(not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 140 | CDE | Other payment receiver | Identifier of the receiver of the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136. | Identifier of the receiver of Other payment amount. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar(72),~}$ for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement Individuals Acting in a | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). <br> For natural persons who are acting as private individuals(not eligible for an LEI per the | N | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Business <br> Capacity or <br> - Varchar(72), Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | ROC Statement <br> - Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI <br> of the reporting <br> counterparty <br> followed by a <br> unique identifier <br> assigned and <br> maintained <br> consistently by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty for <br> that natural <br> person(s) for <br> regulatory <br> reporting <br> purpose. <br> An internal identifier code as non- <br> reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. |  |  |
| 141 | CDE | Other payment type | Reason for the payment referred to in Data Element Number 136. | Type of Other payment amount. Option premium payment is not included as a payment type as premiums for option are reported using the option premium dedicated data element. | Char(4) | - UFRO = <br> Upfront <br> Payment, i.e., the initial payment made by one of the counterparties either to bring a transaction to fair value or for any other reason that may be the cause of an offmarket transaction <br> - UWIN = Unwind or Full termination, i.e., the final settlement payment made when a transaction is unwound prior to its end date; Payments that may result due to full termination of derivative transaction(s) | Y | Transaction CR <br> C , at least one is required: <br> ([Fixed rate] or [Spread] or [Other payment type] = 'UFRO'). Allowable values UWIN' and PEXH' are optional and independent of the above condition <br> Transaction IR/FX/EQ/CO 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - PEXH = <br> Principal Exchange, i.e., Exchange of notional values for crosscurrency swaps |  |  |
| 142 | CDE | Payment frequency period ${ }^{72}$ <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period-Leg 1] <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period-Leg 2] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period-Leg 1] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the unit of time of the frequency of payments. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: time unit associated with the frequency of payments, e.g., day, week, month, year or term of the stream. | Char(4) | - DAIL = Daily <br> - WEEK = <br> Weekly <br> - MNTH = <br> Monthly <br> - $\mathrm{YEAR}=$ <br> Yearly <br> - ADHO = Ad <br> hoc which applies when payments are irregular - EXP ${ }^{73}=$ Payment at term | Y | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO <br> 0 when populated with 'EXPI', <br> [Payment frequency period multiplier] must be ' 1 ' <br> Transaction FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 143 | CDE | Payment frequency period multiplier <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period multiplier-Leg 1] <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period multiplier-Leg 2] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period multiplier-Leg 1] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period multiplier-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the number by which the payment frequency period is multiplied to determine the frequency of periodic payment dates. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: number of time units (as expressed by the Payment frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates occur. For example, a transaction with payments occurring every two months is represented with a Payment frequency period of "MNTH" (monthly) and a Payment frequency period multiplier of 2. <br> This data element is not applicable if the Payment frequency period is "ADHO." If Payment frequency period is "EXPI", then the Payment frequency period multiplier is 1. If the Payment | Num(3,0) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO C if [Payment frequency period] $=$ 'ADHO', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction FX - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^38]| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | frequency is intraday, then the Payment frequency period is "DAIL" and the Payment frequency multiplier is 0 . |  |  |  |  |
| 144 | CDE | Option premium amount | Premium paid by a buyer of an option or swaption. | For options and swaptions of all asset classes, monetary amount paid by the option buyer. <br> This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or does not embed any optionality. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | Transaction C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 145 | CDE | Option premium currency | Currency in which the premium referred to in Data Element Number 144 is denominated. | For options and swaptions of all asset classes, currency in which the option premium amount is denominated. This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or does not embed any optionality. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y | Transaction C if [Option premium amount] $>0$, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 146 | CDE | Option premium payment date | Date on which the premium referred to in Data Element Number 144 is paid. | Unadjusted date on which the option premium is paid. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction C if [Option premium amount] >0, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 147 | CDE | First exercise date | First date on which an option can be exercised. | First unadjusted date during the exercise period in which an option can be exercised. <br> For European-style options, this date is same as the Expiration date. For American-style options, the first possible exercise date is the unadjusted date included in the Execution timestamp. <br> For knock-in options, where the first exercise date is not known when a new transaction is reported, the first | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Transaction C if UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | exercise date is updated as it becomes available. <br> This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or does not embed any optionality. |  |  |  |  |
| 148 | CFTC | Fixing date <br> [Fixing date-Leg <br> 1] <br> [Fixing date-Leg <br> 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the date on which the reference rate is determined. | Describes the specific date when a non-deliverable forward as well as various types of FX OTC options such as cash-settled options will "fix" against a particular exchange rate, which will be used to compute the ultimate cash settlement. | YYYY-MM-DD | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO 0 <br> Transaction - <br> FX <br> C if <br> (UPI.[Instrumen t type] = <br> 'Forward' or 'Option') and UPI.[Delivery type] = 'Cash', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

### 2.1 Position reporting guidelines

| Data Element Name | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Position Reporting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buyer identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer, as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | Where Buyer Identifier is applicable, the buyer/seller determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Seller identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | Where Seller Identifier is applicable, the buyer/seller determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Payer identifier <br> [Payer identifier-Leg <br> 1] | Identifier of the counterparty of the payer leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) | Where Payer Identifier is applicable, the payer/receiver determination is made on the net of all position components. |


| [Payer identifier-Leg 2] | - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receiver identifier <br> [Receiver identifierLeg 1] <br> [Receiver identifierLeg 2] | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | Where Receiver Identifier is applicable, the payer/receiver determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Effective date | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction come into effect, as included in the confirmation. | Effective date initially reported when position was entered into. |
| Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | A unique identifier assigned to all derivatives reported at the transaction or position level which identifies it uniquely throughout its lifecycle and used for all recordkeeping. | New UTI created for position. |
| Notional amount <br> [Notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [Notional amount-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts, the amount specified in the contract. <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts, refer to Appendix 3.1 for converting notional amounts for non-monetary amounts. <br> In addition: <br> - For OTC derivative transactions with a notional amount schedule, the initial notional amount, agreed by the counterparties at the inception of the transaction, is reported in this data element. For OTC foreign exchange options, in addition to this data element, the amounts are reported using the data elements Call amount and Put amount. - For amendments or lifecycle events, the resulting outstanding notional amount is reported; (steps in notional amount schedules are not considered to be amendments or lifecycle events); • Where the notional amount is not known when a new transaction is reported, the notional amount is updated as it becomes available. | The notional amount is calculated as the net of buyer/seller or payer/receiver position components. |
| Call amount <br> [Call amount-Leg 1] <br> [Call amount-Leg 2] | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to buy. | The call amount is calculated as the sum of all call amounts included in the position. |
| Put amount <br> [Put amount-Leg 1] <br> [Put amount-Leg 2] | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to sell. | The put amount is calculated as the sum of all put amounts included in the position. |
| Notional quantity <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable, for derivative transactions negotiated in nonmonetary amounts with fixed notional quantity for each schedule period (e.g., 50 barrels per month). <br> The frequency is reported in Quantity frequency and the unit of measure is reported in Quantity unit of measure. | The notional quantity is calculated as the net of buyer/seller position components' notional quantity. |
| Total notional quantity <br> [Total notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Total notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: aggregate Notional quantity of the underlying asset for the term of the transaction. <br> Where the Total notional quantity is not known when a new transaction is reported, the Total notional quantity is updated as it becomes available. | The total notional quantity is calculated as the net of buyer/seller position components' total notional quantity. |
| Price | Price specified in the OTC derivative transaction. It does not include fees, taxes or commissions. For commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products with periodic payments, this data element refers to the fixed price of the fixed leg(s). <br> For commodity and equity forwards and similar products, this data element refers to the forward price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For equity swaps, portfolios swaps, and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For contracts for difference and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlier. <br> This data element is not applicable to: <br> - Interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate and Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Interest rate options and interest rate swaptions as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of | Volume Weighted Average Price. |


|  | the transaction. <br> - Commodity basis swaps and the floating leg of commodity fixed/float swaps as it is understood that the information included in the data element Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Foreign exchange swaps, forwards and options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Exchange rate, Strike price, and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Equity options as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Credit default swaps and credit total return swaps, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate, Spread and Upfront payment (Other payment type: Upfront payment) may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. Where the price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the price is updated as it becomes available. <br> For transactions that are part of a package, this data element contains the price of the component transaction where applicable. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spread <br> [Spread-Leg 1] <br> [Spread-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments (e.g. interest rate fixed/float swaps, interest rate basis swaps, commodity swaps), - spread on the individual floating leg(s) index reference price, in the case where there is a spread on a floating leg(s). For example, USD-LIBOR-BBA plus . 03 or WTI minus USD 14.65; or - difference between the reference prices of the two floating leg indexes. For example, the 9.00 USD "Spread" for a WCS vs. WTI basis swap where WCS is priced at 43 USD and WTI is priced at 52 USD. | Volume Weighted Average Spread. |
| Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (posthaircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the clearing agency, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (prehaircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the clearing agency, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (posthaircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the clearing agency as part of its investment activity. | Sum of initial margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |


|  | If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (prehaircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the clearing agency as part of its investment activity. <br> If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the counterparty 1 (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of posted variation margins for the portfolio /transaction. <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of variation margins posted for the portfolio/transaction <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the counterparty 1 (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement. Contingent variation margin is not included. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin collected after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio /transaction. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio/ transaction. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are | Sum of variation margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |


|  | converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation amount | Current value of the outstanding contract. <br> Valuation amount is expressed as the exit cost of the contract or components of the contract, i.e., the price that would be received to sell the contract (in the market in an orderly transaction at the valuation date). | Sum of valuation amounts for all derivatives in the position or valuation of the position itself if it is evaluated as a single element. |
| Final contractual settlement date | Unadjusted date as per the contract, by which all transfer of cash or assets should take place and the counterparties should no longer have any outstanding obligations to each other under that contract. <br> For products that may not have a final contractual settlement date (e.g., American options), this data element reflects the date by which the transfer of cash or asset would take place if termination were to occur on the expiration date. | Maximum of all final contractual settlement dates of all derivatives in the position. |

## 3 Appendix

From Revised CDE Technical Guidance - version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI) ${ }^{74}$

### 3.1 Notional amount

| Product | Converted Amount |
| :--- | :--- |
| Equity options and similar products | Product of the strike price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity forwards and similar products | Product of the forward price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity dividend swaps and similar products | Product of the period fixed strike and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity swaps, portfolio swaps, and similar products | Product of the initial price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity variance swaps and similar products | Variance amount |
| Equity volatility swaps and similar products | Vega notional amount |
| Equity CFDs and similar products | Product of the initial price and the number of shares or index units |
| Commodity options and similar products | Product of the strike price, and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity forwards and similar products | Product of the forward price and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products | Product of the fixed price and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity basis swaps and similar products | Product of the last available spot price at the time of the transaction of the underlying <br> asset of the leg with no spread and the total notional quantity of the leg with no <br> spread |
| Commodity swaptions and similar products | Notional amount of the underlying contract |
| Commodity CFDs and similar products | Product of the initial price and the total notional quantity |

Notes to the conversion table for derivatives negotiated in non-monetary amounts:
Note 1: for derivatives where the quantity unit of measure differs from the price unit of measure, the price or total quantity is converted to a unified unit of measure.

Note 2: if applicable to the derivative, the notional amount reflects any multipliers and option entitlements.
Note 3: for basket-type contracts, the notional amount of the derivative is the sum of the notional amounts of each constituent of the basket.

### 3.2 Mapping of Day count convention allowable values to ISO 20022, FpML, and FIX/FIXML values

[^39]| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 <br> definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A001 | IC30360ISDAor30360AmericanB asicRule | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month and a 360-day year. Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February, and provided that the interest period started on a 30th or a 31st. This means that a 31st is assumed to be a 30th if the period started on a 30th or a 31st and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). This is the most commonly used 30/360 method for US straight and convertible bonds. | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 360 \\ & \text { (30U/360 } \\ & \text { Bond } \\ & \text { Basis) } \end{aligned}$ | Mainly used in the United States with the following date adjustment rules: <br> (1) If the investment is End-Of-Month and Date1 is the last day of February and Date 2 is the last day of February, then change Date2 to 30; (2) If the investment is End-Of-Month and Date1 is the last day of February, then change Date1 to 30;(3) If Date2 is 31 and Date1 is 30 or 31 , then change Date2 to 30;(4) If Date1 is 31 , then change Date1 to 30. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (f). [Symbolic name: ThirtyThreeSixtyUS ] | 30/360 | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, paragraph (f) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (e). The number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, <br> calculated on a formula basis as follows: Day Count Fraction = [360*(Y2-Y1) + 30*(M2-M1) + (D2- <br> D1)]/360 "D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1, will be 30; and " D 2 " is the calendar day, expressed as a number, |

[^40]| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML <br> FIXIVL 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be $30^{78}$ |
| A002 | IC30365 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month in a way similar to the 30/360 (basic rule) and a 365 day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that a 31st is assumed to be the 30th and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). |  |  |  |  |  |
| A003 | IC30Actual | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month in a way similar to the 30/360 (basic rule) and the assumed number of days in a year in a way similar to |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{78}$ Note that the algorithm defined for this day count fraction has changed between the 2000 ISDA Definitions and 2006 ISDA Definitions. See Introduction to the 2006 ISDA Definitions for further information relating to this change.

| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 <br> definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML 76 code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | the <br> Actual/Actual (ICMA). Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that the 31st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). The assumed number of days in a year is computed as the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of interest payments in the year. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A004 | Actual360 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period and a 360-day year. | 6 | Act/360 | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 360. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (e). [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixty] | ACT/360 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, paragraph (e) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (d). The actual number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 <br> definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML 76 <br> code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ <br> code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | divided by 360. |
| A005 | Actual365Fixed | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period and a 365-day year. | 7 | Act/365 (FIXED) | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 365 . See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (d). [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixtyFiveF ixed] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACT/365.FI } \\ & \text { XED } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, paragraph (d) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (c). <br> The actual number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365. |
| A006 | ActualActualICMA | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and the assumed number of days in a year, i.e., the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of interest payments in the year. If the coupon period is irregular (first or last coupon), it is extended or split into quasiinterest periods that have the length of a regular coupon period and the computation is operated separately on | 9 | Act/Act (ICMA) | The denominator is the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of coupon periods in the year. Assumes that regular coupons always fall on the same day of the month where possible. See also 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (c). [Symbolic name: ActActICMA] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACT/ACT.IC } \\ & \text { MA } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, paragraph (c). <br> This day count fraction code is applicable for <br> transactions booked under the 2006 ISDA Definitions. <br> Transactions under the <br> 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions should use the <br> ACT/ACT.ISM <br> A code <br> instead. <br> A fraction <br> equal to <br> "number of days <br> accrued/numb <br> er of days in <br> year", as such <br> terms are |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML 76 code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FpML }^{77} \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | each quasiinterest period and the intermediate results are summed up. |  |  |  |  | used in Rule 251 of the statutes, bylaws, rules and recommendati ons of the International Capital Markets Association (the "ICMA Rule Book"), calculated in accordance with Rule 251 of the ICMA Rule Book as applied to non-US dollardenominated straight and convertible bonds issued after 31 <br> December 1998, as though the interest coupon on a bond were being calculated for a coupon period corresponding to the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made. |
| A007 | IC30E360orEuroBondBasismode I1 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month and a 360-day year. Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 30E/360 } \\ & \text { (ISDA) } \end{aligned}$ | Date adjustment rules are: (1) if Date 1 is the last day of the month, then change Date1 to 30; (2) if D2 is the last day of the month (unless Date2 is the maturity date and Date2 is in February), then change Date2 to 30. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 30E/360.ISD } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (h). Note the algorithm for this day count fraction under the 2006 ISDA Definitions is designed to yield the same results in |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ <br> code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | the 31st is assumed to be the 30th and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb. <br> However, if the last day of the maturity coupon period is the last day of February, it will not be assumed to be the 30th. It is a variation of the 30/360 (ICMA) method commonly used for eurobonds. The usage of this variation is only relevant when the coupon periods are scheduled to end on the last day of the month. |  |  | Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (h). [Symbolic name: ThirtyEThreeSixtyIS DA] |  | practice as the version of the 30E/360 day count fraction defined in the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions. <br> See <br> Introduction <br> to the 2006 <br> ISDA <br> Definitions for further information relating to this change. <br> The number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows: Day Count Fraction = [360*(Y2-Y1) $+30^{*}(\mathrm{M} 2-\mathrm{M} 1)$ + (D2- <br> D1)]/360. "D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1, will be 30; " $D 2$ " is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D2 will be 30. |
| A008 | ActualActuallSDA | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days of the interest period that fall (falling on a normal year, year) divided by 365, added to the actual number of days of the interest period that fall (falling on a leap year, year) divided by 366 . | 11 | Act/Act (ISDA) | The denominator varies depending on whether a portion of the relevant calculation period falls within a leap year. For the portion of the calculation period falling in a leap year, the denominator is 366 and for the portion falling outside a leap year, the denominator is 365. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (b). [Symbolic name: ActActISDA] | ACT/ACT.IS DA | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (b) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (b). Note that going from FpML 2.0 <br> Recommendat ion to the FpML 3.0 Trial Recommendat ion the code in FpML 2.0 <br> "ACT/365.ISD <br> A" became <br> "ACT/ACT.ISD <br> A". <br> The actual number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Calculation Period or Compounding Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (i) the actual number of days in that portion of the |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ <br> code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Calculation Period or Compounding Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (ii) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365). |
| A009 | Actual365LorActuActubasisRule | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and a 365-day year (if the coupon payment date is NOT in a leap year) or a 366-day year (if the coupon payment date is in a leap year). | 14 | Act/365L | The number of days in a period equal to the actual number of days .The number of days in a year is 365 , or if the period ends in a leap year 366 . Used for sterling floating rate notes. May also be referred to as ISMA Year. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (i). [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixtyFiveL ] | ACT/365L | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (i). <br> The actual <br> number of <br> days in the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period in <br> respect of <br> which <br> payment is <br> being made <br> divided by <br> 365 (or, if the <br> later Period <br> End Date of the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period falls in <br> a leap year, <br> divided by <br> 366). |
| A010 | ActualActualAFB | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and a 366-day year (if 29 Feb falls in the coupon period) or a 365 -day year (if 29 Feb does not fall in | 8 | Act/Act <br> (AFB) | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, the denominator is either 365 (if the calculation period does not contain 29 February) or 366 (if the calculation period includes 29 February). See also AFB Master | ACT/ACT.AF <br> B | The <br> Fixed/Floating <br> Amount will be calculated in accordance with the "BASE EXACT/EXACT <br> " day count fraction, as defined in the "Définitions Communes |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | the coupon period). If a coupon period is longer than one year, it is split by repetitively separating full year subperiods counting backwards from the end of the coupon period (a year backwards from 28 Feb being 29 Feb, if it exists). The first of the subperiods starts on the start date of the accrued interest period and thus is possibly shorter than a year. Then the interest computation is operated separately on each subperiod and the intermediate results are summed up. |  |  | Agreement for Financial <br> Transactions Interest Rate Transactions (2004) in Section <br> 4. Calculation of Fixed Amounts and Floating Amounts, paragraph 7 Day Count Fraction, subparagraph (i). [Symbolic name: ActActAFB] |  | plusieurs <br> Additifs <br> Techniques" <br> published by <br> the <br> Association <br> Francaise des <br> Banques in <br> September <br> 1994. <br> The <br> denominator <br> is either 365 <br> (if the <br> calculation <br> period does <br> not contain 29 <br> February) or <br> 366 (if the <br> calculation <br> period <br> includes 29 <br> February) - <br> where a <br> period of <br> longer than <br> one year is <br> involved, two <br> or more <br> calculations <br> are made: <br> interest is <br> calculated for <br> each full year, <br> counting <br> backwards <br> from the end <br> of the <br> calculation <br> period, and <br> the remaining <br> initial stub <br> period is <br> treated in <br> accordance <br> with the usual <br> rule. When <br> counting <br> backwards for <br> this purpose, <br> if the last day <br> of the relevant <br> period is 28 <br> February, the <br> full year <br> should be <br> counted back <br> to the <br> previous 28 <br> February |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FIX/ } \\ \text { FIXML } \\ 76 \\ \text { code } \\ \text { value } \end{gathered}$ | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | unless 29 <br> February exists, in which case, 29 February should be used. |
| A011 | IC30360ICMAor30360basicrule | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that the 31st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). It is the most commonly used 30/360 method for nonUS straight and convertible bonds issued before 1 January 1999. | 4 | 30E/360 <br> (Eurobon d Basis) | Also known as 30/360.ISMA, 30S/360, or Special German. Date adjustment rules are: (1) If Date1 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th; (2) If Date2 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (g). [Symbolic name: ThirtyEThreeSixty] | 30E/360 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (g) <br> or Annex to <br> the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (f). <br> Note that the <br> algorithm <br> defined for <br> this day count <br> fraction has <br> changed <br> between the <br> 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> and 2006 <br> ISDA <br> Definitions. <br> See <br> Introduction <br> to the 2006 <br> ISDA <br> Definitions for further information relating to this change. |
| A012 | IC30E2360orEurobondbasismod el2 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for the last day of February whose |  |  |  |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML 76 code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | day of the month value shall be adapted to the value of the first day of the interest period if the latter is higher and if the period is one of a regular schedule. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb of a nonleap year is assumed to be equivalent to 29 Feb when the first day of the interest period is the 29th, or to 30 Feb when the first day of the interest period is the 30th or the 31st. The 29th day of February in a leap year is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb when the first day of the interest period is the 30th or the 31st. Similarly, if the coupon period starts on the last day of February, it is assumed to produce only one day of interest in February as if it was starting on 30 Feb when the end of the period is the 30th or the 31st, or two days of interest in February when the end of the period is the 29th, or three days of interest in February when it is 28 Feb |  |  |  |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FpML77 } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | of a non-leap year and the end of the period is before the 29th. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A013 | IC30E3360orEurobondbasismod el3 | Method whereby interest is <br> calculated based on a 30 -day month and a 360-day year. Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb. It is a variation of the 30E/360 (or Eurobond basis) method where the last day of February is always assumed to be the 30th, even if it is the last day of the maturity coupon period. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A014 | Actual 365 NL | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period, excluding any leap day from the count, and a 365-day year. | 15 | NL365 | The number of days in a period equal to the actual number of days, with the exception of leap days (29 February) which are ignored. The number of days in a year is 365 , even in a leap year. [Symbolic name: NLThreeSixtyFive] |  |  |
| A015 | ActualActualUltimo | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of days in the coupon period divided by the actual | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Act/Act } \\ & \text { (ICMA } \\ & \text { Ultimo) } \end{aligned}$ | The Act/Act (ICMA Ultimo) differs from Act/Act (ICMA) method only that it assumes that regular coupons always fall on the | ACT/ACT.IS MA | The <br> Fixed/Floating <br> Amount will be calculated in accordance with Rule 251 of the statutes, by- |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML 76 code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | number of days in the year. This method is a variation of the ActualActuallCM A method with the exception that it assumes that the coupon always falls on the last day of the month. Method equal to ACT/ACT.ISMA in the FpML model and Act/Act (ICMA Ultimo) in the FIX/FIXML model. |  |  | last day of the month. <br> [Symbolic name: ActActISMAUltimo ] |  | laws, rules and recommendati ons of the International Securities Market Association, as published in April 1999, as applied to straight and convertible bonds issued after 31 <br> December 1998, as though the Fixed/Floating Amount were the interest coupon on such a bond. This day count fraction code is applicable for transactions booked under the 2000 ISDA Definitions. Transactions under the 2006 ISDA Definitions should use the ACT/ACT.ICM A code instead. |
| A016 | IC30EPlus360 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30-day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{E}+/ 36 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Variation on 30E/360. Date adjustment rules: (1) If Date1 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th; (2) If Date2 falls on the 31st, then change it to 1 and increase Month2 by one, i.e., next month. [Symbolic name: ThirtyEPlusThreeSi xty] |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML ${ }^{77}$ code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. This method is a variation of the 30E360 method with the exception that if the coupon falls on the last day of the month, change it to 1 and increase the month by 1 (i.e., next month). Method equal to ThirtyEPlusThree Sixty in the FIX/FIXML model. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A017 | Actual364 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period divided by 364. Method equal to Act364 in the FIX/FIXML model. | 17 | Act/364 | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 364. [Symbolic name: Act364] |  |  |
| A018 | Business252 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of business days in the interest period divided by 252. Usage: Brazilian Currency Swaps. Method equal to BUS/252 in the FpML model and BusTwoFiftyTwo in the FIX/FIXML model. | 12 | BUS/252 | Used for Brazilian real swaps, which is based on business days instead of calendar days. The number of business days divided by 252. [Symbolic name: BusTwoFiftyTwo] | BUS/252 | The number of Business Days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 252. |
| A019 | Actual360NL | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period, excluding any leap day from the count, and a 360-day year. | 16 | NL360 | This is the same as Act/360, with the exception of leap days (29 February) which are ignored. [Symbolic name: NLThreeSixty] |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition ${ }^{75}$ | FIX/ FIXML <br> 76 <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | $\begin{gathered} \text { FpML }{ }^{77} \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A020 | 1/1 | If parties specify the Day Count Fraction to be $1 / 1$ then in calculating the applicable amount, 1 is simply input into the calculation as the relevant Day Count Fraction. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). | 0 | 1/1 | If parties specify the Day Count Fraction to be $1 / 1$ then in calculating the applicable amount, 1 is simply input into the calculation as the relevant Day Count Fraction. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). [Symbolic name: OneOne] | 1/1 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, paragraph (a) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). |
| NARR | Narrative | Other method. |  |  | Other FIX/FIXML code values not listed above and FIX/FIXML code values that are reserved for user extensions, in the range of integer values of 100 and higher. |  |  |

### 3.3 Valuation method

## Classification of valuation inputs

| Bucket | Input used | Valuation method79 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access <br> at the measurement date [IFRS 13:76/ASC 820-10-35-40]. A quoted market price in an <br> active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and is used without <br> adjustment to measure fair value whenever available, with limited exceptions. [IFRS <br> 13:77/ASC 820-10-35-41] <br> An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with <br> sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. [IFRS <br> 13: Appendix A/ASC 820-10-20]. | Mark-to-market |
| 2 | Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-35- <br> 47] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the <br> asset or liability, either directly or indirectly) | Mark-to-market |
| 3 | Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active [IFRS <br> 13:81/ASC 820-10-35-48(b)] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 <br> that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly). | Mark-to-model - historic prices <br> from inactive markets should not be <br> directly used |
| 4 | Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, for example <br> interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied <br> volatilities, credit spreads [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-35-48(c)] (other than quoted market | Mark-to-market |

[^41]|  | prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly <br> or indirectly) |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by <br> correlation or other means ("market-corroborated inputs") [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-35- <br> 48(d)] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for <br> the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly). | Mark-to-model - the inputs can be <br> derived "principally" from <br> observable market data, meaning <br> that unobservable inputs can be <br> used |
| 6 | Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. [IFRS 13:86/ASC 820-10-35-52] <br> Unobservable inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable <br> inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, <br> market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. An entity develops <br> unobservable inputs using the best information available in the circumstances, which <br> might include the entity's own data, taking into account all information about market <br> participant assumptions that is reasonably available. [IFRS 13:87-89/ASC 820-10-35-53 - <br> 35-54A] | Mark-to-model - unobservable <br> inputs are used |

### 3.4 Collateralisation category

| Value | Name | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| UNCL | Uncollateralised | There is no collateral agreement between the counterparties or the collateral agreement(s) <br> between the counterparties stipulates that no collateral (neither initial margin nor variation <br> margin) has to be posted with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PRC1 | Partially collateralised: <br> Counterparty 1 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting <br> counterparty regularly posts only variation margin and that the other counterparty does not <br> post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PRC2 | Partially collateralised: <br> Counterparty 2 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty <br> regularly posts only variation margin and that the reporting counterparty does not post any <br> margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PRCL | Partially collateralised | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that both counterparties <br> regularly post only variation margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| OWC1 | One-way collateralised: <br> Counterparty 1 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting <br> counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the other <br> counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| OWC2 | One-way collateralised: <br> Counterparty 2 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty <br> posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the reporting <br> counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| OWP1 | One-way/partially collateralised: <br> Counterparty 1 | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting <br> counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the other <br> counterparty regularly posts only variation margin. |
| OWP2 | One-way/partially collateralised: <br> Counterparty 2 | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty <br> posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the reporting <br> counterparty regularly posts only variation margin. |
| FLCL | Fully collateralised | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that both counterparties <br> post initial margin and regularly post variation margin with respect to the derivative <br> transaction. |

### 3.5 Action and event reporting

The below table specifies the allowable combinations of [Action type] and [Event type]. It also sets out whether they apply at transaction level, position level or both. The last column of the table indicates when a given [Action type] can be reported without [Event type].

Event Type

| Action Type |  <br> Event type combinations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trade } \\ & \text { (TRAD) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novati } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { (NOVA) } \end{aligned}$ | Compressi on or Risk Reduction Exercise (COMP) | Early Terminati on (ETRM) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Clearin } \\ \text { (CLRG) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Exerci } \\ \text { se } \\ \text { (EXER) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Allocati } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { (ALOC) } \end{aligned}$ | Clearing <br>  <br> Allocati <br> (CLAL) | Credit Event (CREV ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transfe } \\ & \text { (PTNG) } \end{aligned}$ | Corpora te Event (CORP) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Upgra } \\ \text { de } \\ \text { (UPDT) } \end{gathered}$ | Inclusi on In Positio (INCP) | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { Event } \\ \text { Type } \\ \text { Require } \\ \text { d } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New (NEWT) | T | $\stackrel{T}{\text { P }}$ | T |  | T | T | T | T |  | т, P | T, P | $\mathrm{T}^{80}$ | P |  |
|  | Modify (MODI) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \dot{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { T, }}{\text { P }}$ | T | т,P |  | T | T |  | T |  | T,P | т,P | P |  |
|  | Correct (CORR) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T,P |
|  | Terminate (TERM) |  | ${ }_{\text {P }}^{\text {P }}$ | T | т,P | T | T | T | T | T |  | T,P |  | T, $\mathrm{P}^{81}$ |  |
|  | Error (EROR) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T, P |
|  | Revive (REVI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Transfer out (PRTO) ${ }^{82}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{T} \\ & \dot{P} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Valuation (VALU) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T, P |
|  | Collateral (MARU) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T, P |
|  | Position component(PO SC) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T |

[^42]
### 3.6 Allowable Action Type Sequences



Notes: $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { The status of the derivative after revival; depends on the maturity date: } \\ & \quad \text { * with Expiration Date }>=\text { today } \\ & \\ & \text { ** with Expiration Date < today }\end{aligned}$
** PRTO is also accepted (but not expected) for termination or expired
***ith Early Termination Date reported and < today

### 3.7 Definitions for Event Type Allowable Values

| Event type | Allowable <br> value | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Trade | TRAD | Creation or modification of a transaction. |
| Novation/Step-in | NOVA | A novation or step-in legally moves part or all of the financial risks of a transaction from a <br> transferor to a transferee and has the effect of terminating/modifying the original <br> transaction so that it is either terminated or its notional is modified. |
| Post trade risk reduction exercise | COMP | Compressions and other post trade risk reduction exercises generally have the effect either <br> of terminating or modifying (i.e., reducing the notional value) a set of existing transactions <br> and/or of creating a set of new transaction(s). These processes result in largely the same <br> exposure of market risk that existed prior to the event for the counterparty. |
| Early termination | ETRM | Termination of an existing transaction prior to expiration date. |
| Clearing | CLRG | Central clearing is a process where a central counterparty (CCP) interposes itself between <br> counterparties to transactions, becoming the buyer to every seller and the seller to every |


| Event type | Allowable <br> value | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Exercise | EXER | The full or partial exercise of an option or swaption by one counterparty of the transaction. <br> terminating an existing transaction between the buyer and the seller. |
| Allocation | ALOC | The process by which portions of a single transaction (or multiple transactions) are <br> allocated to one or multiple different counterparties and reported as new transactions ${ }^{83}$ |
| Clearing \& Allocation | CRAL | A simultaneous clearing and allocation event in a central counterparty (CCP). |
| Transfer | PTNG | An event that results in a modification or a termination of a previously submitted credit <br> transaction. Applies only to credit derivatives. |
| Inclusion in position | The process by which a transaction is transferred to another trade repository that has the <br> effect of the closing of the transaction at one trade repository and opening of the same <br> transaction using the same UTI in a different trade repository (new). |  |
| Corporate event | INCP | Inclusion of a CCP-cleared transaction or other fungible transactions into a position, where <br> an existing transaction is terminated and either a new position is created or the notional of <br> an existing position is modified. |
| UPDT | The process by which a corporate action is taken on equity underlying that impacts the <br> transactions on that equity. |  |

### 3.8 Definitions for Action Type Allowable Values

| Action type | Allowable <br> value | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| New | NEWT | The creation of the first transaction resulting in the generation of a new UTI. |
| Modify | MODI | A modification of the terms of a previously reported transaction due to a newly negotiated <br> modification (amendment) or a filling in of not available missing information (e.g., post price <br> transaction). It does not include correction of a previously reported transaction. |
| Correct | CORR | A correction of erroneous data of a previously reported transaction. |
| Terminate | TERM | A termination of a previously reported transaction. |
| Error | A cancellation of a wrongly submitted entire transaction in case it never came into existence or <br> was not subject to the reporting requirements under the applicable law of a given jurisdiction, or a <br> cancellation of a duplicate report. |  |

[^43]| Action type | Allowable <br> value | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Revive | REVI | An action that reinstates a reported transaction that was reported with action type "Error" or <br> terminated by mistake or expired due to an incorrectly reported Expiration date. |
| Valuation | VALU | An update of a valuation of a transaction. There will be no corresponding Event type. |
| Collateral/Margin update | MARU | An update to collateral margin data. There will be no corresponding Event type. |
| Position component | POSC | A report of a new transaction that is included in a separate position report on the same day. |
| Transfer out | PRTO | A transfer of a transaction from one trade repository to another trade repository (change of trade <br> repository). |

### 4.1 SEF Transactions - Anonymous and cleared

This example illustrates the reporting of anonymous transactions that are subsequently cleared.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ro } \\ & \text { w } \end{aligned}$ | Acti <br> on <br> typ <br> e | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ev } \\ & \text { ent } \\ & \text { typ } \end{aligned}$ e | Event timesta mp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI | Noti onal amo unt | Executi <br> on timesta mp | Clearin g receipt timesta mp | Submitt <br> er identifie | Central counter party | Counter party 1 <br> (reporti ng counter party) | Counter party 2 | Clea red | Platf orm <br> identi <br> fier |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE } \\ & \text { WT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TR } \\ & \text { AD } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ 01 T 14: 1 \\ 5: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 ALPHA |  | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 T 14: 1 \\ 5: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | NULL | LEI1SEF 0001 | NULL | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT } \\ 0001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP } \\ 0002 \end{gathered}$ | 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ABC } \\ D \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TE } \\ & \text { RM } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CL} \\ & \mathrm{RG} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ 01 T 14: 4 \\ 0: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 ALPHA |  | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 1 \\ 5: 36 \mathrm{Z} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ \text { 01T14:4 } \\ 0: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIISEF } \\ 0001 \end{gathered}$ | NULL | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT } \\ 0001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP } \\ 0002 \end{gathered}$ | 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ABC } \\ D \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE } \\ & \text { WT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CL} \\ & \mathrm{RG} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 4 \\ 1: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 BETA | LEI1RPTO00 1ALPHA | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 2023-0401T14:4 1:36Z | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023- \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 4 \\ 0: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1CC } \\ \text { P0004 } \end{gathered}$ | LEITCC P0004 | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEITCC } \\ \text { P0004 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP } \\ 0002 \end{gathered}$ | Y | NULL |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE } \\ & \text { WT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CL} \\ & \mathrm{RG} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 4 \\ 1: 36 \mathrm{Z} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 <br> GAMMA | LEI1RPTO00 1ALPHA | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 2023-0401T14:4 1:36Z | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 T 14: 4 \\ 0: 36 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1CC } \\ \text { P0004 } \end{gathered}$ | LEIICC P0004 | LEITCC <br> P0004 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RP } \\ & \text { T0001 } \end{aligned}$ | Y | NULL |

### 4.2 Package- Price/Spread

This example illustrates how to report package transactions based on either the price or spread.
Row 1 - Submission of a new package transaction but the package transaction price is not known yet.
Row 2 - Modifying the package transaction to update the package transaction price.
Row 3 - Submission of a new package transaction with a package transaction spread.

| $\begin{gathered} R \\ 0 \\ \text { w } \end{gathered}$ | Ac tio n ty pe | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Ev} \\ \text { en } \\ \mathrm{t} \\ \mathrm{ty} \\ \text { pe } \end{gathered}$ | Event timest amp | Unique transact ion identifie r (UTI) | Pac kag e Indi cat or | Pac kag e ide ntifi er | Package transactio n price | Pack age trans actio n price curre ncy | Pack age trans actio n price notat ion | Pack age trans actio n spre ad | Pack age trans actio n spre ad curre ncy | Pack age trans actio n spre ad notat ion | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pr} \\ & \text { ic } \\ & \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | Pric e curr enc y | Not ion al am oun t | Execu tion timest amp | Count erpart y 1 (repor ting count erpart <br> y) | Count erpart y 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NE} \\ & \mathrm{~W} \\ & \mathrm{~T} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ \text { 04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14 \\ : 15: 36 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RP T0001E EE | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tru } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AB} \\ \mathrm{CD} 1 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 99999.999 \\ 99999999 \\ 99 \end{gathered}$ | NULL | 1 | NULL | NULL | NULL | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & .2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{EU} \\ \mathrm{R} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ \text { 04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14 \\ : 15: 36 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1R <br> PT000 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \text { P0002 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M } \\ 0 \\ \text { DI } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 05 \mathrm{~T} 16 \\ : 14: 36 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RP <br> T0001E <br> EE | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tru } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{AB} \\ \mathrm{CD} 1 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | 3.2 | CAD | 1 | NULL | NULL | NULL | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & .2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{EU} \\ \mathrm{R} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14 \\ : 15: 36 \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEI1R <br> PT000 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \text { P0002 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NE} \\ \mathrm{~W} \\ \mathrm{~T} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \mathrm{R} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14 \\ : 15: 36 \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RP T0001F FF | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tru } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{AB} \\ \mathrm{CD} 3 \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | NULL | NULL | NULL | 200 | NULL | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ .2 \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{EU} \\ \mathrm{R} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023- } \\ 04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14 \\ : 15: 36 \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEI1R <br> PT000 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \text { PO002 } \end{aligned}$ |

### 4.3 Partial Termination/Amendment, Correction

This example illustrates how different Action - Event type combinations are used to report changes to a previously submitted transaction.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Ro } \\ \text { w } \end{gathered}$ | Actio <br> n <br> type | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eve } \\ \text { nt } \\ \text { type } \end{gathered}$ | Amendm ent indicator | Event timestamp | Expirati on date | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactio ns ) | Embedd ed option type | Notion al amoun t | Execution timestamp | Counterpa rty 1 (reporting counterpar ty) | Counterpa rty 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { NEW } \\ \mathrm{T} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TRA } \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023-04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-01- } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001A AAA |  |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023-04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | MOD I | $\begin{gathered} \text { TRA } \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | True | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 02T10:22:1 } \\ 0 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-01- } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001A AAA |  |  | 9000 | $\begin{gathered} 2023-04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { MOD } \\ \mathrm{I} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TRA } \\ \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | FALSE | $\begin{gathered} 2023-04- \\ 03 \mathrm{~T} 10: 22: 1 \\ 0 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-01- } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001A AAA |  | OPET | 9000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { COR } \\ \mathrm{R} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 04 \mathrm{~T} 10: 22: 1 \\ 0 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-01- } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001A AAA |  | EXTD | 9000 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |

### 4.4 Allocation

This example illustrates how pre- and post- "Allocation" transactions are reported.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ro } \\ & \text { w } \end{aligned}$ | Actio $n$ type | $\begin{gathered} \text { Even } \\ t \\ \text { type } \end{gathered}$ | Amendmen t indicator | Event timestamp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactions) | Notiona amount | Execution timestamp | Counterpart y 1 (reporting counterparty ) | ${ }_{2}^{\text {Counterparty }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | NEWT | $\begin{gathered} \text { TRA } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 01T14:15:36 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001PREA A |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{T14:15:36} \\ z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIIRPTOOO } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIFUNDMG } \\ R \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | TERM | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ALO} \\ \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 02T10:22:10 } \\ z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEIIRPT0001PREA A |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{T14:15:36} \\ z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEI1RPT000 } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{R}{\text { LEIFUNDMG }}$ |
| 3 | NEWT | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ALO} \\ \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 02T10:22:10 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001POST <br> 1 | LEI1RPT0001PREA A | 4000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 02T10:22:10 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIIRPT000 } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | LEI2CP00A1 |
| 4 | NEWT | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ALO} \\ \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 02T10:22:10 } \\ z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEIIRPT0001POST 2 | $\underset{\mathrm{A}}{\text { LEI1RPT0001PREA }}$ | 6000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 02 \mathrm{~T} 10: 22: 10 \\ z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPTO00 } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | LEI2CP00A2 |

### 4.5 Position

This example illustrates how a derivative is reported when it is included in a position.
Row 1,2-Submitting new derivative that is the start of a new position on the same day.
Row 3 - Submitting end of day valuation messages at position level.
Row 4,5 - Submitting new derivative that is included in a position on the same day.
Row 6,7,8 - Submitting new derivative that is included in a position on the next day.
Row 9,10 - Submitting early termination at position level due to sell activity.
Row 11 - Maintaining the position open and reporting a zero contract value on a daily basis.
Row 12 - Termination of the position.

| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R} \\ 0 \\ \mathrm{w} \end{gathered}$ | Action type | Event type | Event timestamp | Event Identifie $\qquad$ | UTI | Subsequent position UTI | Notional amount | Execution timestamp | Counter party 1 | Counter party 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Le } \\ & \text { vel } \end{aligned}$ | Valuation Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | POSC |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T14:01:34 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ |  | LEIRPT000 1TRAD1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001P } \\ \text { OSC1 } \end{gathered}$ | 1,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T08:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TC } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 2 | NEWT | INCP | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T14:01:34 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 0509: 01: 34 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 3 | VALU |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T18:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 0509: 01: 34 \\ z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ | 1,245 |
| 4 | POSC |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 07T08:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1TRAD2 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0001P } \\ \text { OSC1 } \end{gathered}$ | 500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 06T12:01:34 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TC } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 5 | MODI | INCP | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 07T18:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 0509: 01: 34 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 6 | NEWT | TRAD | $\begin{gathered} 2023-01- \\ 08 T 18: 01: 34 \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ \text { 1TRAD3 } \end{gathered}$ |  | 700 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 08T09:01:34 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TC } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| 7 | TERM | INCP | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 09T18:01:34 } \\ z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ \text { 1TRAD3 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPTO001P } \\ \text { OSC1 } \end{gathered}$ | 700 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 08T09:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TC } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| 8 | MODI | INCP | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 09T18:02:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2,200 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 0509: 01: 34 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 9 | MODI | ETRM | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 10T15:01:34 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T09:01:34 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 10 | MODI | ETRM | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 11T11:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T09:01:34 } \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 11 | VALU |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 11T18:01:34 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 2023-01- \\ 05 T 09: 01: 34 \\ Z \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ | 0 |
| 12 | TERM | ETRM | $\begin{gathered} 2023-01- \\ 12 \mathrm{~T} 15: 01: 34 \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ & \text { 1POSC1 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T09:01:34 } \\ Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT0 } \\ 001 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEICP00 } \\ 02 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PS } \\ & \text { TN } \end{aligned}$ |  |

### 4.6 Error and Revive

This example illustrates a derivative that was booked in error and subsequently cancelled, but needs to be revived as it was cancelled by mistake.

| Row | Action type | Event type | Amendment Indicator | Event timestamp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactions) | Notional amount | Execution timestamp | Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty) | Counterparty 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | NEWT | TRAD |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |
| 2 | EROR |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 04 T 14: 21: 36 Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |
| 3 | REVI |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 05 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |

### 4.7 Crypto

| Row | Action <br> type | Event <br> type | Derivative <br> based on <br> cryptoassets | Event <br> timestamp | Unique transaction <br> identifier (UTI) | Unique <br> product <br> identifier | Notional <br> amount | Execution <br> timestamp | Counterparty <br> $\mathbf{1}$ (reporting <br> counterparty) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counterparty |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 4.8 Upgrade

This example illustrates how to report an upgrade event type in order to ensure its conformity with the amended reporting requirements.

Row 1: A new derivative executed on 2023-04-01.
Row 2: New reporting requirements were implemented, the existing derivative is reported as Modify-Upgrade (MODI-UPDT) in order to comply with the new requirements. ${ }^{84}$

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Ro } \\ \text { w } \end{gathered}$ | Actio n type | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eve } \\ \text { nt } \\ \text { type } \end{gathered}$ | Event timestamp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Notion <br> al amoun t | Valuation Method | Execution timestamp | Collateralisat ion category | Counterpar ty 1 (reporting counterpar ty) | Counterpa rty 2 | Platfor <br> m Identifi er | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cleare } \\ d \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { NEW } \\ \mathrm{T} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TRA } \\ \text { D } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 FFF | 10000 | MarkToMar ket | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | FULLY | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | NULL | N |
| 2 | MOD I | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UPD } \\ & \mathrm{T} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2024-05- \\ 04 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 3 \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 FFF | 10000 | MTMA | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2023-04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 3 \\ 6 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | FLCL | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT00 } \\ 01 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CPOOO } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | BILT | N |

[^44]This page intentionally left blank

# Draft OSCCSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual 

## Draft administrative technicalTechnical specifications for over-the-counter derivatives data reporting

April 11 ذuly 25, 2022
Draft $\underline{\underline{2024}}$
Version 1.0

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Background

The-administrative technical specifications in this Draft OSCCSA Derivatives Data Technical Manual (the Draftechnical Manual) specify the definition, format, and allowable values for each data element that would beis required to be reported under proposed amendments toManitoba Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Derivatives: Trade Reporting, Ontario Securities Commission Rule 91-507 Derivatives: Trade Reporting, Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting (Québec) and, in the remaining provinces and territories, Multilateral Instrument 96-101 Derivatives: Trade Reporting (collectively, the TR RuleRules) ${ }_{\bar{i}}$ and are sourced primarily from the CPMI IOSCORevised CDE Technical Guidance - version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI)1 (the CDE Technical Guidance).

The DraftTechnical Manual is intended to assist market participants in providing informed comments to the proposedreporting under amendments to the TR Rule. The OSC expects to finalize the Draft Manual concurrent to publication of the proposed amendments to the TR RuleRules that are expected to become effective on July 25, 2025.

All terms in the DraftTechnical Manual that are defined in thea TR Rule have the same meaning as in the applicable TR Rule (including terms defined in Appendix A to the TR Rule), unless otherwise provided in the DraftTechnical Manual or unless the context otherwise requires.

Where data elements align with the data elements prescribed by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the CFTC), the OSETechnical Manual has generally adopted the name, definition, format, and allowable values as set out by the CFTC-except for terms that needed to be changed to be consistent with the TR Rule. Where additionat guidance is necessary for reporting a data element under the TR Rule, we anticipate providing.

It is expected that guidance in a footnote once the DraftTechnical Manual is finalized.
Following final publication, the OSC expects to update this manualwill be updated on a periodic basis to reflect updates from the Canadian Securities Administrators (CSA) and international updates.

### 1.1.1 Format of technical specifications

(1) \#: all data elements are assigned a number for ease of reference. The data element number is referenced throughout the DraftTechnical Manual and in the appendicesAppendix A to each of the TR RuleRules.
(2) Source: this column contains "CDE", "OSC" orCSA", "CFTC" or "ESMA". "CDE" refers to a data element in the CDE Technical Guidance. "CFTC" refers to a data element sourced from the Commodities Futures Trading Commission (CFTC). "ESMA" refers to a data element sourced from the European Securities and Markets Authority.
(3) Category: data elements are grouped by topic or category.
(4) Data Element Description: a concise description of the data element that is set out in Appendix A to each of the TR Rules and reproduced in the Technical Manual for convenience. These descriptions are intended to comply with CSA rule drafting standards while substantively aligning with the corresponding detailed explanation.
(5) (4) Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element: for CDE data elements, the definitionexplanation is sourced from the CDE Technical Guidance, with footnotes added to provide

[^45]clarity based on the CFTC's regulations. For "CFTC" data elements, the definitionexplanation is sourced to the specific rules/regulations of the CFTCfrom the CFTC Technical Specification, with footnotes added to provide clarity. For ESMA data elements, the explanation is sourced from EMIR REFIT validation rules. Data elements sourced from the CFTC and ESMA apply regardless of reporting requirements in the U.S. or Europe. For example, data elements sourced from the CFTC apply to all derivatives that are required to be reported under the TR Rules, as applicable, and not only to swaps under CFTC rules. Further, they apply under the TR Rules regardless of whether the derivative is otherwise required to be reported under CFTC rules.
(6) (5) Format: see Table below that illustrates the meaning of formats used throughout the document.

| Format | Content in brief | Additional Explanation | Example(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YYYY-MM-DD | Date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YYYY = four-digit year } \\ & \text { MM = two-digit month } \\ & \text { DD = two-digit day } \end{aligned}$ | 2015-07-06 <br> (corresponds to 6 July 2015) |
| YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ssZ | Date and time | YYYY, MM, DD as above <br> hh = two-digit hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed) <br> $\mathrm{mm}=$ two-digit minute (00 through 59) <br> ss = two-digit second (00 through 59) <br> T is fixed and indicates the beginning of the time element. <br> $Z$ is fixed and indicates that times are expressed in UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) and not in local time. | 2014-11-05T13:15:30Z <br> (corresponds to 5 November 2014, 1:15:30 pm, Coordinated Universal time, or 5 November 2014, 8:15:30 am US Eastern Standard Time) |
| Num(25,5) | Up to 25 numerical characters including up to five decimal places | The length is not fixed but limited to 25 numerical characters including up to five numerical characters after the decimal point. <br> Should the value have more than five digits after the decimal, reporting counterparties should round half-up. | $\begin{aligned} & 1352.67 \\ & 12345678901234567890.12345 \\ & 1234567890123456789012345 \\ & 12345678901234567890.12345 \\ & 0 \\ & -20000.25 \\ & -0.257 \end{aligned}$ |
| Num( $18,0 \underline{\underline{5}}$ ) ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | Up to eighteenfive numerical characters, no decimals are allowed | The length is not fixed but limited to eighteenfive numerical characters: | $\begin{aligned} & 1234567890 \\ & 12345 \\ & \underline{\underline{123}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Char(3) | Three alphanumeric characters | The length is fixed at three alphanumeric characters. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { USD } \\ & \text { X1X } \\ & 999 \end{aligned}$ |
| Varchar(25) | Up to 25 alphanumeric characters | The length is not fixed but limited at up to 25 alphanumerical characters. No special characters are permitted. If permitted, it would be explicitly stated in the format of the data element. | asgaGEH3268EFdsagtTRCF543 <br> aaaaaaaaaa |
| Boolean | Boolean characters | Either "True" or "False" or "true" or "false" | True / true <br> False $/$ false |

Table 1 - Explanation of formats used in the Technical Specification

[^46]
### 1.2 Explanation of Certain Data Elements or Categories

### 1.2.1 Direction of the transaction

The OSCTechnical Manual requires the reporting of Buyer/Seller or Payer/Receiver for this data element. This is a slightly different approach from that taken in the CDE Technical Guidance, which provides two options for reporting Direction. The reporting counterparty should NOTnot report both Buyer/Seller and Payer/Receiver for a given transaction, but instead use the reporting method appropriate for the type of instrument reported.

### 1.2.2 Repeating data elements or leg-based products

Depending on the product being reported and the related market convention, a multi-leg or multi-stream product could be reported using a particular data element more than once. Unless the data element is listed as "leg", it cannot be reported more than once. For products where the multi-leg or multi-stream concept is not applicable, report values in the designated data element for the first leg (Leg 1) for all fields that are specified as leg-based data elements. For products having two legs where one leg references a fixed value and the other leg references a floating value, Leg 1 elements should refer to the leg that references a fixed value and Leg 2 elements should refer to the leg that references a floating value. For products having two legs where each leg references a floating value respectively, the legs should be ordered based on the alphabetical ordering of the names of the respective underliers. In cases where the names of the respective underliers are the same, but they are differentiated by a tenor, Leg 1 elements should refer to the leg referencing the underlier with the shorter tenor.

### 1.2.3 Schedules

TransactionsDerivatives involving schedules which specify the details known upfrontat the time of execution of the transaction are required to be reported as part of creation data.

### 1.2.4 Lifecycle events

Because data elements related to lifecycle events are not currently set out in the CDE Technical Guidance, but are Fields that require reporting of multiple values in a single field can be reported using a delimiter between the reported values. The choice of delimiter is left to the discretion of the trade repository but the delimiter usage must be the same in all files. Fields that allow multiple values for submission have a standard variable length of 500 characters as the data type regardless of how each trade repository is collecting from their participants. Public dissemination is required underfor the TR Rule, the OSC is harmonizing with the CFTC specification until there is a EDE events categoryfirst 10 values in schedule fields.

Section

### 1.2.4 Actions and Events

Appendix 3.5 illustrates how different lifecycle-events should be reported in transaction reporting, position reporting and end-of-day (valuation and collateral) reporting.

At a minimum, any data elements that are impacted as part of actions and events should be reported. It is at the trade repository's discretion whether other elements should be included for event message types.

Corrections of valuation and collateral are allowed and should be reported using "VALU" and "MARU" action types.

Position reporting is an optional method of lifecycle reporting for transactions that meet the following conditions: they have no fixed expiration date and are in a class of derivatives in which each transaction is fungible. The
"Position Reporting" column in section 2 sets out how to report lifecycle events in relation to certain data elements. Where the "Position Reporting" field is blank for a given data element under section 2, this does not preclude that
data element from being reported in respect of lifecycle events where transactions meet these conditions. Lifecycle events may be reported at the position level in respect of all relevant data elements where transactions meet these conditions.

### 1.2.5 Validations

Validations are generally intended to be the same as the CFTC's as specified in theirits Part 45 swap data reporting requirements when the OSCTechnical Manual data element is also required by the CFTC. A trade repository may limit the number of data elements required to be submitted for Action Type TERM, PRTO, and EROR.

## Reporting Types:

Transaction = Creation data and Lifecycle Event data: Transaction means entering into, assigning, selling or otherwise acquiring or disposing of a derivative or the novation of a derivative. Each transaction must be reported as a unique derivative under the TR Rules.

Valuation= Valuation Data: Valuation data means data that reflects the current value of the derivative and includes the data in the elements listed in Appendix A under the heading "Data Elements Related to Valuation".

Collateral = Margin Data: Collateral and margin data means data that reflects the current amount of collateral and margin posted or collected as described in the elements listed in Appendix A under the heading "Data Elements Related to Collateral and Margin".

## Values:

$\mathrm{M}=$ Mandatory (The data element is mandatory and any additional validation rules, if specified, must also be followed)

C= Conditional (The data element is required if the conditions set out in the validation rules are fulfilled. Additional validation rules, if specified, must also be followed)

NR= Not Required (The data element is not required to be included in the report)
$\mathrm{O}=$ Optional (The data element should be included in the transaction if applicable. Additional validation rules, if specified, may be applied when populated)

## Leg-based data elements:

Validations in the Technical Manual included for leg-based data elements are meant to apply to the first leg (Leg 1). However, it should not be presumed that the validations apply similarly to the second leg (Leg 2). This is largely due to the conditionality between leg fields, and the fact that trade repository specific data elements can alter the application of published validations in ways not contemplated in the Technical Manual. Given this, trade repositories may incorporate other validations for leg-level data elements, should they deem it necessary.

A value may be provided where there is an else \{blank\}. It may be interpreted as "else optional".

### 1.2.6 Unique Product Identifier

## Data elements related to underlying asset:

This set of data elements captures information related to underliers when the information cannot be derived from the UPI. These data elements apply to all asset classes and should support any underliers.
$\bullet$ Data elements 128 and 129 should be used when the UPI Service Provider does not receive the identifier and its source for a particular underlier. In these cases, values for both 'Underlier ID' and 'Underlier ID source' are submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider.
$\bullet$ Data elements 130 and 131 are necessary to determine the price of an underlier asset or index that cannot be derived from the given UPI.

- Data element 121 is necessary to easily identify the derivative transactions based on crypto assets that cannot be identified from the given UPI.


### 1.2.7 Other payment fields

The set of data elements related to other payments can be reported multiple times in the case of multiple payments.

### 1.2.8 Packages

Package identifier should be used by reporting counterparties or entities responsible for reporting as a unique link between reports belonging to the same derivative contract, where the table of fields does not enable submitting the details in only one report and where the package transaction is composed of a combination of derivative contracts that are negotiated together as the product of a single economic agreement.

If a derivative contract ceases to exist, but gives rise to another derivative, those two contracts should be considered individually and not be reported as a package transaction, thus no package identifier should be used to link those reports in such circumstance, while at the same time the field 'Prior UTI' should be reported.

The reporting field 'Package transaction price' and 'Package transaction price currency' should be populated with the relevant price and currency for the entire package transaction rather than the price and currency of the individual components. If the individual components have individual prices and currencies those should be populated in the relevant report in field 'Price' and 'Price currency' in addition to the population of the field 'Package transaction price'.

### 1.2.9 Position reporting

Position reporting is an optional method of reporting for derivatives that meet the requirements under section 33.1 of the TR Rules. The "Position Reporting guidelines" in section 2.1 sets out how to report lifecycle events in relation to certain data elements. Lifecycle events may be reported at the position level in respect of all relevant data elements where derivatives meet these conditions. Refer to example 4.5 to review how positions are to be reported.

Positions may not be reported without previously reporting the derivatives separately at transaction level. Derivatives at transaction level should be updated to have an appropriate status, so that it is clear that they are no longer open and to avoid double-counting of the derivatives that were included in positions. The reporting counterparty should report the terminations of all the derivatives at transaction level that enter into the position. For new derivatives that are included in the position on the same day, action type "POSC" with no event type should be used. For derivatives that are included in the position on all other days, action type "TERM" and event type "INCP" should be used.

Where a position valuation becomes zero, there are only two possible ways to proceed:

- Termination of the position and reporting of a new one using a different UTI at a later stage. No valuations are reported between the termination of the first position and the creation of the latter.
- Maintaining the position open and reporting a zero contract value on a daily basis.


### 1.2.10 Prior UTI

Prior UTI should be assigned to the predecessor derivative that has given rise to the reported derivative due to a lifecycle event, in a one-to-one relation between derivatives. This data element is not applicable when reporting many-to-one and many-to-many relations between derivatives (e.g., in the case of a compression). In particular, the prior UTI will be applicable in the following events:
a. Full or partial novation (reported with Action Type: NEWT and Event Type: NOVA and includes Prior UTI);
b. Clearing;
c. Exercise (in the case of swaptions),
d. Allocation (reported with Action Type: NEWT and Event Type: ALOC and includes Prior UTI),
e. Corporate event (in the case of a split).

### 1.3 Historical Derivatives

Counterparties should not create a new UTI for outstanding derivatives, even if the original UTI is not fully compliant with e.g., new format requirements under the Technical Manual. For existing derivatives that utilize a USI (Unique Swap Identifier), the trade repository can allow for these to be submitted in a separate data element.

All existing derivatives should eventually be updated with the new data requirements and reported using the action field Modify (MODI) and event type Upgrade (UPDT).

## 2 Technical Specifications

Data Elements Related to Counterparties

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public <br> Dissemina ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CDE | Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty) | Identifier of the reporting counterparty | Identifier of the counterparty to an OTC <br> derivative <br> transaction ${ }^{4}$ who is fuffilling its reporting obligation via the report in question. <br> In jurisdictions where both parties must report the transaction, the identifier of Counterparty 1 always identifies the reporting counterparty. <br> In the case of an allocated derivative transaction executed by a fund manager on behalf of a fund, the fund and not the fund manager is reported as the counterparty. However, if the allocation of the block trade to specific funds does not take place prior to the reporting deadline, then the fund manager executing the transaction on behalf of the fund can be reported as the counterparty. <br> If a trading facility is fulfiling the reporting obligation, the identifier of | Char(20) for an LEI code | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, Www.gleif.org/www.gleif. org(). | N |  | Transaction <br> - M <br> Collateral - <br> M <br> Valuation - <br> M |

${ }^{4}$ References to "OTC derivative" and "transaction" in CDE data element explanations and in the Appendices to the Technical Manual should be read to mean derivative.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Dissemina ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Counterparty 1 identifies one of the counterparties to the transaction. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | CDE | Counterparty 2 (non-reporting counterparty) | Identifier of the nonreporting counterparty $\because$ | Identifier of the second counterparty $\underline{\underline{5}}$ to an OTC derivative transaction. <br> In the case of an allocated derivative transaction executed by a fund manager on behalf of a fund, the fund and not the fund manager is reported as the counterparty. However, if the allocation of the block trade to specific funds does not take place prior to the reporting deadline, then the fund manager executing the transaction on behalf of the fund can be reported as the counterparty. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacityz) or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, *ww.gleif.org-www.gleif. org(). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals(not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as non-reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N |  | Transaction <br> - M <br> Collateral - <br> M <br> Valuation - <br> M |
| 3 | CFTC | Counterparty 2 identifier source | Type of Counterparty $\underline{\underline{\text { identifier. }}}$ | Source used to identify the Counterparty 2. | Char(4) | - LEID = Legal Entity Identifier <br> - NPID = Natural Person Identifier, to identify person who are acting as private individuals, not business entities <br> - PLID = An internal identifier code" as nonreporting counterparty identifierif such counterparty or transaction is subject to | N |  | Transaction <br> - M <br> Collateral - <br> M <br> Valuation - <br> M |

[^47]2-ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity, ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> ffrom Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Dissemina ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Blocking Law and the reporting counterpartyonly if (1) Counterparty 2 is subject to a blocking law or consent requirement, (2) the applicable CSA regulatory authority has exemptiveissued a relief from such derivatives datadecision to the reporting counterparty relating to blocking laws and consent requirements, and (3) the reporting counterparty is complying with the conditions of the relief decision. |  |  |  |
| 4 | CDE | Buyer identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer. | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer, as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A nonexhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most forwards and forward-like contracts <br> (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange nondeliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> Varchar(72), for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> Varchar(72), <br> Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, Www.gleif.org/www.gleif. org(). <br> - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as non-reporting counterparty identifierifidentifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N | Where Buyer Identifier is applicable, the buyerlsoller determinatio $n$ is made on the net of all position components. | Transaction <br> - C if [Payer identifier] and <br> [Receiver identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterpar ty 1 (reporting counterpart y)] or [Counterpar ty 2 ] <br> CollateralNR <br> ValuationNR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> PublicDisseminaated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | CDE | Seller identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller. | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A nonexhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange nondeliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, <br> volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - Varchar(72), Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). <br> - - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> $\doteq$ - An internal identifier as non-reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. | N | Where Seller Identifier is applicable, the buyerlsoller determinatio $n$ is made on the net of all position components. | Transaction - C if [Payer identifier] and <br> [Receiver identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterpar ty 1 (reporting counterpart y)] or [Counterpar ty 2$]$ <br> CollateralNR <br> ValuationNR |


| Data <br> Eleme nt Numb er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Dissemina ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | CDE | Payer identifier <br> [Payer identifier-Leg 1] <br> [Payer <br> identifier-Leg 2] | Identifier of the <br> counterparty <br> of the payer leg. | Identifier of the counterparty of the payer leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A nonexhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this <br> - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps ${ }^{6}$, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign <br> exchange swaps, forwards, nondeliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). <br> - $\square$ •For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - $\square$ • An internal identifier as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such reporting requirements. | N | Where Payer Identifier is applicable, the payer/roceiv Of determinatio $n$ is made on the net of all position components. | Transaction - C if [PayerBuyer identifier] and <br> [ReceiverSe Iler identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterpar ty 1 (reporting counterpart $\mathrm{y})$ ] or [Counterpar ty 2 ] <br> CollateralNR <br> ValuationNR |
| 7 | CDE | Receiver identifier <br> [Receiver identifier-Leg 1] <br> [Receiver identifier-Leg 2] | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg. | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A nonexhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar}(72)$, for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> - Varchar(72), Internal | - ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). <br> - $\square_{\bullet}$ For natural persons who are acting as private individuals (not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement Individuals Acting in a Business Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently | N | Where <br> Rocoiver <br> Identifier is <br> applicable, <br> the <br> payer/receiv <br> er <br> determinatio <br> $n$ is made on <br> the not of all <br> position <br> components. | Transaction - C if [Buyer identifier] and [Seller identifier] are not populated, else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterpar ty 1 (reporting counterpart y)] or [Counterpar ty 2$]$ |

${ }^{6}$ For fixed-floating interest rate swaps, the payer is the counterparty paying the fixed rate.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Dissemina ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | swaps르, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign <br> exchange <br> swaps, forwards, nondeliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as non-reporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such reporting requirements. |  |  | CollateralNR <br> ValuationNR |
| 8 | ESMA | Broker Hidentifier ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | Identifier of a broker that acts as an intermediary for Counterparty 1 without becoming a counterparty | In the case a broker acts as intermediary for the counterparty 1 without becoming a counterparty himselfitself, the counterparty 1 shall identify this broker by a unique codelegal entity identifier. | - Char(20) | - LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/www.gleif. org(): | N |  | Transaction <br> $\overline{-0}$ <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| 9 | CSA | Country and Province or Territory of individuallndivid ual (nonreporting counterparty) | If an <br> individual is <br> a non- <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> , the <br> individual's <br> country of <br> residence <br> and, if the <br> individual's <br> residence is <br> in Canada, <br> the province <br> or territory. | For trades involving a <br> natural porsonlf the nonreporting counterparty is an individual, include-the individual's country of the residence ofand, if the person. If personindividual 's residence is in Canada, include-the province or territory. | - Char(5) | Any valid value based on ISO 3166-2. | N |  | Transaction <br> $\overline{\overline{0}}$ <br> $\overline{\text { Collateral - }}$ <br> $\overline{V R}$ <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

[^48]| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \underline{\text { Eleme }} \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Numb } \\ \text { er } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sourc } \\ & \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> (from <br> Appendix A to the TRRules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format |  | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{10}$ | CSA | Jurisdiction of Counterparty 1 |  | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty 1 is: <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, <br> - a local <br> counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in the derivatives data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, if the nonreporting counterparty is an individual who is a resident of the jurisdiction, and/or <br> - a local counterparty under paragraph (b) of the definition of local counterparty in Regulation 91-507 respecting Trade Repositories and Derivatives Data Reporting Québec) and is a qualified | To be determined by the designated/recogni zed trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | To be determined by the designated/recognized trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - <br> M <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Data }}{\underline{\text { Eleme }}} \\ & \begin{array}{c} \underline{\underline{\mathrm{nt}}} \\ \text { Numb } \\ \text { er } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sourc } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | Data Element Name | Data Element Description from Appendix A to the TRRules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values $\quad$Mvade <br> $\frac{\text { Avaiable }}{\text { Mo the }}$ <br> Public <br> Dissemina <br> ted | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Repositori <br> Qs and <br> Derivative <br> SData <br> Reporting <br> (Quétec) <br> and is a <br> qualified <br> person <br> Under <br> section <br> 82 of the <br> Derivative <br> sAct <br> Québec). | person <br> under <br> section 82 of <br> the <br> Derivatives <br> Act <br> (Québec).? |  |  |  |  |
| $\underline{11}$ | CSA | Jurisdiction of Counterparty 2 | Each jurisdiction in which Counterparty $\underline{\underline{2} \text { is: }}$ <br> - a local try under paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of local counterpa try in the derivative s data reporting rules of any jurisdiction of Canada, and/or <br> - a local counterpa try under paragrap h (b) of the definition of local counterpa rty in Regulatio n91-507 respectin g Trade Repositori es and Derivative s Data Reporting (Québec) and is a qualified person under |  | To be determined by the designated/recogni zed trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | To be determined by the designated/recognized trade repository in coordination with the CSA. | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - <br> M <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

[^49]| $\frac{\text { Data }}{\underline{\text { Eleme }}} \begin{gathered} \underline{\underline{\text { Et }}} \\ \text { Numb } \\ \text { er } \end{gathered}$ | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Made }}{\text { Available }} \\ & \frac{\text { to the }}{\text { Public }} \end{aligned}$ | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | section 82 of the Derivative s Act (Québec). | Act (Québec). |  |  |  |  |  |

## DateData Elements Related to TransactionsDerivatives

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio$\underline{\underline{n}}$(from <br> Appendix A <br> to the $T R$Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available tothe PublicDisseminated | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | CDE | Effective date 10 | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the derivative come into effect, as provided in the confirmatio n. | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction come into effect, as included in the confirmation. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Effective date initially feported when position was entered into. | Transaction- M <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 13 | CDE | Expiration date 11 | Unadjusted <br> date at <br> which <br> obligations <br> under the <br> derivative <br> cease to <br> be <br> effective, <br> as <br> provided in the <br> confirmatio <br> n. | Unadjusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction stop being effective, as included in the confirmation. Early termination does not affect this data element. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | N.A. | Transaction- M, whenC if <br> UPI.[ReturnorPayoutTri gger] is not 'Contract for Difference (CFD)' else \{blank\}. When populated, the value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Effective date] <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |
| 14 | CDE | Execution timestamp | Date and time of execution of a transaction $\stackrel{ }{\square}$ | Date and time a transaction was originally executed, resulting in the generation of a new UTI. This data element remains unchanged throughout the life of the UTI. 12 | YYYY-MM- <br> DDThh:mm:ss <br> Z, based on UTC. 13 If the time element is not required in a particular jurisdiction, time may be dropped given that - in the case of representation $s$ with reduced accuracy ISO 8601 | Any valid date/time. | Y |  | Transaction- M <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |

[^50]| Data <br> Eleme nt Numb er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio <br> $\underline{\underline{n}}$ <br> (from <br> Appendix A <br> to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | allows the complete representation to be omitted, the omission starting from the extreme right-hand side (in the order from the least to the most significant). |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | CDE | Reporting timestamp $=$ 4 | Date and <br> time of <br> submission <br> of the <br> report to <br> the trade <br> repository. | Date and time of the submission of the report as reported to the trade repository. | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ss Z, based on UTC. | Any valid date/time. | N |  | Transaction- M , the value shall be equal to or later than the value in [Execution timestamp] <br> Collateral- M <br> Valuation- M |
| 16 | CDE | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Unique identifier that identifies a derivative or position throughout its lifecycle. | A unique identifier assigned to all derivatives reported at the transaction or position level which identifies itthem uniquely throughout itstheir lifecycle and used for all recordkeeping and reporting. | $\operatorname{Varchar(52)}$ | ISO 23897 Unique transaction identifier, up to 52 alphanumeric characters. New UTIs should be constructed solely from the upper-case alphabetic characters A-Z or the digits $0-9$, inclusive in both cases. UTI is comprised of the LEl of the generating entity and a unique alphanumeric code. | N | Now UTI <br> created for position | Transaction- 6 if [Unique swap identifier (USI)] is not populated, else \{blank\}M <br> Collateral- C if [Initial margin collateral portfolio code] = 'TRANSACTIONLEVEL' and [Unique swap identifier (USI)] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation- 6 if funique swap idontifior (USI) Is not populated, olse \{blank\}] |
| 17 | CDE | Prior UTI (for one-toone and one-tomany relations between transaction s) | UTI <br> assigned to <br> a derivative <br> before the <br> occurrence <br> of a <br> lifecycle <br> event that <br> resulted in <br> the current derivative. | UTI assigned to the predecessor transaction that has given rise to the reported transaction due to a lifecycle event, in a one-to-one relation between transactions (e.g., in the case of a novation, when a transaction is terminated, and a new transaction is generated) or in a one-to-many relation between transactions (e.g., in clearing or if a transaction is split | $\operatorname{Varchar(52)}$ | ISO 23897 Unique transaction identifier, up to 52 alphanumeric characters. New UTIs should be constructed solely from the upper-case alphabetic characters A-Z or the digits 0-9, inclusive in both cases. | N |  | Transaction- C if [Action type] = 'NEWT' and ([Event type] = "NOVAT' or 'CLRG' or 'EXER' or 'ALOC' or 'CLAL') and [Prior USI (for one-to-one and one-to-many relations between transactions)] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |

[^51]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element$\underline{\text { Descriptio }}$$\underline{n}$ <br> Appom <br> Apendix A <br> to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | into several <br> different <br> transactions). <br> This data element is not applicable when reporting many-to-one and many-to-many relations between transactions (e.g., in the case of a compression). |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | ESMA | Subsequen t position UTI | UTI of the position in which a derivative is included. | The UTI of the position in which a derivative is included. This field is applicable only for the reports related to the termination of a derivative due to its inclusion in a position. | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters, only the-he upper-case alphabetic characters A$Z$ and the digits 0-9 are allowed | upperUpper-case alphabetic characters $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{Z}$ and digits 0-9 allowed | N |  | Transaction-C if <br> (Action type] $=$ 'POSC') <br> or ([Action type] $=$ <br> "TERM' and [Event type] <br> = 'INCP'), else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 19 | CFTC | Prior USI (for one-toone and one-tomany relations between transaction s) | Unique <br> swap <br> identifier <br> (USI) <br> assigned to <br> a derivative <br> before the <br> occurrence <br> of a <br> lifecycle <br> event that <br> resulted in <br> the current <br> derivative. | Unique swap identifier (USI) assigned to the predecessor transaction that has given rise to the reported transaction due to <br> a coyclelifecycle <br> event, in a one-to- <br> one relation <br> between <br> transactions (e.g., in the case of a novation, when a transaction is terminated, and a new transaction is generated) or in a one-to-many relation between transactions (e.g., in clearing or if a transaction is split into several different transactions). <br> This data element is not applicable when reporting many-to-one and many-to-many relations between transactions (e.g., in the case of a compression). | Varchar(42) | Refer to: CFTC USI Data Standard <br> Up to 42 <br> alphanumeric characters | N |  | Transaction- C if [Action type] = 'NEWT' and ([Event type] = 'NOVAT' or 'CLRG' or 'EXER' or 'ALOC' or 'CLAL') and [Prior UTI (for one-toone and one-to-many relations between transactions)] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data Element Descriptio n <br> (from <br> Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | CSA | Interaffiliate indicator | Indicator of <br> whether <br> the <br> derivative <br> is between <br> two <br> affiliated <br> entities. | Indicate whether the transactionderivati ve is between two affiliated entities. | Boolean | -TRUE = contract entered into as an inter-affiliate transaction -FALSE = contract not entered into as an inter-affiliate transaction | N |  | Transaction - M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation-NR |
| 21 | CFTC | Submitter identifier | Identifier of the entity submitting derivatives data to the trade repository. | Identifier of the entity submitting the derivatives data to the tradeswap data repository(TR), if reporting of the derivative has beendelegated by $\underline{\underline{15} \text { The }}$ <br> submitter identifier <br> will be the same <br> as the reporting counterparty toor <br> swap execution <br> facility (SEF), ${ }^{16}$ <br> unless they use a <br> third-party service <br> provider,-or if a <br> trading facility is <br> reporting the data <br> to submit the data <br> to SDR in which <br> case, report the <br> identifier of the <br> third-party service provider. | Char(20) | LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N |  | Transaction- M Collateral -M Valuation -M |
| 22 | CDE | Platform identifier | Identifier of the trading facility on which the transaction was executed. | Identifier of the trading facility (e.g., exchange, multilateral trading facility, swap execution facility) on which the transaction was executed. | Char(4) | ISO 10383 segment AIIC codeSegment <br> Market Identifier <br> Code. 17 <br> If no trading facility was involved in the transaction: <br> - XOFF, for transactions in listed instruments <br> - XXXX, for transactions in instruments that are not listed in any venue <br> - BILT, if the reporting counterparty cannot determine whether the instrument is listed or not, as per jurisdictional requirements. | Y |  | Transaction- C if [Cleared] = 'N' or 'l'; NR if [Cleared] = ' $\gamma$ ' <br> Collateral- NR <br> Valuation- NR |

[^52]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio <br> $\underline{n}$ <br> (from <br> Appendix $A$ <br> to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\underline{23}}$ | CSA | Platform anonymous execution indicator | Indicator of whether the transaction was executed anonymous y on a trading facility. | Indicator of whether the transaction was executed anonymously on a trading facility. | r Boolean | - True = transact executed anonym platform <br> - False = transac not executed an on a platform or applicable | was <br> usly on a <br> on was ymously t | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $23 \underline{\underline{24}}$ | ESMA | Master agreement type | Type of master agreement. | The type ofReference to the master agreement, ifused for the reported transaction type under which the counterparties concluded a derivative. | Char(4) | - 'ISDA' - ISDA <br> - 'CDEA' - FIA-ISDA <br> Cleared Derivatives <br> Execution <br> Agreement <br> -'EUMA' - <br> European Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'FPCA' - FOA <br> Professional Client <br> Agreement <br> - 'FMAT' - FBF <br> Master Agreement relating to transactions on forward financial instruments <br> - 'DERV' - <br> Deutscher <br> Rahmenvertrag für <br> Finanztermingesch äfte (DRV) <br> - 'CMOP' - Contrato <br> Marco de <br> Operaciones <br> Financieras <br> - 'CHMA' - Swiss <br> Master Agreement <br> - 'IDMA' - Islamic <br> Derivative Master <br> Agreement <br> - 'EFMA' - EFET <br> Master Agreement <br> - 'GMRA' - GMRA <br> - 'GMSL' - GMSLA <br> - 'BIAG' - bilateral agreement <br> - Or 'OTHR' if the master agreement type is not included in the above list | N |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Transaction }-M} \\ & \underline{\text { Collateral }-N R} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Valuation - NR }}} \end{aligned}$ |
| $24 \underline{\underline{25}}$ | ESMA | Master agreement version | Year of the master agreement version. | DateReference to the year of the master agreement version-(e.g. 1992, 2002,-2006) <br> relevant to the reported derivative, if applicable. | YYYY | ISO 8601 Date in the format YYYY | N |  | Transaction-C if [Master agreement type] is populated with a value different from 'BIAG' or 'OTHR', this field shall be populated. Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Notional Amounts and Quantities

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> for Detailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made Availabl e to the <br> Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25 \underline{\underline{26}}$ | CDE | Notional amount 18 <br> [Notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [Notional amount-Leg 2] | Notional amount for each leg of a derivative: | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: - for OTC <br> derivative <br> transactions <br> negotiated in <br> monetary <br> amounts, the amount specified in the contract. <br> - for OTC <br> derivative <br> transactions <br> negotiated in <br> non-monetary <br> amounts, refer to <br> Appendix 3.1 for <br> converting <br> notional amounts <br> for non-monetary amounts. <br> In addition: • For <br> OTC derivative transactions with a notional amount schedule, the initial notional amount, agreed by the <br> counterparties at the inception of the transaction, is reported in this data element. <br> - For OTC foreign exchange options, in addition to this data element, the amounts are reported using the data elements <br> Call amount and Put amount. <br> - For <br> amendments or <br> lifecycle events $\underline{\underline{19}}$, the resulting outstanding notional amount is reported; <br> (steps in notional amount schedules are not considered to be amendments or lifecycle events); <br> - Where the | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero-Any value (Negative values are only allowed for commodity derivatives when applies, e.g. to account for the cost of storage. $2 \underline{\underline{20}}$ | Y | The notional amount is calculatod as the not of buyer/seller or payer/receiv er position compononts. | TransactionFX M, if UPI.[Instrum ent type] = 'Option', the value shall match the value in [Call amount] or [Put amount] <br> Transaction $\overline{\bar{O}}$ CR/FX/CO/ EQ-M <br> CollateralNR <br> ValuationNR |

[^53]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Availabl <br> e to the <br> Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | notional amount is not known when a new transaction is reported, the notional amount is updated as it becomes available. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CDE } \\ & \text { CDE } \end{aligned}$ | Notional currency <br> [Notional currencyLeg 1] <br> [Notional currencyLeg 2] <br> Call amount $\qquad$ | For each leg of a derivative, the currency of the notional amount. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: currency in which the notional amount is denominated. <br> For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to buy. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Char(3) } \\ & \text { Aum }(25,5) \end{aligned}$ | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. <br> Any value greater than or equal to zero. | $\begin{aligned} & Y \\ & \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ | The call amount is calculated as the sum of all call amounts included in the position. | Transaction - M, if UPI.[Instrum ent type] = 'Option', the value shall match the value in [Call amountcurr ency] or [Put amountcurr ency] <br> Collateral_ NR <br> Valuation <br> NR <br> Transaction - Cif UPI.[Instrum ent typel= 'Option', elso \{blankf CollateralNR Valuation= NR |
| 28 | CDE | Call <br> curfrencyam <br> ount <br> [Call currencyLog 11 <br> Fall currency$\operatorname{Leg} 2]$ | Monetary amount that a person or company has the right to buy under an option. | For foreign exchange options, the currency in which the Callmonetary amount is denominatedthat the option gives the right to buy. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Char(3) Num(2 } \\ & \text { 5,5) } \end{aligned}$ | Gurrancies included in ISO 4217 Curfrency codes.Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | Transaction - FX C if UPI.Instrum ent type] = 'Option', at least one is required: ([Call amount] is populated, else \{blank\}or Put amountl) <br> Transaction $\overline{ }$ CR/EQ/IR/C 0-NR <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |



| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Data }} \\ & \underline{\text { Eleme }} \\ & \text { Numb } \\ & \text { er } \end{aligned}$ | Sourc e | Data <br> Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made Availabl e to the Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $31 \underline{\underline{32}}$ | CFTC | Notional quantity <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative negotiated in a nonmonetary amount, the fixed notional quantity for each schedule period. | For each leg of the swap transaction, 21 where applicable, for derivativeswap transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts with, the fixed notional quantity for each schedule period (ei..ge., 50 barrels per month). <br> The frequency is reported in Quantity frequency and the unit of measure is reported in Quantity unit of measure. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | The notional quantity is calculated as the not of buyerlsoller position components' notional quantity. | Transaction <br> - CO O <br> Transaction <br> $\overline{\overline{I R / F X I C R / E ~}}$ <br> $\underline{Q-N R}$ <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| $32 \underline{\underline{33}}$ | CFTC | Quantity frequency ${ }^{22}$ <br> [Quantity frequencyLeg 1] <br> [Quantity frequencyLeg 2] | Period for which the quantity is quoted. | TheFor each leg of the swap transaction where applicable, the rate at which the quantity is quoted on the swaptransaction. e.g., hourly, daily, weekly, monthly. | Char(4) | - HOURHOUL = Hourly <br> - DAIL = Daily <br> - WEEK = Weekly <br> - MNTH = Monthly <br> -ONDE = OnDemand <br> - YEAR = Yearly <br> - EXPI = End of term <br> - ADHO = Ad hoc which applies when payments are irregular | N |  | Transaction <br> - CO C if <br> [Notional quantity] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction三 <br> IR/FX/CR/E <br> Q-NR <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation NR |
| $33 \underline{\underline{34}}$ | CFTC | Quantity frequency multiplier [Quantity frequency multiplierLeg 1] <br> [Quantity frequency multiplierLeg 2] | Number of periods of the quantity frequency. | TheFor each leg of the swap transaction where applicable, the number of time units for the Quantity frequency. | Num(3,0) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | Transaction <br> - CO C if <br> [Quantity frequency] <br> \# 'ONDE' or 'ADHO', <br> else \{blank\} <br> Transaction $\equiv$ <br> IR/FX/CR/E <br> Q-NR <br> Collateral - <br> NR |

[^54]

23 " 99999999999999999999.99999 " is accepted when the value is not available. 25 numerical characters including decimals.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Availabl e to the Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | date are reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data olement is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are condition- or event-dependent. The curfrency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | CDE | Notional quantity schedule Unadjusted date on which the associated notional quantity becomes effective <br> [Effective date of the notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [Effective date of the notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each <br> notional <br> quantity set <br> out in a <br> schedule, the <br> date <br> (unadjusted <br> for business <br> day <br> convention) <br> on which the <br> notional <br> quantity <br> becomes <br> effective. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC <br> derivative <br> transactions <br> negotiated in <br> nonmonetary <br> amounts with a <br> Notional quantity <br> schedule. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are condition- or event-dependent. The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure, | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction <br> C if <br> Notional <br> quantity <br> schedule - <br> notional <br> quantity in <br> effect on <br> associated <br> effective <br> date] is <br> populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| 38 | CDE | Notional quantity schedule Unadjusted end date of the notional quantity | For each notional quantity set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in nonmonetary amounts with a | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction - COC if <br> Notional quantity schedule notional quantity in |


| Data <br> Eleme nt Numb er | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Availabl <br> $e$ to the <br> Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | [End date of the notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> [End date of the notional quantity Leg 2] | convention) <br> of the <br> notional <br> quantity. | Notional quantity schedule. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are condition- or event-dependent. The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure, |  |  |  |  | effect on <br> associated <br> effective <br> date] is <br> populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| 39 | CDE | Notional quantity schedule Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date <br> [Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date-Leg 1] <br> [Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date-Leg 2] | Each notional quantity, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 37 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 38. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary <br> amounts with a <br> Notional quantity <br> schedule <br> - Notional <br> quantity which <br> becomes <br> effective on the <br> associated <br> unadjusted <br> effective date. <br> The initial notional quantity and associated unadjusted effective and end date are be reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional quantities that are condition- or event-dependent. | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Transaction }} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { TOO }}} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Transaction }}} \\ & \overline{\overline{\overline{C R} R / R / F X I E}} \\ & \underline{\underline{Q-N R}} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Collateral - }}} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Valuation }}} \\ & \underline{N R} \end{aligned}$ |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made Availabl e to the Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | The quantity unit of measure for the varying notional quantities in the schedule is reported in Quantity unit of measure. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | CDE | Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date <br> [Notional amount in effect on associated effective date-Leg 1] <br> [Notional amount in effect on associated effective date-Leg 2] | Each notional amount, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 41 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 42. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Notional amount which becomes effective on the associated unadjusted effective date. <br> The initial notional amount and associated unadjusted effective and end datesdate are reported as the first values of the schedule. <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency. | Num(25,5) | Any value groater than or equal to zero-based on ISO 20022: <br> Derivative/NotionalCurrency AndAmount | N |  | Transaction <br> - IR C if <br> UPI.[Notion <br> al schedule] <br> \# <br> 'Constant', else \{blank\} <br> The number of notional <br> amount <br> values must <br> equal the <br> number of <br> start and <br> end date <br> intervals. <br> Transaction $\overline{\bar{B}}$ <br> CR/FX/CO/ <br> EQ-O <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| 41 | CDE | Notional amount schedule unadjusted effective date of the notional amount [Effective date of the notional amount-Leg 1] | For each notional amount set out in a schedule, the date unadjusted for business day convention) on which the notional amount becomes | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Unadjusted date on which the associated notional amount | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction C if <br> [Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} |


| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Data }}{\text { Eleme }} \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Numb } \\ \text { Numb } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sourc } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made Availab e to the Public <br> Dissemi nated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | [Effective date of the notional amount-Leg 2] | effective. | becomes effective <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency, |  |  |  |  | The number of date values must equal the number of notional amount values. <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |
| 42 | CDE | Notional amount schedule unadjusted end date of the notional amount <br> [End date of the notional amount-Leg 1] <br> [End date of the notional amount-Leg 2] | For each <br> notional <br> amount set <br> out in a <br> schedule, the <br> end date <br> (unadjusted <br> for business <br> day <br> convention) <br> of the <br> notional <br> amount. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable:for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts with a notional amount schedule: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the notional amount (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-toback with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with notional amounts that are condition- or event-dependent. The currency of the varying notional amounts in the schedule is reported in Notional currency. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction C if [Notional amount schedule notional amount in effect on associated effective date] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of date values must equal the number of notional amount values. <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |

Data Elements Related to Prices

| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition for Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | CDE | Exchange rate ${ }^{\underline{24}}$ | Exchange rate between 2 different currencies specified in the derivative. | Exchange rate between the two different currencies specified in the OTC derivative transaction agreed by the counterparties at the inception of the transaction, expressed as the rate of exchange from converting the unit currency into the quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 <br> USD/EUR, USD <br> is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 = EUR 0.9426. <br> Forward <br> exchange rate <br> should be reported. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num(18,13 } \\ & \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Any value greater than zero. | N |  | Transaction FX $\equiv M$ <br> Transaction IR/CR/CO/EQ NR <br> Collateral = NR <br> Valuation = NR |
| 44 | CDE | Exchange rate basis <br> [Exchange rate basisLeg 1] <br> [Exchange rate basisLeg 2] | Currency pair <br> and order in <br> which the <br> exchange <br> rate is <br> denominated. | Currency pair and order in which the exchange rate is denominated, expressed as unit currency/quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency, USD 1 = EUR 0.9426 . | Char(3)/Ch <br> ar(3); [Unit <br> currency/Q <br> uoted <br> currency], <br> without <br> restricting <br> the <br> currency <br> pair <br> ordering <br> (i.e., the <br> exchange <br> rate basis <br> may be <br> USD/EUR <br> or <br> EUR/USD. | Any pair of currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction FX $=M$ <br> Transaction - <br> R/CR/CO/EQ - <br> NR <br> Collateral $\equiv$ NR <br> Valuation $=\mathrm{NR}$ |
| 45 | CDE | Fixed rate <br> [Fixed rateLeg 1] <br> [Fixed rateLeg 2] | For each leg of a derivative with periodic payments, the annual rate of the fixed leg. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments, per annum rate of the fixed leg(s). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num(11,10 } \\ & \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Positive and negative values expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ) | Y |  | Transaction = CR C if <br> [Spread] is not populated and [Other payment type] $\neq$ 'UFRO', and [Postpriced swap indicator]= 'Falso', and UPI.[Instrument |

$\xlongequal{24 \text { For FX, forward exchange rate would be reported in this data element. }}$

| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - IR C if [Spread] is not populated and [Postpriced swap indicator] = 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if [Price] or [Spread] is not populated and [Postpriced swap indicator] $=$ <br> 'Falso', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - FXIEQ-NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 46 | CDE | Price ${ }^{25}$ | Price specified in the derivative. | Price specified in the OTC derivative transaction. It does not include fees, taxes or commissions. <br> For commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products $\underline{\underline{2}-6}$ with periodic payments, this data element refers to the fixed price of the fixed leg(s). <br> For commodity and equity forwards and similar products, this data element refers to the forward price of the underlying or reference asset. | Num(18,13 ), if Price notation $=$ 1 <br> Num(11,10 ), if Price notation $=$ 3 | - Any value, if Price notation $=1$ <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Price notation $=$ 3 | Y | WWAP | Transaction EQ C if [Spread] is not populated-and [Post-priced swap indicator] = 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction CO C if ([Fixed rate] or [Spread] is not populated)-and Post-priced swap indicator] = 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^55]| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data Element Description ffrom Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> PublicDisseminat <br> ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  | For equity swaps, portfolios swaps, and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For contracts for difference and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlier. <br> This data element is not applicable to: <br> - Interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate and Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Interest rate options and interest rate swaptions as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity basis-swaps and the floating leg of <br> commodity fixed/float swaps as it is understood that the information included in the data element Spread may be interpreted as |  |  |  |  |  |


| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\underline{\text { Data }}} \\ & \underline{\text { Elem }} \\ & \underline{\text { Num }} \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Sourc e | Data Element Name | $\quad$ Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | $\underline{\underline{\text { Made }}}$ $\frac{\text { Available }}{\text { to the }}$ Public Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  | the price of the transaction. <br> - Foreign exchange swaps, forwards and options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Exchange rate, Strike price, and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Equity options as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Credit default swaps and credit total return swaps, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate, Spread and Upfront payment (Other payment type: Upfront payment) may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> Where the price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the price is updated |  |  |  |  |  |


| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available$\underline{\text { Public the }}$ <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  | as it becomes available. <br> For transactions that are part of a package, this data element contains the price of the component transaction where applicable. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | CDE | Price currency | Currency in which the price is denominated. | Currency in which the price is denominated. <br> Price currency is only applicable if Price notation = 1. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y |  | Transaction EQ/CO <br> C if [Price notation] = ' 1 ', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 48 | CDE | Price notation | Manner in which the price is expressed. | Manner in which the price is expressed. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount <br> - 3 = Decimal | Y |  | Transaction EQ/CO C if [Price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - <br> IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 49 | CDE | Price unit of measure | Unit of measure in which the price is expressed. | Unit of measure in which the price is expressed. | Char(4) | ISO 20022: <br> UnitOfMeasureCode codeset or other TR approved UOM codeset | N |  | Transaction EQ/CO C if [Price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - <br> IR/FX/CR - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Data } \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Elem }}} \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Num } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sourc } \\ \mathrm{e} \end{gathered}$ | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values $\quad$$\frac{\text { Made }}{\text { Available }}$ <br> $\frac{\text { to the }}{\text { Public }}$ <br> Dissemin <br> ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| $\underline{50}$ | $\underline{\text { CDE }}$ | Price <br> schedule - <br> unadjusted <br> effective date <br> of the price | For each <br> price set out <br> in a <br> schedule, the <br> date <br> (unadjusted <br> for business <br> day <br> convention) <br> on which the <br> price <br> becomes <br> effective. | For OTC derivative transactions with prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted effective date of the price. <br> Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. The currency, notation, and unit of measure for the varying prices in the schedule are reported in Price currency, Price notation. and Price unit of measure data elements. | $\overline{\mathrm{DD} \text {, based }}$ on UTC | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction EQ/CO C if [Price schedule - price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction -CR/IR/FX-NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{\underline{51}}$ | CDE | Price <br> schedule unadjusted end date of the price | For each price set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the price. | For OTC derivative transactions with prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-to-back with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> Price schedule is only applicable if the price varies per schedule. The currency, notation, and unit of measure for the varying prices in the schedule are reported in Price currency, Price notation, and Price unit of | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Iransaction EQ/CO C if [Price schedule - price] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction -CRIRIFX-NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  | measure data elements. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underline{\underline{52}}$ | $\underline{\underline{C D E}}$ | Price schedule price | Each price, as set out in a schedule. in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 50 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 51. | For OTC <br> derivative <br> transactions <br> with prices <br> varying <br> throughout the <br> life of the <br> transaction: <br> - Price in effect <br> between the <br> unadjusted <br> effective date <br> and unadjusted <br> end date <br> inclusive. <br> Price schedule <br> is only <br> applicable if the <br> price varies per <br> schedule. The <br> currency, <br> notation, and <br> unit of measure <br> for the varying <br> prices in the <br> schedule are <br> reported in <br> Price currency <br> Price notation, <br> and Price unit of <br> measure data <br> elements. | Num (18,13 <br> if Price <br> notation $=1$ <br> $-$ <br> Num $(11,10)$ <br> if Price <br> notation $=3$ |  - Any value greater than z <br> Price notation $=1$ <br> 1 <br> 3). <br> 3 <br> - Any value expressed as <br> eg 0.0257 instead of 2.57 <br> Price notation $=3$  | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{0, \text { if }} \\ & \text { ocimal } \\ & \hline \text { o, if } \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - EQC if [Price] or [Spread] is not populated. and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction-COC if (IPrice), [Fixed rate], or [Spread] is not populated) and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction -CR/IR/FX-NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $50 \underline{\underline{53}}$ | CDE | Spread $2 \underline{I}$ <br> [Spread-Leg 1] <br> [Spread-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the specified spread on the reference price. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments (e.g., interest rate fixed/float swaps, interest rate basis swaps, commodity swaps), - spread on the individual floating leg(s) index reference price, in the case where there is a | Num(18,13 ), if Spread notation $=$ 1 <br> Num(11,10 ), if Spread notation $=$ 3 <br> - Num(5), if Spread notation $=$ 4 | - Any value, if Spread notation $=1$ <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Spread notation $=3$ <br> - Any integer value expressed in basis points (e.g., 257 instead of $2.57 \%$ ), if Spread notation $=4$ | Y | Volume <br> Weighted <br> Average <br> Spread | Transaction CR C if [Fixed rate] is not populated and [Other payment type] $\neq$ 'Upfront paymentUFRO', and [Postpriced swap indicator]= <br> 'Falsepayment UFRO', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - IR C if [Fixed rate] is not populated and [Postpriced swap indicator] = |

${ }^{27}$ For equity swaps, portfolio swaps, and contract for difference (CFDs), report the weighted overall spread for the basket instead of individual legs.

| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminat ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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|  |  |  |  | spread on a <br> floating leg(s). <br> For example, <br> USD-LIBOR- <br> BBA plus 03 or <br> WTI minus USD <br> 14.65; or <br> - difference <br> between the <br> reference prices <br> of the two <br> floating leg <br> indexes. For <br> example, the <br> 9.00 USD <br> "Spread" for a <br> WCS vs. WTI <br> basis swap <br> where WCS is <br> priced at 43 <br> USD and WTI is priced at 52 <br> USD. |  |  |  |  | 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction EQ C if [Price] is not populated, and [Post-priced swap ndicator] = 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] $\neq$ 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction = CO C if [Price] or [Fixed rate] is not populated and [Postpriced swap indicator] = 'False', and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction -FX-NR <br> Collateral = NR <br> Valuation $\equiv \mathrm{NR}$ |
| $515 \underline{\underline{4}}$ | CDE | Spread currency <br> [Spread currency-Leg 1] <br> [Spread currency-Leg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the currency in which a spread is denominated. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: the currency in which the spread is denominated. <br> This data element is only applicable if Spread notation $=1$. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | Y |  | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO C <br> if [Spread notation] = '1', else \{blank\} <br> Transaction -FX-NR <br> Collateral _ NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $525 \underline{\underline{5}}$ | CDE | Spread notation <br> [Spread-Leg <br> 1] <br> [Spread-Leg <br> 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the manner in which a spread is expressed. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: the manner in which the spread is expressed. | Char(1) | - 1 = Monetary amount <br> - 3 = Decimal <br> - 4 = Basis points | Y |  | Transaction CR/IR/EQ/CO C if [Spread] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Transaction - FX-NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available <br> to the <br> PublicDisseminat <br> ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| $53 \underline{\underline{66}}$ | CDE | Strike price | For a derivative that is an option, the price at which the owner of the option can buy or sell the underlying interest of the option. | - For options other than FX 릉 options, <br> swaptions and similar products, the price at which the owner of an option can buy or sell the underlying asset of the option. <br> - For foreign exchangeFX options, the exchange rate at which the option can be exercised, expressed as the rate of exchange from converting the unit currency into the quoted currency. In the example 0.9426 USD/EUR, USD is the unit currency and EUR is the quoted currency; USD 1 = EUR 0.9426 . <br> Where the strike price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the strike price is updated as it becomes available. <br> - For volatility and variance swaps and similar products, the volatility ! variance strike price-is reported in this data element. | Num(18,13 <br> ), if Strike <br> price <br> notation $=$ <br> 1 <br> Num(11,10 <br> ), if Strike <br> price <br> notation $=$ <br> 3 | - Any value (e.g., USD 6.39) <br> expressed as 6.39 , for equity options, commodity options, foreign exchange options and similar products, if Strike price notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.021 instead of $2.1 \%$ ), for interest rate options, interest rate and credit swaptions quoted in spread, and similar products, if Strike price notation = 3 | Y |  | Transaction = C if[Post-priced swap indicator] - 'False' and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |





| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc <br> e | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values $\quad$$\underline{$ Made  <br>  Availabl $}$ <br> Public <br> Dissemin <br> ed | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| $\underline{66}$ | $\underline{\text { CDE }}$ | Strike price schedule Unadjusted end date of the strike price | For each strike price set out in a schedule, the end date (unadjusted for business day convention) of the strike price. | For options, <br> swaptions and similar products with strike prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Unadjusted end date of the strike price (not applicable if the unadjusted end date of a given schedule's period is back-to-back with the unadjusted effective date of the subsequent period). <br> Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. The currency for the varying strike prices in the schedule is reported in Strike price currency data element. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | $\underline{N}$ | Transaction C if <br> Strike price <br> schedule - strike <br> price] is populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{67}$ | $\underline{\text { CDE }}$ | Strike price schedule strike price | Each strike price, as set out in a schedule, in effect from the date referred to in Data Element Number 65 to the date referred to in Data Element Number 66. | For options, swaptions and similar products with strike prices varying throughout the life of the transaction: <br> - Strike price in effect between the unadjusted effective date and unadjusted end date inclusive. <br> Strike price schedule is only applicable if the strike price varies per schedule. The currency for the varying strike prices in the schedule is reported in Strike price | $\doteq$ <br> Num $(18,13)$, <br> if Strike price <br> notation = 1 <br> Num $(11,10)$. <br> if Strike price <br> notation = 3 | - Any value (e.g. USD 6.39) expressed as 6.39, for equity options, commodity options, foreign exchange options and similar products, if Strike price notation $=1$ <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g. 0.021 instead of 2.1\%), for interest rate options, interest rate and credit swaptions quoted in spread, and similar products, if Strike price notation $=3$ | $\underline{N}$ | Transaction C if [Strike price] is not populated, and UPI.[Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |



[^56]

| Data <br> Elem <br> ent <br> Num <br> ber | Sourc <br> e | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | $\underline{\underline{\text { Made }}}$ $\underline{\text { Available }}$ (to the Public | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| 6571 | CFTC | Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier-leg 1] <br> [Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier-leg 2] | For each floating leg of a derivative, the number by which the floating rate reset frequency period is multiplied to determine the frequency of periodic payment dates in respect of a reset. | For each floating leg of the swap transaction, where applicable, number of time units (as expressed by the Floating rate reset frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates for reset occur. For example, a transaction with reset payments occurring every two months is represented with a Floating rate reset frequency period of "MNTH" <br> (monthly) and a Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier of 2 . <br> This data element is not applicable if the Floating rate reset frequency period is "ADHO". If <br> Floating rate reset frequency period is "EXPI", then the Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier is 1 . If the reset frequency period is intraday, then the Floating rate reset frequency period is "DAIL" and the Floating rate reset frequency period multiplier is 0 . | Num(3,0) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y |  | Transaction C if [Floating rate reset frequency period] $\neq$ 'ADHO', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Clearing

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from <br> Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| $66 \underline{\underline{72}}$ | CDE | Cleared | Indicator of whether a derivative has been cleared, or is intended to be cleared. by a clearing agency. | Indicator of whether the transaction has been cleared, or is intended to be cleared, by a clearingcentral agency-counterparty. 30 | Char(1) | - $Y=Y e s$, centrally cleared, for beta and gamma transactions. <br> - $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{No}$, not centrally cleared. <br> - 1 = Intent to clear, for alpha transactions that are planned to be submitted to clearing. | Y |  | TransactionM <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation NR |
| $67 \underline{\underline{73}}$ | CDE | Central counterparty identifier | Identifier of the clearing agency that cleared the derivative. | Identifier of the clearing agencycentral counterparty (CCP) that cleared the transaction. <br> This data element is not applicable if the value of the data element "Cleared" is " N " ("No, not centrally cleared") or "l" ("Intent to clear"). | Char(20) | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N |  | Transaction C if [Cleared] = ' $Y$ ', When populated, the value shall match the value in [Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty)]; <br> NR if <br> [Cleared] = ' N ' Or <br> 0 if [Cleared]三'l' <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |
| $68 \underline{\underline{74}}$ | CFTC | Clearing account origin | Indicator of whether the clearing member acts as principal or agent. | Indicator of whether the clearing member acted as principal for a house trade or an agent for a customer trade. | Char(4) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - HOUS = } \\ & \text { House } \\ & \cdot \text { CLIE = Client } \end{aligned}$ | N |  | Transaction C if [Cleared] = ' Y '; <br> NR if <br> [Cleared] = ' N ' or 'l' <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |


| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> from Appendix A to the TRRules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
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| $69 \underline{\underline{75}}$ | CDE | Clearing member identifier | Identifier of the clearing member through which a derivative is cleared by a clearing agency. | Identifier of the clearing member through which a derivative transaction was cleared at a slearing agencycentral counterparty. <br> This data element is applicable to cleared transactions under both the agency clearing model and the principal clearing model. 31 <br> - In the case of the principal clearing model, the clearing member is identified as clearing member and also as a counterparty in both transactions resulting from clearing: (i) in the transaction between the clearing agencycentral counterparty and the clearing member; and (ii) in the transaction between the clearing member and the counterparty to the original alpha transaction. <br> - In the case of the agency clearing model, the clearing member is identified as clearing member but not as the counterparty to transactions resulting from clearing. Under this model, the counterparties are the slearing agencycentral counterparty and the client. <br> This data element is not applicable if the value of the data element "Cleared" is "N" ("No, not centrally cleared") or "I" ("Intent to clear"). | Char(20), for an LEI code | ISO 17442 LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/). | N |  | Transaction C if [Cleared] = ' Y '; <br> NR if <br> [Cleared] = ' N ' or 'l' <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation NR |
| $70 \underline{\underline{76}}$ | CFTC | Clearing receipt timestamp | Date and time. expressed using Coordinated Universal Time, that the original derivative | The date and time, expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), the original derivativeswap was received by the derivatives clearing agencyorganization | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ssZ, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time-format. | N |  | Transaction C if ([Cleared] = ' $\gamma$ ' or ([Cleared] = 'l' and [Action type] = (TERM')) and [Event type] = |

[^57]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | was <br> recorded as <br> being <br> received by <br> the clearing <br> agency for <br> clearing. | (DCO) for clearing and recorded by the clearing agency DCO's system. ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |  |  | 'CLRG', else \{blank\}; <br> NR if <br> [Cleared] = ' N ' <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| $71 \underline{\underline{77}}$ | CFTC | Clearing exceptions and exemptions Counterparty 1 | Type of exemption from or exception to a mandatory clearing requirement applicable to Counterparty 1. | Identifies the The type of clearing exception or exemption that Counterparty 1 has elected or otherwise falls under. ${ }^{33}$ <br> All applicable exceptions and exemptions must be selected. <br> The values may be repeated as applicable. | Char(4) | - AFFL = Interaffiliate exemption, <br> - OTHR = Other exceptions or exemptions <br> Additional <br> values only <br> relevant to <br> CFTC: <br> - ENDU = End- <br> user exception, <br> - SMBK = Small <br> bank exemption, <br> - COOP = <br> Cooperative <br> exemption, <br> - NOAL = No <br> action Letter | N |  | ```Transaction - O if [Cleared] = ' N '; NR if [Cleared] = ' \(Y\) ' or 'l' Collateral - NR Valuation - NR``` |
| $72 \underline{\underline{78}}$ | CFTC | Clearing exceptions and exemptions Counterparty 2 | Type of exemption from or exception to a mandatory clearing requirement applicable to Counterparty $\underline{2 .}$ | Identifies the type of the clearing exception or exemption that Counterparty 2 has elected elected or otherwise falls under. <br> All applicable exceptions and exemptions must be selected. <br> The values may be repeated as applicable. | Char(4) | - AFFL = Interaffiliate exemption, § 50.52 <br> - OTHR = Other exceptions or exemptions <br> Additional <br> values only <br> relevant to <br> CFTC: <br> - ENDU = Enduser exception, <br> - SMBK = Small <br> bank exemption, <br> - COOP = <br> Cooperative <br> exemption, <br> - NOAL = No- <br> action Letter | N |  | Transaction O if [Cleared] = ' N '; NR if [Cleared] = ' $\gamma$ ' or 'l' <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |

[^58]Data Elements Related to Collateral and Margin

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $73 \underline{\underline{79}}$ | CDE; CSA | Collateralisatio n category | Indicator of whether there is an agreement in respect of collateral between the counterpartie $s$ and the nature of the collateralisati on. | Indicator of whether <br> a collateral <br> agreement (or <br> collateral <br> agreements) <br> between the <br> counterparties exists <br> (uncollateralised/part <br> ially <br> collateralised/one- <br> way <br> collateralised/fully <br> collateralised). This <br> data element is <br> provided for each <br> transaction or each <br> portfolio, depending <br> on whether the <br> collateralisation is <br> performed at the <br> transaction or <br> portfolio level, and is <br> applicable to both <br> cleared and <br> uncleared <br> transactions. | Char(4) | -UNCL <br> -PRC1 <br> -PRCZ <br> .PRCL <br> - OWC1 <br> - OWCZ <br> -OWP1 <br> -OWP2 <br> -FLCL | N |  | Transaction -NR <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation -NR |
| $74 \underline{\underline{80}}$ | CFTC | Portfolio containing nonreportable component indicator | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, indicator of whether the portfolio includes derivatives exempted or excepted from reporting. | If collateral is B <br> reported on a  <br> portfolio basis,  <br> indicator of whether  <br> the collateral  <br> portfolio includes  <br> swap transactions  <br> exempt from  <br> reporting.  | Boolean | - True <br> - False | N |  | Transaction —NR <br> Collateral —M <br> Valuation - NR |
| 81 | $\underline{\text { CDE }}$ | Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the initial margin posted relates to such single | Num(25,5) | Any or eq | ter than | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - <br> C if <br> ([Collateralisati <br> on category] = <br> 'OWC1' or <br> 'OWP1' or <br> 'FLCL'), else <br> \{blank\} ${ }^{34}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

[^59]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{(\text { from Appendix }}{\frac{\text { A to the TR }}{\text { Rules) }}}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin g | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the central counterparty, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $75 \underline{\underline{82}}$ | CDE | Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of <br> initial margin that <br> has been posted by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty, <br> including any margin <br> that is in transit and <br> pending settlement <br> unless inclusion of <br> such margin is not <br> allowed under the <br> jurisdictional <br> requirements. <br> If the collateralisation <br> is performed at <br> portfolio level, the <br> initial margin posted <br> relates to the whole <br> portfolio; if the <br> collateralisation is <br> performed for single <br> transactionstransacti <br> on, the initial margin <br> posted relates to <br> such single <br> transaction. <br> This refers to the <br> total current value of <br> the initial margin <br> after application of <br> the haircut (if <br> applicable), rather | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Sum of initiat margin posted for alt derivative s in the same position. | Transaction - NR <br> Collateral $\overline{=}$ C if ([Collateralis ation category= 'OWC1' or 'OWP1' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} $\underline{\underline{35}}$ <br> Valuation - NR |

$\xlongequal{35}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g., Because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Eement <br> Description$\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values |  | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Positio Report 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the clearing <br> agencycentral counterparty, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76 | CDE | Initial mar reporting haircut) | posted by the terparty (pre- | Monetary value of initial margin that has boen posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin posted felates to the whole portfolio; if the collatoralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. This refors to the total current value of the initial margin, father than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | of <br> margin <br> for <br> tives <br> same <br> n. | Transaction - NR CollateralGif (FCollateralisation eategory] = 'OWC1' of 'OWP1' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> $\frac{\text { A to the TR }}{\text { Rules) }}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values |  | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Positio Reporti 9 | A Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the elearing agency, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77 | CDE | Gurfency posted | ial margin | Gurfongy in which the initial margin posted is denominated. If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, this data dement reflects one of those curroncies into which the roporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of posted initial margins. | Char(3) | Gurrencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  |  | Transaction - NR <br> Gollateral <br> Gif[Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut)] or [Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (prohaircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |
| 78 | CDE | Initial mar reporting haircut) | collected by the terparty (post- | Aonetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfoliolevel, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. This refers to the | Num( 25,5 ) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | margin ed for ives same h. | Transaction - NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> ([Collateralisation <br> category] = <br> OWC2 or' <br> OWP2' of <br> 'FLCL'), olse <br> \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |



| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Description$\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values |  | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | V Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions, the data element does not include collaterat collected by the clearing agency as part of its investment activity. <br> If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80 | CDE | Gurfency collocted | ial margin | Gurfongy in which the initial margin collected is denominated. If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of collected initial margins. | Char(3) | Gurrencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  |  | Transaction - NR <br> Collatorat <br> Cif [Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut)] or \|Initial margin sollected by the reporting counterparty (prehaircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} Valuation - NR |
| 81 | CDE | Variation the repo (post-ha | in posted by ounterparty | Monetary value of the variation margin postod by the counterparty 1 (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refors to the total | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { f } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { f } \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { tives } \\ & \text { same } \\ & \text { n. } \end{aligned}$ | NR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values |  | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin 9 | A Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | current value of the variation margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of postod variation margins for the portfolio /transaction. <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 82 | CDE | Variation the reporti (pro-hairc | gin posted by counterparty | Monetary value of <br> the variation margin <br> posted by the <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> (including the cash- <br> settled one), and <br> including any margin <br> that is in transit and <br> pending settlement <br> unless inclusion of <br> such margin is not <br> allowed under the <br> jurisdictional <br> requirements. <br> Contingent variation <br> margin is not <br> included. <br> If the collateralisation <br> is performed at <br> portfolio level, the <br> variation margin <br> posted rolates to the <br> whole portfolio; if the <br> collateralisation is <br> performed for single <br> transactions, the <br> variation margin <br> posted relates to <br> such single <br> transaction. <br> This data element <br> refers to the total <br> current value of the <br> variation margin, <br> cumulated since the <br> first reporting of <br> variation margins <br> posted for the <br> portfolioltransaction <br> If the variation <br> margin posted is <br> denominated in more <br> than one currency, <br> those amounts are <br> converted into a <br> single curfency | $\operatorname{Num}(25,5)$ | Any value greater than or equal to zoro. | N |  | $f$ on for ives same $n$. | Transaction - NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> (fCollateralisation gategory]= <br> 'PRG1' or ' PRCL' or 'OWC1' of <br> OWP1' or OWP2' <br> or 'FLCL'), else <br> \{blank\} <br> Valuation - NR |


| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Data }} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Eleme }}} \\ & \text { Numb } \\ & \text { er } \end{aligned}$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}}{\text { Rules) }}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83 | CDE | Currency of *ariationinitial margin posted $\underline{\underline{36}}$ | Currency in which the initial margin posted is denominated | Currency in which the variationinitial margin posted is denominated. If the variationinitial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of posted *ariationinitial margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> [Variationlniti <br> al margin <br> posted by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty <br> post- <br> haircut)] or <br> Initial <br> margin <br> posted by the reporting counterparty (prehaircut)] is populated, else \{blank\} Valuation NR |
| 84 | CDE | Variation Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (postprehaircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variationinitial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty-4 (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlementContingent variation unless inclusion of such margin is not includodallowed under the jurisdictional requirements. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Sum of variation margin collected for all derivative sin the same position. | Transaction - <br> NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> (ICollateralis ation <br> category] = <br> 'OWC2' or' <br> OWP2' or <br> 'FLCL'), else <br> \{blank\} ${ }^{37}$ <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

[^60]| DataEleme <br> Numb <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Description$\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$$\frac{\text { Rules) }}{}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to <br> Ehe PublicDisseminate <br> $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | variationinitial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single <br> transactionstransacti <br> on, the rariationinitial margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the wariationinitial margin-collected after application of the haircut (if applicable), <br> Gumulated since ${ }_{ \pm}$ rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to <br> uncleared and <br> centrally cleared <br> transactions. For <br> centrally cleared <br> transactions, the first <br> reporting ofdata <br> element does not <br> include collateral <br> collected variation <br> margins forby the <br> portfolio <br> Aransactioncentral <br> counterparty as part <br> of its investment <br> activity. <br> If the variationinitial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty-4 and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{(\text { from Appendix }}{\frac{\text { A to the } T R}{\text { Rules) }}}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 85 | CDE | Variationlnitial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (preposthaircut) | Monetary value of the initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variationinitial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the *ariationinitial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single <br> transactionstransacti on, the variationinitial margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the wariationinitial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, cumulated since the first reporting ofdata element does not include collateral collected variation margins forby the portfoliol transactioncentral counterparty as part of its investment activity. If the *ariationinitial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N | Sum of variation margin collected for alt derivative sin the same position. | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> ([Collateralis ation category] = PRC2' or PRCL' or -OWC2 or OWP1'-or OWP2' or 'FLCL'), else \{blank\} ${ }^{38}$ <br> Valuation NR |

${ }^{38}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> $\frac{\text { A to the TR }}{\text { Rules) }}$ | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86 | CDE | Currency of *ariationinitial margin collected 3 畐 | Currency in which the initial margin collected is denominated | Currency in which the variationinitial margin collected is denominated. If the variationinitial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty has chosen to convert all the values of collected *ariationinitial margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> [Variationnniti <br> al margin <br> collected by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty <br> (post- <br> haircut)] or <br> Initial <br> margin <br> collected by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty <br> (pre- <br> haircut)] is <br> populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| 87 | CFTCCDE | Variation <br> margin <br> collaterat <br> portfolio code <br> posted by the <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> (pre-haircut) ${ }^{40}$ | Monetary <br> value of the <br> variation <br> margin <br> posted by the <br> reporting <br> counterparty <br> before a <br> haircut is <br> applied. | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty to(including the cash-settled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional | BooleanNum(25) 5) | - True, if collateralised on a portfolio basis <br> - False, if not part ofa portfolioAny value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral M $\underline{C}$ if <br> (ICollateralis ation category] = <br> 'PRC1' or ' <br> PRCL' or <br> 'OWC1' or <br> OWP1' or <br> OWP2' or <br> 'FLCL'), else <br> \{blank\} ${ }^{11}$ <br> Valuation <br> $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{NR}$ |

[^61]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\frac{\text { A to the TR }}{\text { Rules) }}}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | requirements. <br> Contingent variation <br> margin is not <br> included. <br> If the collateralisation <br> is performed at <br> portfolio that <br> trackslevel, the aggregate-variation margin related to a set of open transactions. This data element is not applicableposted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation wasis performed on afor single transactionlevel basis, or if there is no collateral agrooment, or if no collateral is posted or received. <br> The, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of variation margins posted for the portfolio-codo is required for both collateral reporting and valuation reporting in order to link the 2 data <br> sets. Itransaction <br> If the variation <br> margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 88 | GFTCCDE | Initial margin collateral portfolio code <br> Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Ifcollateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty to the portfolio that tracks the-aggregate initiat margin of a set of open swap | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Varchar(52) } \\ & \text { Num }(25,5) \end{aligned}$ | Up 10.52 <br> alphanumeric <br> charactersAny <br> value greater <br> than or equal <br> to zero. | N |  | Transaction - <br> $\overline{\text { NR }}$ <br> Collateral <br> A <br> C if <br> $\overline{\text { [Collateralis }}$ <br> ation <br> Category] $=$ <br> 'PRC1' or' |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }} \text { Rules) }$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transactions. This data element is not applicable if the collateralisation was performed on a transaction level basis, or if there is no collateral agreement, or if no collateral is posted or received.Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> The portfolio code is required for both collateral reporting and valuation reporting in order to link the 2 data sets. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of posted variation margins for the portfolio/transaction. <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more |  |  |  |  | PRCL' or <br> 'OWC1' or <br> OWP1' or <br> OWP2' or <br> 'FLCL'), else <br> \{blank\} $\underline{42}^{2}$ <br> Valuation <br> A-NR |

${ }^{42}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\begin{aligned} & \text { (from Appendix } \\ & \text { A to the TR } \\ & \text { Rules) } \end{aligned}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 90 | CDE | Currency of the excess collateral posted Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) ${ }^{43}$ | Monetary <br> value of the <br> variation <br> margin <br> collected by the reporting counterparty before a haircut is applied. | Currency in which the excess collateral posted is denominated. <br> If the oxcess collateral posted is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the counterparty 1 has chosen to convert all the values of posted excess collaterat. <br> Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio/ transaction. If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Char(3) Num(25,5 } \\ & t \end{aligned}$ | Gurrencies included in ISO 4217Any value greater than or equal to zero. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> (ICollateralis ation category] = <br> PRC2' or <br> PRCL' or <br> OWC2 or <br> OWP1' or <br> OWP2' <br> or'FLCL'). <br> else \{blank\} <br> 4 <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

[^62]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\frac{\text { A to the } T R}{\text { Rules) }}}$ | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91 | CDE | Excess collateralVariati on margin collected by the reporting counterparty 4 (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty after a haircut is applied. | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one), and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transaction, the variation margin collected relates to <br> such single transaction. <br> Alonetary value of any additionat collateral collected by the counterparty 1 separate and independent from initial and variation margin-This data element refers to the total current value of the excess collateral beforevariation margin collected after application of the haircut (if applicable), father than to its daily change. <br> Any initial or variation margin amount collected that oxcoods the required initial | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zeros | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral C if <br> (ICollateralis ation category] = <br> PRC2' or <br> PRCL' or <br> OWC2 or <br> OWP1' or <br> OWP2' <br> or'FLCL'), <br> else \{blank\} <br> 45 <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

${ }^{45}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | margin or required variation margin, is reported as partcumulated since the first reporting of the initial margin collected-or variation margin collected respectively, rather than included as excess collateral collected. For centrally cleared transactions excess collateral is reported only to the oxtent it can be assigned to a specificmargins for the portfolio or ltransaction. <br> If the variation <br> margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92 | CDE | Currency of excess collateralvariati on margin collected | Currency in which the variation margin collected is denominated $=$ | Currency in which the excess collateralvariation margin collected is denominated. <br> If the excess collateratvariation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, this data element reflects one of those currencies into which the reporting counterparty 4-has chosen to convert all the values of collected excess collateralvariation margins. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral <br> C if <br> Variation <br> margin <br> collected by <br> the reporting <br> counterparty <br> pre- <br> haircut)] is <br> populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Valuation - <br> NR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> $\frac{\text { A to the } T R}{\text { Rules) }}$ | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values $\quad$Made <br> Available to <br> the Public <br>  <br>  <br> Disseminate <br> $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\underline{93}}$ | CFTC | Variation margin collateral portfolio code | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty that identifies the variation margin related to the open transactions that are included in the portfolio. | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty to the portfolio that tracks the aggregate variation margin related to a set of open transactions. This data element is not applicable if the collateralisation was performed on a transaction level basis, or if there is no collateral agreement, or if no collateral is posted or received. The portfolio code is required for both collateral reporting and valuation reporting in order to link the 2 data sets. | $\underline{\text { Varchar(52) }}$ | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters $\underline{\underline{46}}$ | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - $\underline{\underline{0}}$ Collateral - M Valuation - M |
| $\underline{\underline{94}}$ | CFTC | Initial margin collateral portfolio code | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty that identifies the initial margin related to the open transactions that are included in the portfolio. | If collateral is reported on a portfolio basis, a unique code assigned by the reporting counterparty to the portfolio that tracks the aggregate initial margin of a set of open transactions. This data element is not applicable if the collateralisation was performed on a transaction level basis, or if there is no collateral agreement, or if no collateral is posted or received. <br> The portfolio code is required for both collateral reporting and valuation reporting in order to link the 2 data sets. | Varchar(52) | Up to 52 alphanumeric characters ${ }^{47}$ | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - <br> O <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation-M |

[^63]Data Elements Related to Actions and Events

| Data Elemen t Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin g | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9395 | CFTCCDE | Event timestamp | Date and time of occurrenc $\qquad$ event relating to a derivative. | Date and time of occurrence of the event, <br> In the case of a modification agreed for a future date, this data element should reflect the date, the modification occurs (becomes effective) and not when it was negotiated. <br> In the case of a correction, this data element should reflect the date and time as determined byof when the reporting counterparty or a service providercorrection is applicable. <br> In the case of a clearing event, this data element should reflect the recorded date and time when the originat derivativealpha transaction is accepted by the clearing agencycentral counterparty (GACCP) for clearing. <br> In the case of collateral update, the date and recorded by the CA's system should be reported in this data element. <br> The time elementis as specificas technologically practicable time for which the information contained in the report is provided. | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ssZ , based on UTC. If the time element is not available for the event lifecycle, time may be dropped given that-in the gase of representations with roduced accuracy-ISO 8601 allows the complete representation to be omitted, the omission starting from the extrome righthand side (in the order from the least to the most significant). 48 | Any valid date/time based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y |  | Transactio A-M, The value shall be equal to or tater than the value in [Execution timestamp] Collateral- A Valuation- NR <br> Transaction- <br> M, <br> The value shall be equal to or later than the value in Execution timestamp <br> Collateral - M <br> Valuation - NR |

[^64] available, report "00:00:00" for the time portion.

| Data Elemen t Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values |  | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $94 \underline{\underline{96}}$ | $\frac{\text { ESAMACD }}{\underline{\underline{E}}}$ | Level | Indicator of whether the report is in respect of a derivative or a position. | Indication whether the report is done at trade or position level. Position level report can be used only-as a supplement to trade level reporting to report post- trade events and only if individual trades in fungible products have been replaced by the position. | Char(4) | - TCTN = <br> Trade <br> - PSTN = <br> Position |  | N |  | Transaction - <br> $\underline{M}$ <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $95 \underline{\underline{97}}$ | CFTCCDE | Event identifier | Unique identifier that links derivatives relating to an event. | Unique identifier to link derivative transactions entering into and resulting from an event, which may be, but is not limited to, compression or other post trade risk reduction exercises, and-credit event, etc. The unique identifier may be assigned by the reporting counterparty or a service provider or CCP providing the service ${ }^{49}$. | Varchar(52) | ISO 17442 <br> LEl code of the entity assigning the event identifier followed by a unique identifier up to 32 characters. |  | N |  | Transaction C if [Event type] = 'COMP' or 'CREV', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 96 | CFTC | Event type |  | Explanation of reason for the action being taken on the derivative transaction. <br> Events mayinclude, but are not limited to, trade, novation, comprossion or risk reduction exercise, early termination, clearing, exercise, allocation, clearing and allocation, crodit event, and transfor. Trade: A creation ormodification, of a transaction. <br> Novation: A novation legally moves partial or all of the financial risks of a derivative froma transforor to a transforeo and has the effect of terminating/modifyin g the original transaction and croating a now transaction to identify the exposure between the | Char(4) | - TRAD = <br> Trade <br> - NOVA = <br> Novation <br> - COMP = <br> Compression <br> or Risk <br> Roduction <br> - ETRM = <br> Early termination <br> - CLRG = <br> Clearing <br> - EXER = <br> Exercise <br> - ALOC = <br> Allocation <br> -CLAL = <br> Clearing <br> Allocation <br> - CREV = <br> CDS Crodit <br> -PTNG $=$ <br> Porting <br> - CORP = <br> Corporate <br> event <br> - UPDT = <br> Upgrade | 7 |  |  | action CM, for ction type and type <br> ral - NR <br> ion - NR |

${ }^{49}$ The identifier which relates to the same event should be unique per event.

| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Data }} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { Elemen }}} \\ & \text { Number } \end{aligned}$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> $\frac{\text { from Appendix }}{\text { Ato the TR }}$ Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of DataElement | Format | Values | Made <br> Available tothe PublicDisseminate$d$ | Position Reportin <br> g | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transferor/transferee and remaining party. Compression or Risk Reduction Exercise: Compressions and risk roduction exercises generally have the effect of terminating or modifying (i.e., reducing the notional value) a set of existing transactions and of creating a set of now <br> transaction(s). These processes result in largely the same exposure of market risk that existed prior to the event for the counterparty. <br> Early termination: Formination of an existing derivative transaction prior to scheduled fermination or maturity date. <br> Clearing: Contrat clearing is a process where a clearing agency interposes itself between counterparties to contracts, bocoming the buyor to every seller and the seller to overy buyer. It has the effect of terminating an existing transaction between the buyer and the sellor and thereby onsuring the performance of open contracts. <br> Exercise: The process by which a counterparty fully or partially exercises their rights specified in the contract of an option or a swaption. Allocation: The process by which an agent, having facilitated a single derivative transaction on behalf of soveral clionts, allocates a portion of the oxecuted derivative to the clients. <br> Clearing and Allocation: A simultaneous |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { Ato the TR }} \\ & \text { Rules) } \end{aligned}$ | Definition <br> forDetailedExplanation of DataElement | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to <br> the PublicDisseminate <br> $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | clearing and <br> allocation event in a clearing agency. <br> Credit event: An <br> event or trigger that <br> results in the <br> modification of the <br> state of a proviously <br> submitted credit <br> derivative <br> transaction. Applies <br> only to credit <br> derivatives. <br> Transfor: The <br> process by which a <br> derivative is <br> transferred to <br> another TR that has <br> the effect of the <br> closing of the <br> derivative <br> transaction at one <br> TR or opening of the <br> same derivative <br> transaction using the <br> same UTI in a <br> different TR. <br> Corporate ovent: A corporate action on equity underlying that impacts the transactions on that equity. Upgrade: An upgrade of an outstanding transaction performed in order to ensure its conformity with the amended reporting <br> requirements. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $97 \underline{\underline{98}}$ | CFTCCDE | Action type ${ }^{50}$ | Indicator of $\underline{\text { the type of }}$ action or reporting relating to the derivative or position. | Type of action taken on the derivative transaction or type of end-of-day reporting. Actions may include, but are not limited to, new, modify, correct, error, terminate, revive, transfor out, *aluation, and collateral. <br> New: An action that reports a new derivative transaction. It applies to the first message relating to a now UT1. <br> Modify: An action that modifies the state of a previously | Char(4) | - NEWT = New <br> - MODI = <br> Modify <br> - CORR = <br> Correct <br> - EROR = <br> Error <br> - $\mathrm{REVI}=$ <br> Revive <br> - TERM $=$ <br> $\overline{\text { Terminate }}$ <br> - PRTO = <br> PortTransfer <br> out <br> - VALU = <br> Valuation <br> - MARU = <br> Collateral <br> / Margin <br> Update | Y |  | Transaction M, for valid Action type and Event type see Appendix 3.5 <br> Collateral - M, must equal 'MARU' <br> Valuation - M, must equal 'VALU' |

${ }^{50}$ Only one Action type value is allowed per submission. Multiple Action type values should not be submitted in one transaction report. For example, if a data element needs to be corrected on a previously submitted transaction that is getting terminated, the Correct (CORR) value should be submitted as a separate submission prior to the submission of the Terminate (TERM) transaction.

| Data Elemen $\underline{t}$ Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$ Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | submitted transaction (e.g., credit event) or changes a term of a proviously submilted transaction due to a newly negotiated modification (amendment) or updates previously missing information (e.g., post price derivative). It doos <br> not include correction of a provious transaction. Correct: An action that corrects erroneous data of a previously submitted transaction. <br> Erfor: An action of Gancellation of a Wrongly submitted entire transaction in case it never came into existence, or a Gancollation of duplicate report. <br> Terminate: An action that closes an existing transaction because of a new event (e.g., Compression, Novation). This doos not apply to transactions that terminate at contractual maturity date. <br> Revive: An action that reinstates a derivative transaction that was reported as error or terminated by mistake. <br> Transfer out: An action that transfers derivative transaction from one IR to another TR (change of derivative data repository). Valuation: An update to valuation data. There will be no corresponding Event ype. <br> Collateral: An update to collateral margin data. There will be no corresponding Event type. <br> Position Component: <br> A roport of a now |  | -POSC = <br> Position <br> Component |  |  |  |


|  | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> $\frac{\text { from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$ Rules) | $\frac{$ Definition  <br>  forDetailed  <br>  Explanation of Data  <br>  Element }{ Da } | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to <br> the PublicDisseminate <br> $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | transaction that is included in a separate position report on the same day. <br> Type of action taken on the transaction or <br> type of end-of-day <br> reporting. See <br> Appendix 3.8 for a description of the allowable values. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underline{\underline{99}}$ | CDE | Event type | Indicator of the type of lifecycle event or reason for the action referred to in Data Element Number 98. | Explanation or reaso for the action being taken on the transaction. See Appendix 3.7 for a description of the allowable values. | Char(4) | - TRAD $=$ - NOVA $=$ Novation/ - COMP $=$ reduction - ETRM $=$ termination - CLRG $=$ - EXER $=$ - ALOC $=$ -CLAL $=$ C Allocation - CREV $=$ - PTNG $=$ - INCP $=1$ position -CORP $=$ event - UPDT $=$ | -in ctrade risk cise aring cisation aring \& dit Event sion in porate ate | $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ | Transaction C. for valid Action type and Event type, see Appendix 3.5 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 98100 | CFTC | Amendmen t indicator | Indicator of whether an amendment to the derivative relates to an event. | Indicator of whether the modification of the-swap transaction reflects newly agreed upon term(s) from the previously negotiated terms. | Boolean | - True <br> - False <br> - True <br> - False | NY |  | Transaction C if [Action type] = 'MODI', else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation - NR |

Data Elements Related to Valuation

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $99 \underline{\underline{101}}$ | CDE | Valuation amount 51 | Value of the derivative. | Current value of the outstanding contract without applying any <br> valuation <br> adjustments (some examples include XVA adjustment such as CVA, DVA, etc). <br> Valuation amount is expressed as the exit cost of the | Num(25,5) | Any numerical value. | N | Sum of valuation amounts for alt derivatives in the position or valuation of the position itsolf if it is evaluated | Transaction NR <br> Collaterat NR <br> Valuation M <br> TransactionNR <br> Collateral - NR |

${ }^{51}$ Valuation amount must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.

| Data <br> Element Number | Source | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data <br> Eement <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> A to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | contract or components of the contract, i.e., the price that would be received to sell the contract (in the market in an orderly transaction at the valuation date). |  |  |  | as a single element. | Valuation-M |
| $100 \underline{\underline{102}}$ | CDE | Valuation currency | Currency in which the valuation amount is denominated. | Currency in which the valuation amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction - NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M |
| $101 \underline{\underline{103}}$ | CDE | Valuation method | Source and method used to value the derivative. | Source and method used for the valuation of the transaction by the reporting counterparty. If at least one valuation input is used that is classified as mark-to-model in <br> Appendix 3.3, then the whole valuation is classified as mark-to-model. If only inputs are used that are classified as mark-to-market in Appendix 3.3, then the whole valuation is classified as mark-to-market. | Char(1) | - MTMA = Mark-tomarket <br> - MTMO = Mark-tomodel <br> - CCPV = Clearing agency's valuation <br> (Classification of valuation inputs are provided in Appendix 3.3) | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M, when populated with 'CCPV', <br> [Cleared] must be ' $Y$ |
| $102 \underline{\underline{104}}$ | CDE | Valuation timestamp | Date and time that the value of the derivative referred to in Data Element Number 101 was determined. | Date and time of the last valuation marked to market, provided by the clearing agencycentral counterparty (CCP) ${ }^{52}$ or calculated using the current or last available market price of the inputs. If for example a currency exchange rate is the basis for a transaction's valuation, then the valuation timestamp reflects the moment in time | YYYY-MMDDThh:mm:ssZ, based on UTC[ [㘶. If the time element is not required in a particular jurisdiction, time may be dropped given that - in the case of representations with reduced accuracy - ISO 8601 allows the complete representation to be omitted, the omission starting from the extreme righthand side (in | Any valid date/time based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - M |

[^65]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Eement <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> A to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | that exchange rate was current. | the order from the least to the most significant). |  |  |  |  |
| $1031 \underline{\underline{105}}$ | CFTC | Next floating reference reset date <br> Next <br> floating <br> reference <br> reset date $\underline{\underline{-\operatorname{Leg} 1]}}$ <br> Next <br> floating <br> reference <br> reset date <br> - Leg 2] | Next date on which the floating reference will reset. | The nearest date in the future that the floating reference resets on. | YYYY-MM-DD | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation- 6 if <br> [tast floating <br> reference <br> value] is <br> populated, else <br> \{blank\} |
| $104 \underline{\underline{106}}$ | CFTC | Last floating reference value <br> [Last floating reference value-Leg 1] [Last floating reference value-Leg 2] | Value of the floating reference on the date referred to in Data Element Number 107. | The most recent sampling of the value of the floating reference for the purposes of determining cash flow. Ties to Last floating reference reset date data element. | Num(11,10) | Positive and negative values expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of 2.57\%) | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation-6 if <br> UPI.[Underlier <br> HO] is <br> populated, olse <br> \{blankjo |
| $105 \underline{\underline{107}}$ | CFTC | Last floating reference reset date <br> [Last floating reference reset date-Leg 1] <br> [Last floating reference reset date-Leg 2] | Most recent date of the floating reference reset. | The date of the most recent sampling of the floating reference for the purposes of determining cash flow. Ties to Last floating reference value data element. | YYYY-MM-DD | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 <br> Date and time format. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation- C if <br> [tast floating <br> reference <br> value] is <br> populated, else <br> \{blank\} |


| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data <br> Element Name | Data <br> Eement <br> Description <br> (from Appendix <br> A to the $T R$ <br> Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 106108 | CDE | Delta ${ }^{54}$ | Ratio of the change in the price of the derivative to the change in the price of the underlying interest of the derivative. | The ratio of the change in the price of an OTC derivative transaction to the change in the price of the underlier,-at the time a new transaction is reported or when a change in the notional amount is reported. | Num(25,5) | Any value-between negative one and one. | N |  | Transaction NR <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - C if <br> UPI.[Instrument type] = <br> ‘Option', else \{blank\} |

## Data Elements Related to Packages

| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data <br> Element Name | Data Element Description <br> from Appendix A to the $T R$ Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{109}$ | CFTC | Package indicator | Indicator of whether the derivative is a component of a package if <br> (a) 2 or more derivatives that are reported separately by the reporting counterparty are entered into under a single agreement, or <br> (b) 2 or more reports relate to the same derivative and the derivative cannot be reported using a single report as a result of the reporting requirements of one or more jurisdictions of Canada or one or more foreign jurisdictions. | Indicator of whether the swap transaction is part of a package transaction. | Boolean | - True <br> - False |  | $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ | Transaction - <br> M <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |


| Data Element Number | Source | Data Element Name |  | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $107 \underline{\underline{110}}$ | CDE | Package identifier $\underline{55}$ | Identifier of the package referred to in Data Element Number 109. | Identifier (determined by the reporting counterparty) in order to connect <br> - two or more transactions that are reported separately by the reporting counterparty, but that are negotiated together as the product of a single economic agreement. <br> - two or more reports pertaining to the same transaction whenever jurisdictional reporting requirement does not allow the transaction to be reported with a single report to <br> TRstrade repositories. <br> A package ${ }^{56}$ may include reportable and non-reportable transactions. <br> This data element is not applicable <br> - if no package is involved, or <br> - to allocations <br> Where the Packagepackage identifier is not known when a new transaction is reported, the Packagepackage identifier is updated as it becomes available. | $\operatorname{Varchar}(100)$ | Up to 100 alphanumeric characters. . 5 | N |  | Transaction - C if <br> [Package indicator] = 'True', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |

[^66]| Data <br> Element <br> Number | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the } T R}$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminated | Position Reporting | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $108 \underline{111}$ | CDE | Package transaction price | Price of the package referred to in Data Element Number 109. | Traded price of the entire package in which the reported derivative transaction is a component. <br> This data element is not applicable if <br> - no package is involved, or <br> - package transaction spread is used Prices and related data elements of the transactions (Price currency, Price notation, Price unit of measure) that represent individual components of the package are reported when available. <br> The Package transaction price may not be known when a new transaction is reported but may be updated later | - Num(18,13), if Package transaction price notation = 1 <br> - Num(11,10), if Package transaction price notation $=3$ | - Any value, if <br> Package transaction price notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.0257 instead of 2.57\%), if Package transaction price notation $=3 \underline{\underline{58}}$ | N |  | Transaction <br> C if <br> [Package indicator] = <br> 'True' and <br> [Package transaction spread] is not populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral NR <br> Valuation NR |
| $109 \underline{\underline{112}}$ | CDE | Package transaction price currency | Currency in <br> which the <br> package <br> transaction <br> price is denominated. | Currency in which the Package transaction price is denominated. This data element is not applicable if: <br> - no package is involved, or <br> - Package transaction spread is used, or - Package transaction price notation $=3$ | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. | N |  | Transaction <br> C if <br> [Package <br> transaction <br> price <br> notation] $=$ <br> '1', else <br> \{blank\} <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |
| $110 \underline{\underline{113}}$ | CDE | Package transaction spread | Price of the package referred to in Data Element 109. <br> expressed as a spread. | Traded price of the entire package in which the reported derivative transaction is a component of a package transaction. Package transaction price when the price of the package is expressed as a spread, difference between two reference prices. This data element is not applicable if -no package is involved, or <br> -Package transaction price is used <br> Spread and related | - Num(18,13), <br> if Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=1$ <br> - $\operatorname{Num}(11,10)$, <br> if Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=3$ <br> - Num(5), if <br> Package <br> transaction <br> spread <br> notation $=4$ | - Any value, if Package transaction spread notation = 1 <br> - Any value expressed as decimal (ege.g. 0.0257 instead of 2.57\%), Package spread price notation = 3 <br> - Any integer value expressed in basis points (ege.g. 257 instead of 2.57\%), if Package transaction spread notation $=4$ | N |  | Transaction <br> C if <br> [Package <br> indicator] = <br> 'True' and <br> [Package <br> transaction <br> price] is not <br> populated, <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - <br> NR <br> Valuation - <br> NR |

[^67]
${ }^{59}$ Default value with all 9's, for any of the allowable formats, is accepted when the value is unknown. When [Package transaction price notation] = ' 1 ' use "99999.9999999999999" (18 numerical characters including 13 decimal places). When [Package transaction price notation] = '3' use " 9.9999999999 " (11 numerical characters including 10 decimal places). When [Package transaction spread notation] = '4' use "99999" ( 5 numerical characters with no decimal places).

Data Elements Related to Product

| Data <br> Elemen <br> $\stackrel{t}{\underline{t}}$ r | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> ffrom Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $115 \underline{\underline{117}}$ | CDE | Unique product identifier $\underline{\underline{0}}$ | Identifier of a <br> unique code <br> assigned by <br> the <br> Derivatives <br> Service <br> Bureau for a <br> type of <br> derivative. | A unique set of characters that represents a particular OTC derivative. | Char(12) | A list of allowable values and their format will be published by the Derivatives Service Bureau (UPI issuer). This section will be updated with the final rule. <br> Until the above UPI is available reporting counterpartie $s$ will continue to report; the productrelated data elements unique to each TR. | Y |  | Transaction- NR CollateraM <br> Collateral $+N R$ <br> Valuation - NR |
| $116 \underline{\underline{18}}$ | CDE | CDS index attachment point | Point at which the level of losses in the underlying portfolio of a credit default swap reduces the notional of a tranche. | Defined lower point at which the level of losses in the underlying portfolio reduces the notional of a tranche. For example, the notional in a tranche with an attachment point of $3 \%$ will be reduced after 3\% of losses in the portfolio have occurred. This data element is not applicable if the transaction is not a CDS tranche transaction (index or custom basket). | Num(11,10) | Any value between 0 and 1 (including 0 and 1), expressed as decimal (e.g., 0.05 instead of $5 \%$ ). | N |  | Transaction-CR Gif UPI. Underlying asset/contract type] = 'Index tranche', else \{blank\}; <br> When populated, the value shall be less than the value in [CDS indox detachment point]; <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR <br> Transaction-CR <br> C if UPI. Underlier type = 'Index <br> tranche', else \{blank\}; When populated, the value shall be less than the value in CDS index detachment point]; <br> Transaction - $\underline{\underline{\mathrm{RR} / \mathrm{FX} / \mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{EQ}}-\mathrm{NR}}$ <br> Collateral - NR |



| Data Elemen $\underline{\underline{t}}$ Numbe r | Source | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data Element Description <br> $\frac{\text { firom Appendix }}{\text { A to the } T R}$ Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | indicator - <br> Leg 1] <br> Crypto <br> asset <br> underlying <br> indicator - <br> Leg 2] |  | underlying as well as where the derivative is based on a mix of crypto- assets and other underlyings). |  |  |  |  |  |
| $120 \underline{\underline{122}}$ | CDE | Custom basket code | Unique identifier for a custom basket of reference assets. | If the OTC derivative transaction is based on a custom basket, unique code assigned by the structurer of the custom basket to link its constituents. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved or no unique code has been assigned to it. | IBDVarchar(72) | TBOISO <br> 17442 Legal <br> Entity Identifier <br> (LEI) code of the basket structurer ${ }^{-61}$ followed by a unique identifier up to 52 <br> alphanumeri c characters. | N |  | Transaction-C if <br> [Custom basket <br> indicatorl = 'True', <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $121 \underline{\underline{123}}$ | CFTC | Custom basket indicator | Indicator of whether the derivative has a custom basket as its underlying interest. | Indicator thatof whether the derivativeswap transaction is based on a custom basket. | Boolean | - True <br> - False | AY |  | Transaction -M <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $122 \underline{\underline{124}}$ | CDE | Source of the Basket constituent identifier-of the basket constituent s | Identifier of a reference asset in the custom basket. | Source of the underliers' identifiers that represent the constituents of aAn identifier that represents a constituent of an underlying custom basket; in line with the underlierUnderlie $\underline{\underline{r}}$ ID-source within the ISO 4914 UPI reference data elements, as definedmaintaine d by the EPMIIOSGO <br> Tochnicat <br> Guidance: <br> Harmonisation of the Unique Product | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TBDVarchar(35 } \\ & \text { 0) } \end{aligned}$ | TBD <br> An identifier that can be used to determine an asset, index $\underline{\underline{o r}}$ benchmark included in a basket. 62 <br> Up to 350 alphanumeri c characters. | N |  | Transaction-C if <br> [Custom basket <br> indicator] = 'True', <br> else \{blank\} <br> Collateral-NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^68]| Data <br> Elemen <br> Numbe <br> r | Source | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data Element Description <br> $\frac{\text { from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }}$ <br> Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of <br> Data Element | Format | Values | Made Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | IdentifierUPI <br> Service Provider <br> or in line with an <br> identifier that <br> would be <br> reported as an <br> Underlier ID <br> (Other) where <br> the UPI Underlier <br> ID is 'OTHER'. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved, |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12312 | CDE | Basket constituent identifier source | IdentifierSourc $\underline{e}$ of the basket's constituents constituent identifier referred to in Data Element Number 124. | Underliers that represent the constituents of a eustom basketThe origin, or publisher, of the associated Basket constituent identifier, in line with the underlierUnderlie $\underline{\underline{r}}$ ID source within the ISO 4914 UPI reference data elements; as definedmaintaine d by the GPMHIOSGO <br> Technical <br> Guidance: <br> Harmonisation of the Unique <br> Product <br> IdentifiorUPI <br> Service Provider or in line with the allowable value that would be reported as an Underlier ID (Other) source where the UPI Underlier ID is 'OTHER'. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | IBDVarchar(35 <br> 0) | TBD <br> The origin, or publisher $\underline{\underline{3 x}}_{\underline{2}}$ of the <br> associated basket constituent identifier. <br> Up to 350 alphanumeri c characters. | N |  | Transaction-C if <br> Basket constituent identifier is <br> populated, else <br> \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^69]| Data <br> Elemen <br> t <br> Numbe <br> r | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description $\frac{\text { ffrom Appendix }}{\text { Ato the } T R}$ <br> Rules) | Definition for Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values $\quad$Available tic <br> Made <br> Dissemina <br> $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{126}$ | CDE | Basket constituent number of units | Number of units of each reference asset in the custom basket. | The number of units of a particular constituent in a custom basket. This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | $\underline{\operatorname{Num}(18,13)}$ | Any value greater than zero. 64 | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction-C if Basket constituent identifier is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of constituent number of units values must equal the number of constituent identifier, unit of measure, and identifier source values. <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{\underline{127}}$ | CDE | Basket <br> constituent <br> unit of <br> measure | Unit of measure in which the number of units referred to in Data Element Number 126 is expressed. | Unit of measure in which the number of units of a particular custom basket constituent is expressed. <br> This data element is not applicable if no custom basket is involved. | Char(4) | ISO 20022 approved external <br> UnitOfMeasureCode codeset | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction-C if <br> [Basket constituent identifier] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> The number of constituent unit of measure values must equal the number of constituent identifier, number of units, and identifier source values. <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{128}$ | CDE | Underlier ID <br> (Other) <br> Underlier ID <br> (Other) - <br> Leg 1] <br> [Underlier ID <br> (Other) - <br> Leg 2$]$ | Identifier of each <br> underlying interest of the derivative. | The asset(s), index <br> (indices) or <br> benchmark <br> underlying a <br> contract or, in the case of a foreign exchange derivative, identification of index. $\underline{65}$ <br> This data element is applicable when the value of Underlier ID is submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider. 66 | Varchar(350) | An identifieriel that can be used to determine the asset(s), index (indices) or benchmark underlying a contract. Up to 350 alphanumeric characters. | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction-C if UPI.[Underlier ID昰] $=$ 'Other', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral-NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^70]| Data <br> Elemen $\stackrel{\underline{\mathrm{t}}}{\underline{\mathrm{t}}}$ $r$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Description <br> $\frac{\text { firom Appendix }}{\text { A to the } T R}$ Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{129}$ | CDE | Underlier ID <br> (Other) <br> source <br> [Underlier ID <br> (Other) <br> source - <br> Leg 1] <br> [Underlier ID <br> (Other) <br> source - <br> Leg 21 | Source of the Underlier ID (Other) referred to in Data Element Number 128. | The origin, or publisher, of the associated Underlier ID (Other). <br> This data element is applicable when the value of Underlier ID source is submitted as 'OTHER' to the UPI service provider. | Varchar(350) | The origin, publisher $\underline{69}$ associated ID. Up to 3 alphanume characters | f the nderlier | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction-C if [Underlier ID (Other)] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{130}$ | CDE | Underlying asset trading platform identifier <br> [Underlying asset trading platform identifier Leg 1] <br> Underlying asset trading platform identifier Leg 2] | Identifier of the platform on which the underlying interest referred to in Data Element Number 128 is traded. | For a platform (e.g. exchange) traded underlying asset, the platform on which the asset is traded. 7 은 <br> This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with custom basket constituents. | Char(4) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ISO } 10383 \\ & \hline \text { Market Ider } \\ & \hline \text { MIC) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { gment } \\ & \text { er Code } \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | ```Transaction - EQ/CR O Collateral - NR Valuation - NR``` |
| $\underline{131}$ | CDE | Underlying <br> asset price <br> source <br> [Underlying <br> asset price <br> source - <br> Leg 1] <br> [Underlying <br> asset price <br> source - <br> Leg 2] | Source of the price used to determine the value or level of the underlying interest referred to in Data Element Number 128. | For an underlying asset or benchmark not traded on a platform, the source of the price used to determine the value or level of the asset or benchmark. This data element is not applicable to OTC derivative transactions with custom basket constituents. | $\underline{\text { Varchar(50) }}$ | Up to 50 character | numeric | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Transaction - } 0 \\ & \hline \text { Collateral - NR } \\ & \hline \text { Valuation - NR } \end{aligned}$ |
| $124 \underline{\underline{132}}$ | CFTC | Embedded option type | Type of optional provision in a derivative. | Type of option or optional provision embedded in a contract. | (4) | - MDET = <br> Mandatory early termination <br> - OPET = <br> Optional early termination <br> - CANC = <br> Cancelable <br> - EXTD = <br> Extendible | Y |  | Transaction 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^71]| Data Elemen $t$ Numbe $r$ | Source | Data Element <br> Name | Data Element Description $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { (from Appendix }}{\text { A to the TR }} \\ & \text { Rules) } \end{aligned}$ | Definition forDetailed $\frac{\text { Explanation of }}{\text { Data Element }}$ | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - OTHR = <br> Other |  |  |  |

Data Elements Related to Payments and Settlement

| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio <br> $\underline{\underline{n}}$ <br> (from <br> Appendix A to <br> the TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed <br> Explanation of Data <br> Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate d | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $125 \underline{\underline{133}}$ | CDE | Final contractual settlement date | Date in the agreement by which all obligations under the derivative are to be satisfied. | Unadjusted date as per the contract, by which all transfer of cash or assets should take place and the counterparties should no longer have any outstanding obligations to each other under that contract. <br> For products that may not have a final contractual settlement date (e.g., American options), this data element reflects the date by which the transfer of cash or asset would take place if termination were to occur on the expiration date. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date. | N | Aaximum of all final contractu al settlemen tdates of all derivative sin the position. | Transaction - <br> $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{C}$ if <br> UPI.TReturnorPayoutTri <br> gger] is not 'Contract for <br> Difference (CFD)', else <br> \{blank\}. When <br> populated, - the value <br> shall be equal to or later <br> than the value in <br> [Expiration date] <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $126 \underline{\underline{134}}$ | CDE | Settlement location <br> [Settlemen tlocation$\operatorname{Leg} 1]$ <br> [Settlemen Hocation$\log 2]$ | Place of settlement of the derivative. | Place of settlement of the transaction as stipulated in the contract. This data element is only applicable for transactions that involve an offshore currency (i.e. a currency which is not included in the ISO 4217 currency list, for example CNH). | Char(2) | ISO 3166 <br> Country codes (using twoletter code (alpha-2) | N |  | Transaction - O <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| $\frac{\underline{\text { Data }}}{\underline{\underline{\text { Eleme }}}}$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> ElementDescriptio <br> $\underline{n}$(fromAppendix A to <br> the TRRules) | Definition <br> forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values |  | Position Reportin g | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $127 \underline{\underline{135}}$ | CDE | Settlement currency <br> [Settlemen t currencyLeg 1] <br> [Settlemen t currencyLeg 2] | For each leg of the derivative, the currency in which the cash settlement is denominate d. | Currency for the cash settlement of the transaction when applicable. <br> For multi-currency products that do not net, the settlement currency of each leg. <br> This data element is not applicable for physically settled products (e.g., physically settled swaptions). | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217 Currency codes. | Y |  | Transaction C if UPI.[Delivery type] = 'Cash', else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{136}$ | CDE | Other payment amount | Amount of <br> each <br> payment <br> under the <br> derivative <br> except an <br> option <br> premium <br> amount under <br> Data Element <br> Number 144. | Payment amounts with corresponding payment types to accommodate requirements of transaction descriptions from different asset classes. | Num(25,5) | Any value equal to ze | ater than or | $\underline{Y}$ | Transaction - <br> C if [Other payment type] <br> is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{137}$ | $\underline{\underline{C D E}}$ | Other payment currency | Currency in which the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136 is denominated. | Currency in which Other payment amount is denominated. | Char(3) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Currencies } \\ & \text { ISO 4217. } \end{aligned}$ | cluded in | $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ | Transaction - <br> C if [Other payment <br> amount) is populated, else <br> \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\underline{138}$ | $\underline{\text { CDE }}$ | Other payment date | Date on which the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136 is to be paid. | Unadjusted date on which the Other payment amount is paid. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YYYY-MM- } \\ & \hline \text { DD, based } \end{aligned}$ on UTC. | Any valid d |  | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ | Transaction - <br> C if Other payment <br> amount] is populated, else <br> \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| 128139 | CDE | Other payment payer | Identifier of the payer of the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136. | Identifier of the payer of Other payment amount. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - Varchar(72), for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement - | ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/ ). | N |  | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |

[^72]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Descriptio n (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity or <br> Varchar(72), <br> Internal identifier code <br> for a non- <br> reporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | - For natural persons who are acting as private individuals(not eligible for an LEI per the ROC <br> Statement - <br> Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. |  |  |  |
| $129 \underline{\underline{140}}$ | CDE | Other payment receiver | Identifier of the receiver of the other payment amount referred to in Data Element Number 136. | Identifier of the receiver of Other payment amount. | - Char(20) for an LEI code or <br> - $\operatorname{Varchar(72),~}$ for natural persons who are acting as private individuals and not eligible for an LEI per the ROC Statement Individuals Acting in a | ISO 17442 <br> LEI code that is included in the LEI data as published by the Global LEI <br> Foundation (GLEIF, www.gleif.org/ ). <br> -For natural persons who are acting as private | N |  | Transaction C if [Other payment amount] is populated, else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data <br> Element <br> Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio <br> $\underline{n}$ <br> (from <br> Appendix A to <br> the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Business <br> Capacity or <br> Varchar(72), <br> Internal identifier code for a nonreporting counterparty subject to Blocking Law | individuals(not eligible for an LEl per the ROC <br> Statement Individuals <br> Acting in a <br> Business <br> Capacity): LEI of the reporting counterparty followed by a unique identifier assigned and maintained consistently by the reporting counterparty for that natural person(s) for regulatory reporting purpose. <br> - An internal identifier code as nonreporting counterparty identifier if such counterparty or transaction is subject to Blocking Law and the reporting counterparty has exemptive relief from such derivatives data reporting requirements. |  |  |  |
| 130141 | CDE | Other payment type | Reason for the <br> payment <br> referred to <br> in Data <br> Element <br> Number $\underline{\underline{136 .}}$ | Type of Other payment amount. Option premium payment is not included as a payment type as premiums for option are reported using the option premium dedicated data element. | Char(14) | - UFRO = <br> Upfront <br> Payment, i.e., the initial payment made by one of the counterparties either to bring a transaction to fair value or for any other reason that may be the cause of an off-market transaction <br> - UWIN = <br> Unwind or Full termination, | Y |  | Transaction - CR C , at least one is required: ([Fixed rate] or [Spread] or [Other payment type] = 'UFRO'). <br> Allowable values UWIN' and PEXH' are optional and independent of the above condition <br> Transaction - <br> IR/FX/EQ/CO <br> 0 <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |


| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Data }} \\ & \underline{\text { Eleme }} \\ & \text { Numb } \\ & \text { er } \end{aligned}$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data Element Descriptio n (from Appendix A to the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Made <br> Available to the Public <br> Disseminate $d$ | Position Reportin $g$ | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | i.e., the final settlement payment made when a transaction is unwound prior to its end date; Payments that may result due to full termination of derivative transaction(s) <br> - PEXH = <br> Principal <br> Exchange, i.e., Exchange of notional values for crosscurrency swaps |  |  |  |
| 131 | CDE | Other pay | nt amount | Payment amounts with corresponding payment types to accommodate requirements of transaction descriptions from different asset classes. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num(25, } \\ & 5) \end{aligned}$ | Any value <br> greater than <br> or equal to $Y$ <br> zero.  |  |  | saction - <br> [Other payment type] is tated, olso \{blank\} <br> ateral-NR <br> ation - NR |
| 132 | CDE | Other pay | ent currency | Gurrency in which Other payment amount is denominated. | Char(3) | Currencies $¥$ <br> included in  <br> ISO 4217.  |  |  | saction- <br> [Other payment amount] <br> pulated, else \{blank\} <br> ateral - NR <br> ation - NR |
| 133 | CDE | Other pa | ent date | Unadjusted date on which the Other payment amount is paid. | YYYy- <br> MM-DD, <br> based <br> on UTC. | Any valid <br> date. A |  |  | saction- <br> [Other payment amount] opulated, else \{blank\} <br> ateral - NR <br> ation - NR |
| $134 \underline{\underline{142}}$ | CDE | Payment frequency period를 <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period-Leg 1] <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period-Leg 2] <br> [Floating rate payment | For each leg of a derivative, the unit of time of the frequency of payments. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: time unit associated with the frequency of payments, e.g., day, week, month, year or term of the stream. | Char(4) | - DAIL = Daily <br> - WEEK = <br> Weekly <br> - MNTH = <br> Monthly <br> - YEAR = <br> Yearly <br> - ADHO = Ad <br> hoc which applies when payments are irregular <br> - EXPII $=$ <br> Payment at term | Y |  | Transaction-CR <br> M <br> Transaction - IR <br> ¡UPI.[Instrument type] <br> = 'Swap', olso \{blank\}, <br> hentransaction - <br> CR/IR/EQ/CO O when <br> populated with 'EXPI', <br> [Payment frequency period multiplier] must be ' 1 ' <br> Transaction - EQ/COO FX-NR <br> Collateral - NR |

[^73]| Data <br> Eleme <br> nt <br> Numb <br> er | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio <br> $\underline{n}$ <br> (from <br> Appendix A to <br> the TR Rules) | Definition forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values |  | de ble to ublic <br> inate | Position Reportin g | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | frequency period-Leg 1] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period-Leg 2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Valuation - NR |
| $\begin{gathered} 135 \underline{\underline{3}} \\ \underline{\underline{3}} \end{gathered}$ | CDE | Payment frequency period multiplier <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period multiplierLeg 1] <br> [Fixed rate payment frequency period multiplierLeg 2] <br> [Floating rate <br> payment frequency period multiplierLeg 1] <br> [Floating rate payment frequency period multiplierLeg 2] | For each leg of a derivative, the number by which the payment frequency period is multiplied to determine the frequency of periodic payment dates. | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: number of time units (as expressed by the Payment frequency period) that determines the frequency at which periodic payment dates occur. For example, a transaction with payments occurring every two months is represented with a Payment frequency period of "MNTH" (monthly) and a Payment frequency period multiplier of 2. <br> This data element is not applicable if the Payment frequency period is "ADHO." If Payment frequency period is "EXPI", then the Payment frequency period multiplier is 1 . If the Payment frequency is intraday, then the Payment frequency period is "DAIL" and the Payment frequency multiplier is 0 . | Num(3,0) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | Transa <br> CR/IR <br> C if [Pa <br> freque <br> 'ADHO' <br> Transa <br> NR <br> Collate <br> Valuation | ion - <br> Q/CO <br> ment y period] $\equiv$ else \{blank\} ion - FX - <br> -NR <br> -NR | TransactionGRIRIEQHCO Cif [Payment frequency period] \# 'ADHO', else \{blank\} <br> Collatorat-NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\begin{gathered} 136 \underline{\underline{4}} \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | CDE | Option premium amount | Premium paid by a buyer of an option or swaption. | For options and swaptions of all asset classes, monetary amount paid by the option buyer. <br> This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or | Num(25,5) | Any value greater than or equal to zero. | Y | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Transz } \\ & \text { UPI.\|In } \\ & \hline \text { =Opti } \\ & \text { Sblank } \\ & \text { Collate } \\ & \text { Valuati } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tion C if } \\ & \text { trument type] } \\ & \underline{n=\text { else }} \\ & \underline{n-N R} \\ & \underline{n-N R} \end{aligned}$ | Transaction Cif UPI.\|Instrument type] = 'Option', else \{blank\} Collateral-NR Valuation - NR |


| $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Data }}{\text { Eleme }} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Numb } \\ \text { Er } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Source | Data Element Name | Data <br> Element <br> Descriptio$\underline{n}$ <br> (from <br> (fpendix A tothe TR Rules) | Definition <br> forDetailed Explanation of Data Element | Format | Values | Avai the Diss |  | Position Reportin 9 | Validations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | does not embed any optionality. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137145 | CDE | Option premium currency | Currency in which the premium referred to <br> in Data <br> Element <br> Number <br> 144 is <br> denominate <br> d. | For options and swaptions of all asset classes, currency in which the option premium amount is denominated. This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or does not embed any optionality. | Char(3) | Currencies included in ISO 4217. |  |  |  | Transaction C if [Option premium amount] > 0 , else \{blank\} <br> Collateral - NR <br> Valuation - NR |
| $\begin{gathered} 13814 \\ \underline{\underline{6}} \end{gathered}$ | CDE | Option premium payment date | Date on which the premium referred to <br> in Data <br> Element <br> Number <br> 144 is paid. | Unadjusted date on which the option premium is paid. | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | N | Transa <br> Cif[O <br> amoun <br> Sblank <br> Collate <br> Valuat | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { tion }}{\text { on premium }} \\ & >0 \text { else } \\ & \underline{n-N R} \end{aligned}$ | Transaction CiffOption premium amount] $>0$, else \{blank\} Collateral - NR Valuation-NR |
| $\begin{gathered} 13914 \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | CDE | First exercise date | First date on which <br> an option <br> can be <br> exercised. | First unadjusted date during the exercise period in which an option can be exercised. <br> For European-style options, this date is same as the Expiration date. For American-style options, the first possible exercise date is the unadjusted date included in the Execution timestamp. <br> For knock-in options, where the first exercise date is not known when a new transaction is reported, the first exercise date is updated as it becomes available. <br> This data element is not applicable if the instrument is not an option or | YYYY-MMDD, based on UTC. | Any valid date based on ISO 8601 Date and time format. | Y | Trans CifUP type] $=$〔blank <br> Collate <br> Valua | ion <br> Instrument Option', else $A-N R$ n-NR | Transaction Gif UP1. [Instrument type] = 'Option', elso \{blank\} Collateral -NR Valuation - NR |



## $\underline{\underline{2.1}} \underline{\underline{\text { Position reporting guidelines }}}$

| Data <br> Element <br> Name | Detailed Explanation of Data Element | Position Reporting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buyer identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the buyer, as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: <br> - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | Where Buyer Identifier is applicable, the buyer/seller determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Seller identifier | Identifier of the counterparty that is the seller as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: - most forwards and forward-like contracts (except for foreign exchange forwards and foreign exchange non-deliverable forwards) <br> - most options and option-like contracts including swaptions, caps and floors <br> - credit default swaps (buyer/seller of protection) <br> - variance, volatility and correlation swaps <br> - contracts for difference and spreadbets <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Payer identifier and Receiver identifier. | Where Seller Identifier is applicable, the buyer/seller determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Payer identifier | Identifier of the counterparty of the payer leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this | Where Payer Identifier is applicable, the payer/receiver determination is made on the net of all position components. |


| Payer identifierLeg 1] <br> Payer identifier- $\text { Leg } 2$ | - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receiver identifier <br> Receiver identifier-Leg 1$]$ <br> Receiver identifier-Leg 2] | Identifier of the counterparty of the receiver leg as determined at the time of the transaction. <br> A non-exhaustive list of examples of instruments for which this data element could apply are: - most swaps and swap-like contracts including interest rate swaps, credit total return swaps, and equity swaps (except for credit default swaps, variance, volatility, and correlation swaps) <br> - foreign exchange swaps, forwards, non-deliverable forwards <br> This data element is not applicable to instrument types covered by data elements Buyer identifier and Seller identifier. | Where Receiver Identifier is applicable, the payer/receiver determination is made on the net of all position components. |
| Effective date | Unadiusted date at which obligations under the OTC derivative transaction come into effect, as included in the confirmation. | Effective date initially reported when position was entered into. |
| Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | A unique identifier assigned to all derivatives reported at the transaction or position level which identifies it uniquely throughout its lifecycle and used for all recordkeeping. | New UTI created for position. |
| Notional amount <br> [Notional <br> amount-Leg 1] <br> Notional amount-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in monetary amounts, the amount specified in the contract. <br> - for OTC derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts, refer to Appendix 3.1 for <br> converting notional amounts for non-monetary amounts. <br> In addition: <br> - For OTC derivative transactions with a notional amount schedule, the initial notional amount, agreed by the counterparties at the inception of the transaction, is reported in this data element. $\cdot$ For OTC foreign exchange options, in addition to this data element, the amounts are reported using the data elements Call amount and Put amount. • For amendments or lifecycle events, the resulting outstanding notional amount is reported; (steps in notional amount schedules are not considered to be amendments or lifecycle events); - Where the notional amount is not known when a new transaction is reported, the notional amount is updated as it becomes available. | The notional amount is calculated as the net of buyer/seller or payer/receiver position components. |
| Call amount [Call amount-Leg 1] [Call amount-Leg $2]$ 2] | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to buy. | The call amount is calculated as the sum of all call amounts included in the position. |
| Put amount <br> [Put amount-Leg <br> 1] <br> Put amount-Leg 2) | For foreign exchange options, the monetary amount that the option gives the right to sell. | The put amount is calculated as the sum of all put amounts included in the position. |
| Notional quantity <br> [Notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> Notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable, for derivative transactions negotiated in non-monetary amounts with fixed notional quantity for each schedule period (e.g., 50 barrels per month). <br> The frequency is reported in Quantity frequency and the unit of measure is reported in Quantity unit of measure. | The notional quantity is calculated as the net of buyer/seller position components' notional quantity. |
| Total notional quantity <br> Total notional quantity-Leg 1] <br> Total notional quantity-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: aggregate Notional quantity of the underlying asset for the term of the transaction. <br> Where the Total notional quantity is not known when a new transaction is reported, the Total notional quantity is updated as it becomes available. | The total notional quantity is calculated as the net of buyer/seller position components' total notional quantity. |
| Price | Price specified in the OTC derivative transaction. It does not include fees, taxes or commissions. For commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products with periodic payments, this data element refers to the fixed price of the fixed leg(s). <br> For commodity and equity forwards and similar products, this data element refers to the forward price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For equity swaps, portfolios swaps, and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlying or reference asset. <br> For contracts for difference and similar products, this data element refers to the initial price of the underlier. | Volume Weighted Average Price. |


|  | This data element is not applicable to: <br> - Interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate and Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Interest rate options and interest rate swaptions as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity basis swaps and the floating leg of commodity fixed/float swaps as it is understood that the information included in the data element Spread may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Foreign exchange swaps, forwards and options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Exchange rate, Strike price, and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Equity options as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Credit default swaps and credit total return swaps, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Fixed rate, Spread and Upfront payment (Other payment type: Upfront payment) may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> - Commodity options, as it is understood that the information included in the data elements Strike price and Option premium may be interpreted as the price of the transaction. <br> Where the price is not known when a new transaction is reported, the price is updated as it becomes available. <br> For transactions that are part of a package, this data element contains the price of the component transaction where applicable. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spread <br> [Spread-Leg 1] <br> [Spread-Leg 2] | For each leg of the transaction, where applicable: for OTC derivative transactions with periodic payments (e.g. interest rate fixed/float swaps, interest rate basis swaps, commodity swaps). <br> - spread on the individual floating leg(s) index reference price, in the case where there is a spread on a floating leg(s). For example, USD-LIBOR-BBA plus .03 or WTI minus USD 14.65; or <br> - difference between the reference prices of the two floating leg indexes. For example, the 9.00 USD <br> "Spread" for a WCS vs. WTI basis swap where WCS is priced at 43 USD and WTI is priced at 52 USD. | Volume Weighted Average Spread. |
| Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the clearing agency, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Initial margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been posted by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the initial margin posted relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin posted relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include default fund contributions, nor collateral posted against liquidity provisions to the clearing agency, i.e., committed credit lines. <br> If the initial margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the clearing agency as part of its investment activity. | Sum of initial margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |


|  | If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of initial margin that has been collected by the reporting counterparty, including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the initial margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the initial margin collected relates to such single transaction. This refers to the total current value of the initial margin, rather than to its daily change. <br> The data element refers both to uncleared and centrally cleared transactions. For centrally cleared transactions, the data element does not include collateral collected by the clearing agency as part of its investment activity. <br> If the initial margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of initial margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the counterparty 1 (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole porffolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of posted variation margins for the portfolio Itransaction. <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin posted by the reporting counterparty (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin posted relates to the whole porffolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin posted relates to such single transaction. <br> This data element refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of variation margins posted for the portfolio/transaction <br> If the variation margin posted is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin posted for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (post-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the counterparty 1 (including the cash-settled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement. Contingent variation margin is not included. If the collateralisation is performed at portfolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin collected after application of the haircut (if applicable), cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio Atransaction. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the counterparty 1 and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (pre-haircut) | Monetary value of the variation margin collected by the reporting counterparty (including the cashsettled one) and including any margin that is in transit and pending settlement unless inclusion of such margin is not allowed under the jurisdictional requirements. Contingent variation margin is not included. <br> If the collateralisation is performed at porffolio level, the variation margin collected relates to the whole portfolio; if the collateralisation is performed for single transactions, the variation margin collected relates to such single transaction. <br> This refers to the total current value of the variation margin, cumulated since the first reporting of collected variation margins for the portfolio/ transaction. <br> If the variation margin collected is denominated in more than one currency, those amounts are converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported as one total value. | Sum of variation margin collected for all derivatives in the same position. |
| Valuation amount | Current value of the outstanding contract. <br> Valuation amount is expressed as the exit cost of the contract or components of the contract, i.e., the | Sum of valuation amounts for all derivatives in the position or valuation of |


|  | price that would be received to sell the contract (in the market in an orderly transaction at the valuation date). | the position itself if it is evaluated as a single element. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final contractual settlement date | Unadjusted date as per the contract, by which all transfer of cash or assets should take place and the counterparties should no longer have any outstanding obligations to each other under that contract. <br> For products that may not have a final contractual settlement date (e.g., American options), this data element reflects the date by which the transfer of cash or asset would take place if termination were to occur on the expiration date. | Maximum of all final contractual settlement dates of all derivatives in the position. |

## 3 Appendix

From CPMIIOSCORevised CDE Technical Guidance-version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI) $\underline{\underline{74}}$

### 3.1 Notional amount

| Product | Converted Amount |
| :--- | :--- |
| Equity options and similar products | Product of the strike price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity forwards and similar products | Product of the forward price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity dividend swaps and similar products | Product of the period fixed strike and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity swaps, portfolio swaps, and similar products | Product of the initial price and the number of shares or index units |
| Equity variance swaps and similar products | Variance amount |
| Equity volatility swaps and similar products | Vega notional amount |
| Equity CFDs and similar products | Product of the initial price and the number of shares or index units |
| Commodity options and similar products | Product of the strike price, and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity forwards and similar products | Product of the forward price and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity fixed/float swaps and similar products | Product of the fixed price and the total notional quantity |
| Commodity basis swaps and similar products | Product of the last available spot price at the time of the transaction of the underlying <br> asset of the leg with no spread and the total notional quantity of the leg with no <br> spread |
| Commodity swaptions and similar products | Notional amount of the underlying contract |
| Commodity CFDs and similar products | Product of the initial price and the total notional quantity |

Notes to the conversion table for derivatives negotiated in non-monetary amounts:
Note 1: for derivatives where the quantity unit of measure differs from the price unit of measure, the price or total quantity is converted to a unified unit of measure.
Note 2: if applicable to the derivative, the notional amount reflects any multipliers and option entitlements.
Note 3: for basket-type contracts, the notional amount of the derivative is the sum of the notional amounts of each constituent of the basket.

### 3.2 Mapping of Day count convention allowable values to ISO 20022, FpML, and FIX/FIXML values

[^74]| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A001 | IC30360ISDAor30360AmericanB asicRule | Method <br> whereby interest <br> is calculated based on a 30day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February, and provided that the interest period started on a 30th or a 31st. This means that a 31st is assumed to be a 30th if the period started on a 30th or a 31st and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). This is the most commonly used 30/360 method for US straight and convertible bonds. | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 360 \\ & \text { (30U/360 } \\ & \text { Bond } \\ & \text { Basis) } \end{aligned}$ | Mainly used in the United States with the following date adjustment rules: (1) If the investment is End- <br> Of-Month and Date1 is the last day of February and Date 2 is the last day of February, then change Date2 to 30; (2) If the investment is End-Of-Month and Date1 is the last day of February, then change Date1 to 30;(3) If Date2 is 31 and Date1 is 30 or 31 , then change Date2 to 30;(4) If Date1 is 31 , then change Date 1 to 30. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (f). [Symbolic name: ThirtyThreeSixtyUS ] | 30/360 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (f) <br> or Annex to <br> the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (e). <br> The number <br> of days in the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period in <br> respect of <br> which <br> payment is <br> being made <br> divided by <br> 360, <br> calculated on <br> a formula <br> basis as <br> follows: Day <br> Count <br> Fraction = <br> [360*(Y2-Y1) <br> $+30 *(\mathrm{M} 2-\mathrm{M} 1)$ <br> $+(\mathrm{D} 2-$ <br> D1)]/360 "D1" <br> is the first <br> calendar day, <br> expressed as a <br> number, of <br> the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period, unless <br> such number <br> would be 31, <br> in which case <br> D1, will be 30; <br> and " D 2 " is <br> the calendar <br> day, <br> expressed as a <br> number, |

[^75]| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | immediately following the last day included in the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period, unless <br> such number <br> would be 31 <br> and D1 is greater than 29, in which <br> case D2 will be 30 흘 |
| A002 | IC30365 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30day month in a way similar to the 30/360 (basic rule) and a 365-day year. Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that a 31st is assumed to be the 30th and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). |  |  |  |  |  |

[^76]| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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| A003 | IC30Actual | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30day month in a way similar to the 30/360 (basic rule) and the assumed number of days in a year in a way similar to the <br> Actual/Actual (ICMA). Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that the 31st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). The assumed number of days in a year is computed as the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of interest payments in the year. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A004 | Actual360 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period and a 360-day year. | 6 | Act/360 | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 360 . See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (e). [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixty] | ACT/360 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (e) <br> or Annex to <br> the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (d). |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | The actual number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360. |
| A005 | Actual365Fixed | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period and a 365-day year. | 7 | Act/365 <br> (FIXED) | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 365 . <br> See also 2006 <br> ISDA Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. Day <br> Count Fraction, paragraph (d). <br> [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixtyFiveF ixed] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ACT/365.FI } \\ & \text { XED } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (d) <br> or Annex to <br> the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (c). <br> The actual <br> number of <br> days in the <br> Calculation <br> Period or <br> Compounding <br> Period in <br> respect of <br> which <br> payment is <br> being made <br> divided by <br> 365. |
| A006 | ActualActuallCMA | Method <br> whereby interest <br> is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and the assumed number of days in a year, i.e., the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of interest payments in the year. If the coupon period is | 9 | Act/Act (ICMA) | The denominator is the actual number of days in the coupon period multiplied by the number of coupon periods in the year. Assumes that regular coupons always fall on the same day of the month where possible. See also 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (c). | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACT/ACT.IC } \\ & \text { MA } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (c). This day count fraction code is applicable for transactions booked under the 2006 ISDA Definitions. Transactions under the 2000 ISDA Definitions should use |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  | irregular (first or last coupon), it is extended or split into quasiinterest periods that have the length of a regular coupon period and the computation is operated separately on each quasiinterest period and the intermediate results are summed up. |  |  | [Symbolic name: ActActICMA] |  | the |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ACT/ACT.ISM |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A code |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | instead. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A fraction equal to |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | days |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | accrued/num |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ber of days in |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | year", as such |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | terms are |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | used in Rule |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 251 of the |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | statutes, by- |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (the "ICMA |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rule Book"), calculated in |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | with Rule 251 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | of the ICMA |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rule Book as applied to |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dollar- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | denominated |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | straight and convertible |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1998 \text {, as }$ though the |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | interest |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | coupon on a |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | bond were being |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Period in |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | which |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | payment is |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | being made. |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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| A007 | IC30E360orEuroBondBasismode I1 | Method <br> whereby interest is calculated based on a 30day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and the 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb . <br> However, if the last day of the maturity coupon period is the last day of February, it will not be assumed to be the 30th. It is a variation of the 30/360 (ICMA) method commonly used for eurobonds. The usage of this variation is only relevant when the coupon periods are scheduled to end on the last day of the month. | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 30E/360 } \\ & \text { (ISDA) } \end{aligned}$ | Date adjustment rules are: (1) if Date 1 is the last day of the month, then change Date1 to 30; (2) if D2 is the last day of the month (unless Date2 is the maturity date and Date2 is in February), then change Date2 to 30. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (h). [Symbolic name: ThirtyEThreeSixtyl SDA] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 30E/360.ISD } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (h). Note the algorithm for this day count fraction under the 2006 ISDA Definitions is designed to yield the same results in practice as the version of the 30E/360 day count fraction defined in the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions. <br> See <br> Introduction <br> to the 2006 <br> ISDA <br> Definitions for further information relating to this change. <br> The number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows: Day Count Fraction = [360*(Y2-Y1) $+30 *(\mathrm{M} 2-\mathrm{M} 1)$ + (D2- <br> D1)]/360. "D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period or |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1, will be 30; "D2" is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D2 will be 30 . |
| A008 | ActualActuallSDA | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days of the interest period that fall (falling on a normal year, year) divided by 365, added to the actual number of days of the interest period that fall (falling on a leap year, year) divided by 366 . | 11 | Act/Act (ISDA) | The denominator varies depending on whether a portion of the relevant calculation period falls within a leap year. For the portion of the calculation period falling in a leap year, the denominator is 366 and for the portion falling outside a leap year, the denominator is 365. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (b). [Symbolic name: ActActISDA] | ACT/ACT.IS DA | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (b) <br> or Annex to <br> the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (b). <br> Note that <br> going from <br> FpML 2.0 <br> Recommendat <br> ion to the <br> FpML 3.0 Trial <br> Recommendat <br> ion the code <br> in FpML 2.0 <br> "ACT/365.ISD <br> A" became <br> "ACT/ACT.ISD <br> A". <br> The actual number of days in the Calculation <br> Period or Compounding Period in respect of which |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that <br> Calculation <br> Period or Compounding Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (i) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (ii) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365). |
| A009 | Actual365LorActuActubasisRule | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and a 365-day year (if the coupon payment date is NOT in a leap year) or a 366-day year (if the coupon payment date is in a leap year). | 14 | Act/365L | The number of days in a period equal to the actual number of days .The number of days in a year is 365 , or if the period ends in a leap year 366. Used for sterling floating rate notes. May also be referred to as ISMA Year. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (i). [Symbolic name: ActThreeSixtyFiveL ] | ACT/365L | Per 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (i). The actual number of days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if the later Period End Date of the Calculation Period or Compounding Period falls in |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a leap year, divided by 366). |
| A010 | ActualActualAFB | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days and a 366 -day year (if 29 Feb falls in the coupon period) or a 365 -day year (if 29 Feb does not fall in the coupon period). If a coupon period is longer than one year, it is split by repetitively separating full year subperiods counting backwards from the end of the coupon period (a year backwards from 28 Feb being 29 Feb, if it exists). The first of the subperiods starts on the start date of the accrued interest period and thus is possibly shorter than a year. Then the interest computation is operated separately on each subperiod and the intermediate results are summed up. | 8 | Act/Act <br> (AFB) | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, the denominator is either 365 (if the calculation period does not contain 29 February) or 366 (if the calculation period includes 29 <br> February). See also AFB Master Agreement for Financial <br> Transactions Interest Rate Transactions (2004) in Section 4. Calculation of Fixed Amounts and Floating Amounts, paragraph 7 Day Count Fraction, subparagraph (i). [Symbolic name: ActActAFB] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACT/ACT.AF } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | The <br> Fixed/Floating <br> Amount will be calculated in accordance with the <br> "BASE <br> EXACT/EXACT <br> " day count fraction, as defined in the <br> "Définitions <br> Communes <br> plusieurs <br> Additifs <br> Techniques" <br> published by the <br> Association <br> Francaise des <br> Banques in <br> September <br> 1994. <br> The <br> denominator <br> is either 365 <br> (if the <br> calculation <br> period does <br> not contain 29 <br> February) or <br> 366 (if the <br> calculation <br> period <br> includes 29 <br> February) - <br> where a <br> period of <br> longer than <br> one year is <br> involved, two <br> or more <br> calculations <br> are made: <br> interest is <br> calculated for <br> each full year, <br> counting <br> backwards |
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| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | from the end of the calculation period, and the remaining initial stub period is treated in accordance with the usual rule. When counting backwards for this purpose, if the last day of the relevant period is 28 February, the full year should be counted back to the previous 28 February unless 29 <br> February exists, in which case, 29 February should be used. |
| A011 | IC30360ICMAor30360basicrule | Method <br> whereby interest is calculated based on a 30day month and a 360-day year. Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month, except for February. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be the 28th (or 29th). It is the most commonly used 30/360 method for non-US straight and | 4 | 30E/360 <br> (Eurobon <br> d Basis) | Also known as 30/360.ISMA, 30S/360, or Special German. Date adjustment rules are: (1) If Date 1 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th; (2) If Date2 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (g). [Symbolic name: ThirtyEThreeSixty] | 30E/360 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (g) <br> or Annex to the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions <br> (June 2000 <br> Version), <br> Section 4.16. <br> Day Count <br> Fraction, <br> paragraph (f). <br> Note that the algorithm defined for this day count fraction has changed between the 2000 ISDA <br> Definitions and 2006 <br> ISDA <br> Definitions. <br> See <br> Introduction |



| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | ISO 20022 definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  | assumed to be equivalent to 30 <br> Feb when the first day of the interest period is the 30th or the 31st. Similarly, if the coupon period starts on the last day of February, it is assumed to produce only one day of interest in February as if it was starting on 30 Feb when the end of the period is the 30th or the 31st, or two days of interest in February when the end of the period is the 29th, or three days of interest in February when it is 28 Feb of a non-leap year and the end of the period is before the 29th. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A013 | IC30E3360orEurobondbasismod el3 | Method <br> whereby interest <br> is calculated based on a 30day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that the 31st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb. It is a variation of the 30E/360 (or Eurobond basis) |  |  |  |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  | method where the last day of February is always assumed to be the 30th, even if it is the last day of the maturity coupon period. |  |  |  |  |  |
| A014 | Actual365NL | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period, excluding any leap day from the count, and a 365-day year. | 15 | NL365 | The number of days in a period equal to the actual number of days, with the exception of leap days (29 February) which are ignored. The number of days in a year is 365 , even in a leap year. [Symbolic name: NLThreeSixtyFive] |  |  |
| A015 | ActualActualUltimo | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of days in the coupon period divided by the actual number of days in the year. This method is a variation of the ActualActualICM A method with the exception that it assumes that the coupon always falls on the last day of the month. Method equal to ACT/ACT.ISMA in the FpML model and Act/Act (ICMA Ultimo) in the FIX/FIXML model. | 10 | Act/Act <br> (ICMA <br> Ultimo) | The Act/Act (ICMA Ultimo) differs from Act/Act (ICMA) method only that it assumes that regular coupons always fall on the last day of the month. [Symbolic name: ActActISMAUltimo ] | ACT/ACT.IS <br> MA | The <br> Fixed/Floating <br> Amount will be calculated in accordance with Rule 251 of the statutes, bylaws, rules and recommendati ons of the International Securities Market Association, as published in April 1999, as applied to straight and convertible bonds issued after 31 December 1998, as though the Fixed/Floating Amount were the interest coupon on such a bond. This day count fraction code |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | is applicable for transactions booked under the 2000 ISDA Definitions. Transactions under the 2006 ISDA Definitions should use the ACT/ACT.ICM A code instead. |
| A016 | IC30EPlus360 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on a 30day month and a 360-day year. <br> Accrued interest to a value date on the last day of a month shall be the same as to the 30th calendar day of the same month. This means that the 31 st is assumed to be the 30th and 28 Feb (or 29 Feb for a leap year) is assumed to be equivalent to 30 Feb. This method is a variation of the 30E360 method with the exception that if the coupon falls on the last day of the month, change it to 1 and increase the month by 1 (i.e., next month). <br> Method equal to ThirtyEPlusThree Sixty in the FIX/FIXML model. | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \mathrm{E}+/ 36 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Variation on 30E/360. Date adjustment rules: (1) If Date 1 falls on the 31st, then change it to the 30th; (2) If Date2 falls on the 31st, then change it to 1 and increase Month2 by one, i.e., next month. [Symbolic name: ThirtyEPlusThreeSi xty] |  |  |
| A017 | Actual364 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number | 17 | Act/364 | The actual number of days between Date1 and Date2, divided by 364 . |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
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|  |  | of accrued days in the interest period divided by 364. Method equal to Act364 in the FIX/FIXML model. |  |  | [Symbolic name: Act364] |  |  |
| A018 | Business252 | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of business days in the interest period divided by 252 . Usage: <br> Brazilian Currency Swaps. Method equal to BUS/252 in the FpML model and BusTwoFiftyTwo in the FIX/FIXML model. | 12 | BUS/252 | Used for Brazilian real swaps, which is based on business days instead of calendar days. The number of business days divided by 252. [Symbolic name: BusTwoFiftyTwo] | BUS/252 | The number of Business Days in the Calculation Period or Compounding Period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 252. |
| A019 | Actual360NL | Method whereby interest is calculated based on the actual number of accrued days in the interest period, excluding any leap day from the count, and a 360-day year. | 16 | NL360 | This is the same as Act/360, with the exception of leap days (29 February) which are ignored. [Symbolic name: NLThreeSixty] |  |  |
| A020 | 1/1 | If parties specify the Day Count Fraction to be $1 / 1$ then in calculating the applicable amount, 1 is simply input into the calculation as the relevant Day Count Fraction. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). | 0 | 1/1 | If parties specify the Day Count Fraction to be $1 / 1$ then in calculating the applicable amount, 1 is simply input into the calculation as the relevant Day Count Fraction. See also 2006 ISDA Definitions, Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). [Symbolic name: OneOne] | 1/1 | Per 2006 ISDA <br> Definitions, Section 4.16. <br> Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a) or Annex to the 2000 ISDA Definitions (June 2000 Version), Section 4.16. Day Count Fraction, paragraph (a). |
| NARR | Narrative | Other method. |  |  | Other FIX/FIXML code values not listed above and FIX/FIXML code values that are reserved for user |  |  |


| Allowa ble value | ISO 20022 name | $\text { ISO } 20022$ <br> definition | FIX/ <br> FIXML <br> code <br> value | FIX/FIX <br> ML code value descripti on | FIX/FIXML definition | FpML code | FpML definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | extensions, in the range of integer values of 100 and higher. |  |  |

### 3.3 Valuation method

## Classification of valuation inputs

| Bucket | Input used | Valuation method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date [IFRS 13:76/ASC 820-10-35-40]. A quoted market price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and is used without adjustment to measure fair value whenever available, with limited exceptions. [IFRS 13:77/ASC 820-10-35-41] <br> An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. [IFRS 13: Appendix A/ASC 820-10-20]. | Mark-to-market |
| 2 | Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-3547] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly) | Mark-to-market |
| 3 | Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-35-48(b)] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly). | Mark-to-model - historic prices from inactive markets should not be directly used |
| 4 | Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, for example interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, credit spreads [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-35-48(c)] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly) | Mark-to-market |
| 5 | Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means ("market-corroborated inputs") [IFRS 13:81/ASC 820-10-3548(d)] (other than quoted market prices included within bucket 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly). | Mark-to-model - the inputs can be derived "principally" from observable market data, meaning that unobservable inputs can be used |
| 6 | Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. [IFRS 13:86/ASC 820-10-35-52] Unobservable inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. An entity develops unobservable inputs using the best information available in the circumstances, which might include the entity's own data, taking into account all information about market participant assumptions that is reasonably available. [IFRS 13:87-89/ASC 820-10-35-53 -35-54A] | Mark-to-model - unobservable inputs are used |

[^77]
### 3.4 Collateralisation category

| Value | Name | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNCOUNCL | Uncollateralised | There is no collateral agreement between the counterparties or the collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that no collateral (neither initial margin nor variation margin) has to be posted with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PACPRC1 | Partially collateralised: Counterparty 1 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting counterparty regularly posts only variation margin and that the other counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PACPRC2 | Partially collateralised: Counterparty 2 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty regularly posts only variation margin and that the reporting counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| PACOPRCL | Partially collateralised | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that both counterparties regularly post only variation margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| OWC1 | One-way collateralised: Counterparty 1 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the other counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| OWC2 | One-way collateralised: Counterparty 2 only | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the reporting counterparty does not post any margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |
| QOWP1PC | One-way/partially collateralised: Counterparty 1 | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the reporting counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the other counterparty regularly posts only variation margin. |
| OOWP2PC | One-way/partially collateralised: Counterparty 2 | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that the other counterparty posts the initial margin and regularly posts variation margin and that the reporting counterparty regularly posts only variation margin. |
| FULLFLCL | Fully collateralised | The collateral agreement(s) between the counterparties stipulates that both counterparties post initial margin and regularly post variation margin with respect to the derivative transaction. |

### 3.5 LifecycleAction and event reporting

## The below table specifies the allowable combinations of [Action type] and [Event type]. It also sets out whether <br> they apply at transaction level, position level or both. The last column of the table indicates when a given [Action type] can be reported without [Event type].

Event Type

| Action Type |  <br> Event type combinat ions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trad } \\ \text { e } \\ \text { ( } \mathbb{R} \\ \text { DEI } \\ \text { RAD } \\ \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Nov atio n (Ne VIN ) | Com <br> pres <br> sion <br> or <br> Risk <br> Red <br> ucti <br> on <br> Exer <br> cise <br> (CO <br> MP) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Earl } \\ \mathrm{y} \\ \text { Ter } \\ \text { min } \\ \text { atio } \\ \mathrm{n} \\ \text { (EA } \\ \text { RFE } \\ \hline \text { TRM } \\ \hline \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Cle ari ng (C LR G) | Ex erc ise (E XE R) | All oca tio n (AL OC) |  <br> All oca tio n (CL AL) | Credit Event $\qquad$ )(CRE | $\begin{gathered} \text { Transfer } \\ \text { (PoRTPTN } \\ \text { G) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Up }} \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { gr } \\ \underline{\text { ad }} \\ \underline{e} \\ \underline{(U)} \\ \frac{\text { PD }}{T} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | Inclus ion In Positi on | No <br> Ev <br> ent <br> Ty <br> pe <br> Re <br> qui <br> red |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New <br> (NEW <br> T) | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{T} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ |  | T.P | $\underline{\text { T,P }}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}} \underline{\underline{80}}$ | $\underline{\underline{p}}$ |  |
|  | Modif <br> y <br> (MODI <br> ) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathfrak{q} \\ & \infty \\ & \underline{\underline{1}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & o \\ & \underline{T} \\ & \underline{T} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{q} \\ & q \\ & \underline{\underline{T}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{\underline{1}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & t \\ & q \\ & \underline{T} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & q \\ & \mathbf{c} \\ & \underline{T} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \checkmark \\ \text { sin } \end{gathered}$ |  | T,P | T,P | $\checkmark$ ¢p |  |
|  | Correc t (CORR ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T.P |
|  | Termi nate (TERM ) |  | $\begin{aligned} & q \\ & \mathbf{q} \\ & \underline{\underline{T}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & q \\ & \mathbf{q} \\ & \underline{\underline{T}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & \infty \\ & \underline{T} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathfrak{r} \\ & \mathbf{o} \\ & \underline{\underline{T}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ \text { siter } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ \underset{\sim}{\underline{T}} \\ \underline{\underline{p}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\checkmark$ 9 T,P $\underline{\underline{81}}$ |  |
|  | Error (EROR ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T,P |
|  | Revive (REVI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ $\underline{\underline{P}}$ $\underline{\mathbf{P}}$ |
|  | Transf er out (PRTO ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \nsim \\ & q \\ & \underline{\underline{T}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \\ & \underline{\underline{p}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Valuat ion (VALU ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T,P |

[^78]| Collat eral (COLU ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\text { T,P }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positio <br> n compo nent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ |

### 3.6 Allowable Action Type Sequences



### 3.7 Definitions for Event Type Allowable Values

| Event type | Allowable <br> value | $\underline{\underline{\text { Definition }}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{\underline{\text { Trade }}}$ | $\underline{\underline{T R A D}}$ | $\underline{\underline{\text { Creation or modification of a transaction. }}}$ |


| Event type | Allowable value | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Novation/Stepin | NOVA | A novation or step-in legally moves part or all of the financial risks of a transaction from a transferor to a transferee and has the effect of terminating/modifying the original transaction so that it is either terminated or its notional is modified. |
| Post trade risk reduction exercise | COMP | Compressions and other post trade risk reduction exercises generally have the effect either of terminating or modifying (i.e., reducing the notional value) a set of existing transactions and/or of creating a set of new transaction(s). These processes result in largely the same exposure of market risk that existed prior to the event for the counterparty. |
| Early termination | ETRM | Termination of an existing transaction prior to expiration date. |
| Clearing | $\underline{\text { CLRG }}$ | Central clearing is a process where a central counterparty (CCP) interposes itself between counterparties to transactions, becoming the buyer to every seller and the seller to every buyer and thereby ensuring the performance of open transactions. It has the effect of terminating an existing transaction between the buyer and the seller. |
| Exercise | EXER | The full or partial exercise of an option or swaption by one counterparty of the transaction. |
| Allocation | ALOC | The process by which portions of a single transaction (or multiple transactions) are allocated to one or multiple different counterparties and reported as new transactions. . |
| Clearing \& Allocation | CLAL | A simultaneous clearing and allocation event in a central counterparty (CCP). |
| Credit event | CREV | An event that results in a modification or a termination of a previously submitted credit transaction. Applies only to credit derivatives. |
| Transfer | $\underline{\text { PTNG }}$ | The process by which a transaction is transferred to another trade repository that has the effect of the closing of the transaction at one trade repository and opening of the same transaction using the same UTI in a different trade repository (new). |
| Inclusion in position | INCP | Inclusion of a CCP-cleared transaction or other fungible transactions into a position, where an existing transaction is terminated and either a new position is created or the notional of an existing position is modified. |
| Corporate <br> event | CORP | The process by which a corporate action is taken on equity underlying that impacts the transactions on that equity. |
| Update | UPDT | Update of an outstanding transaction performed in order to ensure its conformity with the amended reporting requirements. |

### 3.8 Definitions for Action Type Allowable Values

## Action type

## Allowable

value

| New | $\underline{\text { NEWT }}$ | $\underline{\underline{T}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^79]| Action type | Allowable value | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modify | MODI | A modification of the terms of a previously reported transaction due to a newly negotiated modification (amendment) or a filling in of not available missing information (e.g., post price transaction). It does not include correction of a previously reported transaction. |
| Correct | CORR | A correction of erroneous data of a previously reported transaction. |
| Terminate | TERM | A termination of a previously reported transaction. |
| Error | $\underline{\underline{E R O R}}$ | A cancellation of a wrongly submitted entire transaction in case it never came into existence or was not subject to the reporting requirements under the applicable law of a given jurisdiction, or a cancellation of a duplicate report. |
| Revive | REVI | An action that reinstates a reported transaction that was reported with action type "Error" or terminated by mistake or expired due to an incorrectly reported Expiration date. |
| $\underline{\text { Valuation }}$ | $\underline{\underline{\text { VALU }}}$ | An update of a valuation of a transaction. There will be no corresponding Event type. |
| Collateral/Margin update | MARU | An update to collateral margin data. There will be no corresponding Event type. |
| Position component | POSC | A report of a new transaction that is included in a separate position report on the same day. |
| Transfer out | $\underline{\text { PRTO }}$ | A transfer of a transaction from one trade repository to another trade repository (change of trade repository). |

## 4 Examples

### 4.1 SEF Transactions - Anonymous and cleared

This example illustrates the reporting of anonymous transactions that are subsequently cleared.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ro } \\ & \underline{\underline{w}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Acti } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { typ } \\ \underline{\underline{e}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ev } \\ & \text { ent } \\ & \text { typ } \\ & \underline{\underline{e}} \end{aligned}$ | Event timesta mp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI | Noti <br> onal <br> amo <br> unt | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Executi } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { timesta } \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { mp }}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Clearin } \\ \mathrm{g} \end{array} \\ \underline{\text { receipt }} \\ \underline{\text { timesta }} \end{gathered}$ | Submitt <br> er identifie r | Central counter party | Counter party 1 <br> (reporti <br> ng <br> counter <br> party) | Counter party 2 | Clea red | Platf orm <br> identi <br> fier |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\underline{1}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE } \\ & \underline{W I} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { TR }} \\ & \underline{\underline{A D}} \end{aligned}$ | 2023- <br> 0401T14:1 5:36Z | LEI1RPT0001 ALPHA |  | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \underline{\underline{0}} \end{gathered}$ | 2023- <br> 0401T14:1 5:36Z | NULL | $\underline{\text { LEITSEF }}$ $\underline{\underline{0001}}$ | NULL | $\underline{\text { LEI1RPT }}$ $\underline{\underline{0001}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP } \\ \underline{\underline{0002}} \end{gathered}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{ABC}}{\underline{\underline{D}}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\mathrm{TE}} \\ & \underline{\mathrm{RM}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\underline{\mathrm{CL}}} \\ & \underline{\underline{\mathrm{RG}}} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{2023-}$ <br> $\underline{01 T 414: 4}$ <br> $\frac{0136 Z}{0.3}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT0001 }}{\text { ALPHA }}$ |  | $\frac{1000}{\underline{\underline{0}}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \underline{2023-} \\ \underline{01 \overline{T 14: 1}} \\ \hline 5: 36 Z \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\frac{\text { LEI1SEF }}{\underline{\underline{0001}}}$ | NULL | $\underline{\underline{\text { LEITRPT }}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP }}{\underline{\underline{0002}}}$ | $\underline{1}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{ABC}}{\underline{\mathrm{D}}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{NE}}{\underline{\underline{\mathrm{WI}}}}$ | $\frac{\underline{\mathrm{CL}}}{\underline{\underline{\mathrm{RG}}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underline{\underline{2023-}} \\ \underline{01 \overline{T 14}: 4} \\ \underline{\underline{04: 36 Z}} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT0001 }}{\text { BETA }}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPTOOO }}{\underline{\text { ALPHA }}}$ | $\frac{1000}{\underline{\underline{0}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underline{2023-} \\ \underline{01 T 14: 4} \\ \hline \underline{1: 36 Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underline{2023-} \\ \underline{01 \overline{T 14}: 4} \\ \underline{01: 36 Z} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEICC } \\ & \underline{P 00004} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEITCC } \\ & \underline{\text { P0004 }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEICC } \\ & \underline{P 00004} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\underline{\text { LEI2CP }}}{\underline{\underline{0002}}}$ | $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ | NULL |
| $\underline{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{N E} \\ & \underline{\underline{W I}} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\underline{\mathrm{CL}}}{\underline{\mathrm{RG}}}$ |  | $\xlongequal[\text { LEI1RPT0001 }]{\text { GAMMA }}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPTOOO }}{\underline{\text { ALPHA }}}$ | $\frac{1000}{\underline{\underline{0}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\underline{2023}-} \\ & \underline{01 T 14: 4} \\ & \frac{01: 36 Z}{104} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\underline{2023-}} \\ & \underline{01 T 14: 4} \\ & \frac{014}{0: 36 Z} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEICC } \\ & P 0004 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEITCC }}{\text { P0004 }}$ | $\frac{\text { LEITCC }}{\text { P0004 }}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RP }}{\underline{\underline{T 0001}}}$ | $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ | NULL |

### 4.2 Package-Price/Spread

This example illustrates how to report package transactions based on either the price or spread.
Row 1 - Submission of a new package transaction but the package transaction price is not known yet.
Row 2 - Modifying the package transaction to update the package transaction price.
Row 3 - Submission of a new package transaction with a package transaction spread.

| $\begin{aligned} & R \\ & \underline{\underline{o}} \\ & \underline{\underline{w}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{Ac}}{\underline{\text { tio }}} \\ & \frac{\mathrm{n}}{} \\ & \text { ty } \\ & \text { pex } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\mathrm{Ev}}{\mathrm{en}} \\ \frac{\mathrm{t}}{\mathrm{t}} \\ \text { ty } \\ \text { pex } \end{gathered}$ | Event timest amp | Unique transact ion identifie r (UTI) | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\mathrm{Pac}}{\mathrm{kag}} \\ \frac{\mathrm{e}}{\text { Indi }} \\ \underline{\text { cat }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Pac }}{\mathrm{kag}} \\ & \frac{\mathrm{e}}{\text { ide }} \\ & \underline{\text { ntifi }} \\ & \hline \underline{\text { er }} \end{aligned}$ | Package transactio n price |  | $\underline{\text { Pack }}$ <br> age <br> trans <br> actio <br> $\underline{\underline{n}}$ <br> price <br> notat <br> $\underline{\text { ion }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pack } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { trans } \\ & \underline{\text { actio }} \\ & \underline{\underline{n}} \\ & \underline{\text { spre }} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{\text { Pack }}$ <br> age <br> trans <br> actio <br> $\underline{\underline{n}}$ <br> $\underline{\text { spre }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { ad }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { curre }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { ncy }}$ | $\underline{\text { Pack }}$ <br> age <br> trans <br> actio <br> $\underline{\underline{n}}$ <br> $\underline{\text { spre }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { ad }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { notat }}$ <br> $\underline{\text { ion }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pr} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { ic }}} \\ & \underline{\underline{e}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pric } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { (curr } \\ \underline{\text { curc }} \\ \underline{\underline{n}} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not } \\ & \text { ion } \\ & \text { al } \\ & \frac{\text { am }}{\frac{\text { oun }}{t}} \end{aligned}$ | Execu tion timest amp | Count <br> erpart y1 <br> (repor ting count erpart y) | Count erpart $\underline{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{NE}}{} \frac{\underline{W}}{\underline{I}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{I} \\ & \underline{R} \\ & \underline{A} \\ & \underline{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 2023- \\ 004- \\ \frac{01 T 14}{} \\ \frac{15: 36}{z} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RP } \\ & \frac{\text { T0001E }}{\text { EE }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Tru } \\ \underline{\underline{e}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\mathrm{AB}}{\mathrm{CD} 1} \\ \frac{\underline{2}}{\underline{2}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{99999.999}{99999999} \\ \underline{\underline{99}} \end{gathered}$ | NULL | 1 | NULL | NULL | NULL | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \underline{\underline{2}} \\ & \underline{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{E U}{\underline{R}} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{100}{\underline{\underline{00}}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{r} 2023- \\ \frac{04-}{3} \\ \frac{01 T 14}{u 15: 36} \\ \frac{Z}{Z} \end{array} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1R } \\ & \frac{\text { PT000 }}{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \underline{\text { P0002 }} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} \\ & \underline{0} \\ & \underline{\mathrm{DII}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I} \\ & \underline{R} \\ & \underline{A} \\ & \underline{D} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RP } \\ & \text { T0001E } \end{aligned}$ ㅌㅡㅡㄹ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Tru } \\ \underline{\underline{e}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{AB} \\ \mathrm{CD1} 1 \\ \underline{\underline{2}} \end{gathered}$ | 3.2 | CAD | $\underline{1}$ | NULL | NULL | NULL | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{10}{\underline{2}} \\ & \underline{\underline{3}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \underline{E U} \\ \underline{\underline{R}} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{100}{\underline{\underline{00}}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \frac{2023-}{203} \\ \frac{04-9}{01 T 14} \\ \frac{: 15: 36}{Z} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { LE11R }}{} \\ & \frac{\text { PTOOO }}{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \text { P0002 } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\mathrm{NE}}{} \\ & \hline \mathrm{~W} \\ & \hline \mathrm{I} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{I}}{\underline{\mathrm{R}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-}{04-} \\ & 01 T 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { LEITRP }}{\text { T0001F }} \end{aligned}$ $\underline{F F}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Tru }}{\underline{\underline{e}}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \frac{\mathrm{AB}}{} \mathrm{CD} 3 \\ \underline{4} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | NULL | NULL | NULL | $\underline{\underline{200}}$ | NULL | $\underline{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{20}{2} \\ & \underline{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\overline{\mathrm{EU}}}{\underline{\underline{R}}}$ | $\frac{100}{\underline{\underline{00}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-}{04-} \\ & 01 T 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1R }}{\frac{\text { PT000 }}{}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI2C } \\ & \text { P0002 } \end{aligned}$ |

$\square$

### 4.3 Partial Termination/Amendment, Correction

This example illustrates how different Action - Event type combinations are used to report changes to a previously submitted transaction.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ro } \\ & \underline{\underline{w}} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Actio }}{\text { n }}$ | $\frac{\text { Eve }}{\text { tyt }} \text { type }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amendm } \\ & \text { ent } \\ & \underline{\text { indicator }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Event } \\ & \text { timestamp } \end{aligned}$ | Expirati on date | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Unique } \\ \text { transaction } \\ \text { identifier (UTI) } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactio ns) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Embedd } \\ & \text { ed } \\ & \text { option } \\ & \text { type } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Notion }}{\text { al }} \\ \text { amoun } \\ \underline{t} \end{gathered}$ | Execution timestamp | Counterpa rty 1 (reporting counterpar ty) | Counterpa rty 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | $\frac{\text { NEW }}{\underline{I}}$ | $\underline{\underline{\underline{T}} \text { TRA }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \frac{2023-04-}{01714: 15: 3} \\ 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{2024-01}{\underline{01}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RPT0001A } \\ & \text { AAA } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\underline{10000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{2023-04-}{01714: 15: 3} \\ 6 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT00 }}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP000 }}{\underline{2}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\frac{\text { MOD }}{\underline{!}}$ | $\frac{\underline{\text { TRA }}}{\underline{\underline{D}}}$ | True | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-04-}{02 T 10: 22: 1} \\ & 0 Z \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{2024-01-}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | LEI1RPT0001A <br> AAA |  |  | $\underline{9000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { 2023-04- }}{\text { 01T14:15:3 }} \\ \underline{\underline{6 Z}} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT00 }}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP000 }}{\underline{\underline{2}}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | $\frac{\text { MOD }}{\underline{\underline{1}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRA } \\ & \underline{\underline{D}} \end{aligned}$ | FALSE | 2023-04- $03 T 10 \cdot 22 \cdot 1$ $\frac{03 T 10: 22: 1}{07}$ OZ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-01- } \\ \underline{\underline{01}} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001A <br> AAA |  | OPET | $\underline{\underline{9000}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 T 14: 15: 3 \\ \hline 6 Z \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT00 $\underline{\underline{01}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP000 }}{\underline{\underline{2}}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{4}}$ | $\frac{\underline{\mathrm{COR}}}{\underline{\underline{R}}}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \frac{2023-04-}{04 T 10: 22: 1} \\ 0 Z \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{2024-01}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RPT0001A } \\ & \text { AAA } \end{aligned}$ |  | EXTD | $\underline{9000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{2023-04-}{01714: 15: 3} \\ \underline{017} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT00 }}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP000 }}{\underline{2}}$ |

### 4.4 Allocation

This example illustrates how pre- and post- "Allocation" transactions are reported.

| $\frac{\mathrm{Ro}}{\underline{\underline{w}}}$ | Actio n type | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Even }} \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { typen}}} \end{aligned}$ | Amendmen $\underline{\underline{\text { tindicator }}}$ | Event timestamp | Unique transaction identifier (UTI) | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactions) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Notiona } \\ & \underline{\text { amount }} \end{aligned}$ | Execution timestamp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Counterpart } \\ & \text { y } 1 \\ & \text { (reporting } \\ & \frac{\text { counterparty }}{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Counterparty }}{\underline{2}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | NEWT | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { TRA } \\ \underline{\underline{D}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} 2023-04- \\ 01 T 14: 15: 36 \end{array} \\ \frac{Z}{3} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001PREA A |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \frac{01 T 14: 15: 36}{Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEITRPT000 } \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIFUNDMG }}{\underline{\underline{R}}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | TERM | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ALO} \\ \underline{\underline{\mathrm{C}}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \frac{02 T 10: 22: 10}{z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001PREA A |  | $\underline{\underline{10000}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \frac{01 T 14: 15: 36}{z} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT000 } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIFUNDMG } \\ \underline{\underline{R}} \end{gathered}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | NEWT | $\frac{\mathrm{ALO}}{\underline{\underline{C}}}$ |  | $\frac{\frac{2023-04-}{2 T 10: 22: 10}}{z}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEI1RPT0001POST } \\ & \underline{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT0001PREA } \\ \underline{A} \end{gathered}$ | 4000 | $\frac{\frac{2023-04-}{}}{\frac{\text { 2T10:22:10 }}{z}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT000 }}{1}$ | LEI2CP00A1 |
| $\underline{4}$ | NEWT | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ALO} \\ & \underline{\underline{\mathrm{C}}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2023-04- \\ \frac{=2 T 10: 22: 10}{z} \\ \underline{z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIIRPT0001POST } \\ & \underline{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI1RPT0001PREA } \\ \underline{A} \end{gathered}$ | $\underline{6000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \frac{02 T 10: 22: 10}{z} \\ \underline{z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIIRPT000 } \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | LEI2CP00A2 |

### 4.5 Position

This example illustrates how a derivative is reported when it is included in a position.
Row 1,2-Submitting new derivative that is the start of a new position on the same day.
Row 3 - Submitting end of day valuation messages at position level.
Row 4,5 - Submitting new derivative that is included in a position on the same day.
Row 6,7,8 - Submitting new derivative that is included in a position on the next day.
Row 9,10 - Submitting early termination at position level due to sell activity.

Row 11 - Maintaining the position open and reporting a zero contract value on a daily basis.
Row 12 - Termination of the position.

| $\frac{\mathrm{Ro}}{\underline{\underline{w}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Actio }}{\underline{n}} \\ & \text { type } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Even }}{\mathrm{t}} \\ \text { type } \end{gathered}$ | Event timestamp | Event Identifi er | UTI | Subsequent position UTI | Notion al amoun $\underline{t}$ | Execution timestamp | $\frac{\text { Counterpa }}{\text { rty } 1}$ | $\frac{\text { Counterpa }}{\underline{\text { try } 2}}$ | $\frac{\text { Lev }}{\underline{\text { el }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Valuati }} \\ & \text { Amon } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\underline{1}}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{POS}}{\underline{\underline{\mathrm{C}}}}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 05 T 14: 01: 3 \\ 4 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001TR } \\ \text { AD1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ \underline{\underline{S C 1}} \end{gathered}$ | $\underline{1,000}$ | 2023-01- 05T08:01:3 <br> $4 Z$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | LEICP0002 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { TCT } \\ \underline{\underline{N}} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\frac{\text { NEW }}{\underline{I}}$ | INCP | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \frac{05 T 14: 01: 3}{3} \\ 4 Z \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001PO }}{\underline{\text { SC1 }}}$ |  | $\underline{1,000}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { 2023-01- }}{05 T 09: 01: 3} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\frac{\mathrm{PST}}{\underline{\mathrm{N}}}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | VALU |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \frac{05 T 18: 01: 3}{4 Z} \\ 4 Z \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ \underline{\underline{S C 1}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underline{1,000}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2022-01- } \\ & \frac{05 T 09: 01: 3}{4 Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | LEICP0002 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \underline{P S T} \\ \underline{\underline{N}} \end{gathered}$ | $\underline{1,245}$ |
| $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{POS}}{\underline{\underline{\mathrm{C}}}}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ 07 T 08: 01: 3 \\ 4 Z \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001TR }}{A D 2}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001PO }}{\underline{\text { SC1 }}}$ | 500 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { 2023-01- }}{\frac{06 T 12: 01: 3}{6}} \\ & \frac{4 Z}{} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\underline{\text { TCT }}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{5}}$ | MODI | INCP | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-01-}{\frac{00218: 01: 3}{07 T 15}} \\ & \frac{4 Z}{} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ & \underline{\underline{\text { SC1 }}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{1.500}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-01-}{\text { 205T09:01:3 }} \\ & \frac{4 Z}{\text { 0. }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\frac{\mathrm{PST}}{\underline{\underline{N}}}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{6}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NEW } \\ \underline{\underline{I}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { TRA } \\ \underline{\underline{D}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 08T18:01:3 } \\ 4 Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001TR } \\ \text { AD3 } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{700}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 08T09:01:3 } \\ \underline{4 Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ \underline{1} \end{gathered}$ | LEICP0002 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{TCT} \\ \underline{\underline{N}} \end{gathered}$ | $\equiv$ |
| $\underline{7}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{IER}}{\underline{M}}$ | INCP | $\frac{2023-011}{09918: 01: 3}$ |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001TR }}{\text { AD3 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ & \underline{\underline{S C 1}} \end{aligned}$ | 700 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-01-}{\frac{0809: 01: 3}{4 Z}} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\underline{\underline{\text { ICT }}}$ | $\equiv$ |
| $\underline{\underline{8}}$ | MODI | INCP |  |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001PO }}{\underline{\underline{S C 1}}}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{2}, 200}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-01-}{\frac{20509: 01: 3}{05}} \\ & \frac{4 Z}{} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\frac{\underline{\text { PST }}}{\underline{\underline{N}}}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{9}}$ | MODI | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ETR} \\ \underline{\underline{M}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{2023-01-}{10 T 15: 01: 3} \\ 4 Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ \underline{\underline{S C 1}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underline{1,000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \frac{05 T 09: 01: 3}{4 Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT000 } \\ \underline{\underline{1}} \end{gathered}$ | LEICP0002 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PST} \\ & \underline{\underline{N}} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\underline{\underline{10}}$ | MODI | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{E T R} \\ & \hline \underline{M} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001PO }}{\underline{\text { SC1 }}}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{0}}$ |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\frac{\underline{\text { PST }}}{\underline{\underline{N}}}$ |  |
| 11 | VALU |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT0001PO }}{\underline{\text { SC1 }}}$ |  | $\underline{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-01-}{\text { 㐱T09:01:3 }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { LEIRPT000 }}{1}$ | LEICP0002 | $\frac{\underline{\text { PST }}}{\underline{\underline{N}}}$ | $\underline{\underline{0}}$ |
| $\underline{12}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TER } \\ \underline{M} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ETR} \\ \underline{\underline{M}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 12T15:01:3 } \\ 4 Z \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPT0001PO } \\ \underline{\underline{S C 1}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\underline{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-01- } \\ \text { 05T09:01:3 } \\ \underline{4 Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEIRPTO00 } \\ \underline{1} \end{gathered}$ | LEICP0002 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { PST }}{\underline{N}} \end{aligned}$ |  |

### 4.6 Error and Revive

This example illustrates a derivative that was booked in error and subsequently cancelled, but needs to be revived as it was cancelled by mistake.

| Row | $\frac{\text { Action }}{\text { type }}$ | Event | Amendment Indicator | Event timestamp | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Unique }} \\ & \text { iransaction } \\ & \text { identifier (UTI) } \end{aligned}$ | Prior UTI (for one-to-one and one-tomany relations between transactions) | Notional amount | Execution timestamp | Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty) | $\frac{\text { Counterparty }}{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | NEWT | TRAD |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 01T14:15:36Z } \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | $\underline{10000}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underline{2023-04-} \\ \underline{01 T 14: 15: 36 Z} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |
| $\underline{2}$ | EROR |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 04T14:21:36Z } \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 01T14:21:36Z } \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |
| $\underline{\underline{3}}$ | REVI |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \underline{05 T 14: 21: 36 Z ~} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG |  | 10000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 21: 36 Z \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |

### 4.7 Crypto

| Row | $\frac{\text { Action }}{\text { type }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Event } \\ & \text { type } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{\text { Derivative }} \\ & \underline{\text { cryptoassets }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Event } \\ \text { timestamp }\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underset{\text { Unique }}{\text { Uransaction }} \\ \text { identifier (UTI) } \end{gathered}$ | Unique product identifier | Notional amount | Execution timestamp | Counterparty 1 (reporting counterparty) | $\frac{\text { Counterparty }}{\underline{2}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | NEWT | TRAD | True | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001GGG | JESXCC | $\underline{10000}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2023-04- \\ 01 \mathrm{~T} 14: 15: 36 \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | LEI1RPT0001 | LEI2CP0002 |

### 4.8 Upgrade

This example illustrates how to report an upgrade event type in order to ensure its conformity with the amended reporting requirements.
Row 1: A new derivative executed on 2023-04-01.
Row 2: New reporting requirements were implemented, the existing derivative is reported as Modify-Upgrade (MODI-UPDT) in order to comply with the new requirements. ${ }^{84}$

| $\frac{\mathrm{Ro}}{\underline{\underline{w}}}$ | $\frac{\text { Actio }}{\underline{\underline{n}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \underline{\text { Eve }} \\ \underline{\text { type }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Event } \\ \text { timestamp }\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Unique } \\ \text { transaction } \\ \text { identifier (UTI) } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Notion al amoun t | Valuation Method | Execution timestamp | Collateralisat ion category | Counterparty 1(reporting <br> counterpar <br> ty) | $\frac{\text { Counterpa }}{\text { rty } 2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Platfor }}{\underline{m}} \\ \frac{\text { Identifi }}{\underline{\text { er }}} \end{gathered}$ | $\xlongequal[\underline{\text { Cleare }}]{\underline{\mathrm{d}}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1}$ | $\frac{\text { NEW }}{\underline{T}}$ | $\frac{\text { TRA }}{\underline{\underline{D}}}$ | $\frac{\frac{2023-04-}{01 T 14: 15: 3}}{\underline{6 Z}}$ | LEI1RPT0001 $\underline{\underline{F F F}}$ | $\underline{10000}$ | $\frac{\text { MarkToMar }}{\underline{\text { ket }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2023-04-}{01 T 14: 15: 3} \\ & \underline{6 Z} \end{aligned}$ | FULLY | $\frac{\text { LEI1RPT00 }}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\frac{\text { LEI2CP000 }}{\underline{2}}$ | NULL | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ |
| $\underline{\underline{2}}$ | $\frac{\text { MOD }}{\underline{!}}$ | $\frac{\text { UPD }}{\underline{I}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2024-05- } \\ \text { 04T14:21:3 } \\ 6 z \end{gathered}$ | LEITRPT0001 FFF | $\underline{10000}$ | MTMA | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2023-04- } \\ \text { 01T14:21:3 } \end{gathered}$ $\underline{\underline{6 Z}}$ | FLCL | $\frac{\text { LEIRPPT00 }}{\underline{\underline{01}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LEI2CP000 } \\ \underline{\underline{2}} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | BILT | $\underline{\underline{N}}$ |

[^80]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Revised CDE Technical Guidance - version 3 - Harmonisation of critical OTC derivative data elements (other than UTI and UPI), September 2023, https://www.leiroc.org/publications/gls/roc 20230929.pdf

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Num(5) format is equivalent to Num $(5,0)$ used in this Technical Manual and does not allow decimals.
    ${ }^{3}$ Both upper case and lower case are allowed until the ISO 20022 message standard is adopted by CSA.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ References to "OTC derivative" and "transaction" in CDE data element explanations and in the Appendices to the Technical Manual should be read to mean derivative.

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ Only one counterparty should be reported. In cases where multiple counterparties are legally responsible as the second counterparty (for example joint and several liability, or solidary liability in Quebec), report only one of the counterparties and use the same counterparty for all continuation data and lifecycle events.

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ For fixed-floating interest rate swaps, the receiver is the counterparty receiving the fixed rate.
    ${ }^{8}$ The ESMA Data Element Name is "Broker ID".

[^5]:    ${ }^{10}$ For commodities swaps, report the pricing start date.
    ${ }^{11}$ For commodities swaps, report the pricing end date.

[^6]:    ${ }^{12}$ For cleared derivatives, the execution timestamp is the date and time when the clearing agency accepts the original derivative for clearing.
    ${ }^{13}$ Both the date and time portion are required to be reported.
    ${ }^{14}$ Reporting timestamp (\#15) is recorded and reported by the submitter.

[^7]:    ${ }^{15}$ References to "swap data repository" or "SDR" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean designated / recognized trade repository.
    ${ }^{16}$ References to "swap execution facility" or "SEF" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean derivatives trading facility / facility or platform for trading derivatives.
    ${ }^{17}$ Where the Segment MIC does not exist, use the Operating MIC.

[^8]:    ${ }^{18}$ Notional amount for CDS should reflect the gross amount and not the net amount after reflecting version incrementing due to a credit event.
    20 " 99999999999999999999.99999 " is accepted when the value is not available. 25 numerical characters including decimals.

[^9]:    ${ }^{19}$ In the case of a lifecycle event that is a full termination before the maturity date, the full terminated value should be reported in the notional data

[^10]:    ${ }^{21}$ References to "swap" and "swap transaction" in CFTC data element explanations should be read as derivative.

[^11]:    ${ }^{22}$ To represent quarterly, report [Quantity frequency] = 'MNTH' and [Quantity frequency multiplier] = ' 3 '. For semi-annual, report [Quantity frequency] = 'MNTH' and [Quantity frequency multiplier] = ' 6 '.

[^12]:    23 " 99999999999999999999.99999 " is accepted when the value is not available. 25 numerical characters including decimals.

[^13]:    ${ }^{25}$ While Price (\#46) captures the prices at which counterparties negotiate contracts, market prices are reflected in the valuation amounts.
    ${ }^{26}$ References to "product" in CDE data element explanations should be read to mean derivative.

[^14]:    ${ }^{27}$ For equity swaps, portfolio swaps, and contract for difference (CFDs), report the weighted overall spread for the basket instead of individual legs.

[^15]:    ${ }^{28}$ References to "FX" in CDE data element explanations should be read to mean foreign exchange.

[^16]:    ${ }^{30}$ References to "central counterparty" in CDE data element explanations should be read to mean clearing agency or, in Quebec, clearing house.

[^17]:    ${ }^{32}$ References to "derivatives clearing organization" or "DCO" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean clearing agency or, in Quebec, clearing house.
    ${ }^{33}$ Refer to Parts 3 and 5 of NI 94-101 Mandatory Central Counterparty Clearing of Derivatives. However, reporting counterparties may provide clearing exceptions for Data Elements \# 77 and 78 that are relevant to CFTC. As a result, reporting counterparties should not need to report these data elements differently under the TR Rules compared to how they are reported for the CFTC.

[^18]:    ${ }^{34}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (eg. Because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^19]:    ${ }^{35}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g., Because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^20]:    ${ }^{36}$ For portfolio with multiple currencies, it must be converted in to a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported.
    ${ }^{37}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^21]:    ${ }^{38}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^22]:    ${ }^{39}$ For portfolio with multiple currencies, it must be converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported.
    ${ }^{40}$ This data element must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.
    ${ }^{41}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^23]:    ${ }^{42}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure

[^24]:    ${ }^{43}$ This data element must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.
    ${ }^{44}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^25]:    ${ }^{45}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^26]:    ${ }^{46}$ If collateralization was performed on a transaction level basis, "TRANSACTIONLEVEL" is accepted. "NOTAPPLICABLE" is accepted if (i) collateralization was performed on a portfolio basis and there is no VM portfolio code, or (ii) it is a submission from a DCO.
    ${ }^{47}$ If collateralization was performed on a transaction level basis, "TRANSACTIONLEVEL" is accepted. "NOTAPPLICABLE" is accepted if (i) collateralization was performed on a portfolio basis and there is no IM portfolio code, or (ii) it is a submission from a DCO.

[^27]:    ${ }^{48}$ Both the date and time portion are required to be reported. The time element is as specific as technologically practicable. If the time portion is not available, report "00:00:00" for the time portion.

[^28]:    ${ }^{49}$ The identifier which relates to the same event should be unique per event.
    ${ }^{50}$ Only one Action type value is allowed per submission. Multiple Action type values should not be submitted in one transaction report. For example, if a data element needs to be corrected on a previously submitted transaction that is getting terminated, the Correct (CORR) value should be submitted as a separate submission prior to the submission of the Terminate (TERM) transaction.

[^29]:    ${ }^{51}$ Valuation amount must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.

[^30]:    ${ }^{52}$ Reported by the clearing agency for cleared derivatives and by the derivatives dealer for uncleared derivatives.
    ${ }^{53}$ The timestamp portion is not required to be represented for Valuation timestamp. The format must be reported as YYYY-MM-DD.

[^31]:    ${ }^{55}$ To report a collar, this field should be populated to link the cap and floor legs. To report a straddle, this field should be populated to link the payer swaption and receiver swaption legs.
    ${ }^{56}$ In addition, a "package transaction" also includes a transaction involving two or more instruments: (1) that is executed between two or more counterparties; (2) that is priced or quoted as one economic transaction with simultaneous or near simultaneous execution of all components; (3) where the execution of each component is contingent upon the execution of all other components; (4) where each component is assigned a Unique Swap Identifier (USI) or Unique Transaction Identifier (UTI); and (5) each component is reported separately.
    57 "UNKNOWN" is accepted when the value is not available.

[^32]:    ${ }^{58}$ Default value with all 9's, for any of the allowable formats, is accepted when the value is unknown. When [Package transaction price notation] = ' 1 ' use " 99999.9999999999999 " (18 numerical characters including 13 decimal places). When [Package transaction price notation] = ' 3 ' use " 9.9999999999 " (11 numerical characters including 10 decimal places).

[^33]:    ${ }^{59}$ Default value with all 9's, for any of the allowable formats, is accepted when the value is unknown. When [Package transaction price notation] = ' 1 ' use " 99999.9999999999999 " (18 numerical characters including 13 decimal places). When [Package transaction price notation] = ‘ 3 ’ use " 9.9999999999 " (11 numerical characters including 10 decimal places). When [Package transaction spread notation] = '4' use " 99999 " ( 5 numerical characters with no decimal places).
    ${ }^{60}$ Refer to section 1.2.6 Use of UPI Instrument Types for explanation on Unique Product Identifiers

[^34]:    ${ }^{61}$ The LEI code should represent the LEI of the entity assigning the basket code
    ${ }^{62}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.

[^35]:    ${ }^{63}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.
    ${ }^{64}$ For commodities baskets where calculated formula of different $\%$ weights of indices are used, provide values without the $\%$. For example, $10 \%$ should be reported as "10".

[^36]:    ${ }^{65}$ If more than one underlier exists, the derivative should be considered a basket and the corresponding basket fields should be used.
    ${ }^{66}$ When a particular underlier ID is not supported by the UPI service provider (Underlier ID is 'Other'), that underlier ID is reported in this field to the trade repository.
    ${ }^{67}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.
    ${ }^{68}$ Depending on the product DSB may use attributes with names such as Reference Rate, Underlying Instrument Index, Underlying instrument ISIN, Underlying instrument LEI, or another name to denote the asset or index underlying the derivative.
    ${ }^{69}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.
    ${ }^{70}$ The platform provided should be the platform from where the underlying asset gets its pricing information.

[^37]:    ${ }^{71}$ The set of data elements related to other payments (Other payment type [\#141], Other payment amount [\#142], Other payment currency [\#143], Other payment date [\#144], Other payment payer [\#139], Other payment receiver [\#140]) can be reported multiple times in the case of multiple payments.

[^38]:    ${ }^{72}$ To represent quarterly payment, report [Payment frequency period] = 'MNTH' and [Payment frequency period multiplier] = ' 3 '. For semi-annual payment, report [Payment frequency period] = 'MNTH' and [Payment frequency period multiplier] = ' 6 '.
    ${ }^{73}$ Throughout this Technical Manual, for the allowable value 'EXPI' in frequency period related data elements, two different descriptions 'Payment at term' and 'End of term' are being used which in essence has the same meaning and represents the frequency/rate of payment/quantity.

[^39]:    ${ }^{74}$ CDE Technical Guidance - version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI),
    https://www.leiroc.org/publications/gls/roc 20220829.pdf

[^40]:    ${ }^{75}$ The information contained in this column refers to the ISO 20022 data dictionary.
    ${ }^{76}$ The source of information contained in this column is FIX Trading Community, http://fiximate.fixtrading.org/latestEP/
    ${ }^{77}$ The definitions contained herein are copyright 2006 by International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (ISDA) and reproduced by permission of ISDA. All Rights Reserved.

[^41]:    ${ }^{79}$ The classification provided in this column is independent from IFRS 13/ASC 820 and is for the sole purpose of reporting critical data elements of OTC derivative transactions.

[^42]:    ${ }^{80}$ NEWT-UPDT is used for upgrading existing 'exotic', 'complex', or 'non-standard' swaps to accurately report and comply with the Technical Manual
    ${ }^{81}$ If a derivative is traded and immediately added to a position, it must be reported using the action type 'POSC'. However, if a derivative is reported as a new transaction ('NEWT') but then later added into a position, it should be reported using the action type 'TERM' and event type 'INCP'.
    ${ }^{82}$ Any live or dead (terminated or expired) transactions can be transferred out except for the transactions that are previously reported as an error. Once a transaction is reported as 'transfer out' to a trade repository no further submission is allowed to the same trade repository for that transaction unless the transaction is transferred back in to the same trade repository. Combination 'NEWT-PTNG' should be used in this case.

[^43]:    ${ }^{83}$ Where a derivative is entered into by an agent of a counterparty and the transaction is executed before the derivative is allocated among the counterparties on whose behalf the agent is acting, we would prefer for the reporting counterparty not to report derivatives data in respect of the preallocation transaction and instead, once it receives and processes the allocation from the agent, to report only the allocated derivatives within the time periods set out in section 31 of the TR Rules. However, we would accommodate reporting in respect of the pre-allocation transaction as set out in this Technical Manual, and for that reason we have provided ALOC as an allowable value. Please also see Example 4.4.

[^44]:    ${ }^{84}$ Please note that the example provided is not an exhaustive list of the fields affected by the amended reporting requirements. Therefore, it is recommended that you review the rule to identify all fields that may be impacted.

[^45]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Revised CDE Technical Guidance - version 3 - Harmonisation of critical OTC derivative data elements (other than UTI and UPI)-Technical Guidance, April 2018 , September 2023, https://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf//OSCOPD598.pdfhttps://www.leiroc.org/publications/gls/roc_20230929.pdf

[^46]:    ${ }^{2}$ Num(5) format is equivalent to Num $(5,0)$ used in this Technical Manual and does not allow decimals.
    ${ }^{3}$ Both upper case and lower case are allowed until the ISO 20022 message standard is adopted by CSA.

[^47]:    ${ }^{5}$ Only one counterparty should be reported. In cases where multiple counterparties are legally responsible as the second counterparty (for example joint and several liability, or solidary liability in Quebec), report only one of the counterparties and use the same counterparty for all continuation data and lifecycle events.

[^48]:    ${ }^{7}$ For fixed-floating interest rate swaps, the receiver is the counterparty receiving the fixed rate.
    8 The ESMA Data Element Name is "Broker ID".

[^49]:    ${ }^{9}$ A list of qualified persons is available here: https://lautorite.qc.ca/en/professionals/securities-and-derivatives/regulation-of-derivatives-markets-in-quebec

[^50]:    ${ }^{10}$ For commodities swaps, report the pricing start date.
    ${ }^{11 \text { For commodities swaps, report the pricing end date. }}$
    ${ }^{12}$ For cleared derivatives, the execution timestamp is the date and time when the clearing agency accepts the original derivative for clearing.
    $\xlongequal{13}$ Both the date and time portion are required to be reported.

[^51]:    ${ }^{14}$ Reporting timestamp (\#15) is recorded and reported by the submitter.

[^52]:    ${ }^{15}$ References to "swap data repository" or "SDR" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean designated / recognized trade repository. $\xlongequal{16}$ References to "swap execution facility" or "SEF" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean derivatives trading facility / facility or platform for trading derivatives.
    $\stackrel{17}{17}$ Where the Segment MIC does not exist, use the Operating MIC.

[^53]:    ${ }^{18}$ Notional amount for CDS should reflect the gross amount and not the net amount after reflecting version incrementing due to a credit event.
    $\xlongequal{19}$ In the case of a lifecycle event that is a full termination before the maturity date, the full terminated value should be reported in the notional data element.
    20 " 99999999999999999999.99999 " is accepted when the value is not available. 25 numerical characters including decimals.

[^54]:    ${ }^{21}$ References to "swap" and "swap transaction" in CFTC data element explanations should be read as derivative.
    $\xlongequal{22}$ To represent quarterly, report [Quantity frequency] = 'MNTH' and [Quantity frequency multiplier] = '3'. For semi-annual, report [Quantity frequency] = 'MNTH' and [Quantity frequency multiplier] = ' 6 '.

[^55]:    ${ }^{25}$ While Price (\#46) captures the prices at which counterparties negotiate contracts, market prices are reflected in the valuation amounts.
    26 References to "product" in CDE data element explanations should be read to mean derivative.

[^56]:    $\stackrel{29}{ }$ The reporting counterparty may report this data element in a manner that reflects public dissemination under the requirements of any regulator (for example, under CFTC Part 43 or the TR Rules).

[^57]:    ${ }^{31}$ Reporting counterparties should report "clearing swaps" according to the agency clearing model.

[^58]:    32 References to "derivatives clearing organization" or "DCO" in CFTC data element explanations should be read to mean clearing agency or, in Quebec, clearing house.
    ${ }^{33}$ Refer to Parts 3 and 5 of NI 94-101 Mandatory Central Counterparty Clearing of Derivatives. However, reporting counterparties may provide clearing exceptions for Data Elements \# 77 and 78 that are relevant to CFTC. As a result, reporting counterparties should not need to report these data elements differently under the TR Rules compared to how they are reported for the CFTC.

[^59]:    ${ }^{34}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (eg. Because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^60]:    ${ }^{36}$ For portfolio with multiple currencies, it must be converted in to a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported.
    ${ }^{37}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no initial margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^61]:    ${ }^{39}$ For portfolio with multiple currencies, it must be converted into a single currency chosen by the reporting counterparty and reported.
    ${ }^{40}$ This data element must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.
    ${ }^{41}$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^62]:    ${ }^{43}$ This data element must be reported daily regardless of whether there is a change in the value since the last reporting.
    $\stackrel{44}{ }$ In the case where collateral agreements(s) exists but no variation margin is exchanged primarily between the counterparties (e.g. because the exposure doesn't meet the negotiated threshold) for a given portfolio, report zero until such time an exchange/transfer occurs.

[^63]:    ${ }^{46}$ If collateralization was performed on a transaction level basis, "TRANSACTIONLEVEL" is accepted. "NOTAPPLICABLE" is accepted if (i) collateralization was performed on a portfolio basis and there is no VM portfolio code, or (ii) it is a submission from a DCO.
    ${ }^{47}$ If collateralization was performed on a transaction level basis, "TRANSACTIONLEVEL" is accepted. "NOTAPPLICABLE" is accepted if (i) collateralization was performed on a portfolio basis and there is no IM portfolio code, or (ii) it is a submission from a DCO.

[^64]:    $\stackrel{48}{ }$ Both the date and time portion are required to be reported. The time element is as specific as technologically practicable. If the time portion is not

[^65]:    ${ }^{52}$ Reported by the clearing agency for cleared derivatives and by the derivatives dealer for uncleared derivatives.
    53 The timestamp portion is not required to be represented for Valuation timestamp. The format must be reported as YYYY-MM-DD.

[^66]:    ${ }^{55}$ To report a collar, this field should be populated to link the cap and floor legs. To report a straddle, this field should be populated to link the payer swaption and receiver swaption legs.
    ${ }^{56}$ In addition, a "package transaction" also includes a transaction involving two or more instruments: (1) that is executed between two or more counterparties; (2) that is priced or quoted as one economic transaction with simultaneous or near simultaneous execution of all components; (3) where the execution of each component is contingent upon the execution of all other components; (4) where each component is assigned a Unique Swap Identifier (USI) or Unique Transaction Identifier (UTI); and (5) each component is reported separately.
    57 "UNKNOWN" is accepted when the value is not available.

[^67]:    ${ }^{58}$ Default value with all 9's, for any of the allowable formats, is accepted when the value is unknown. When [Package transaction price notation] = ' 1 ' use "99999.9999999999999" (18 numerical characters including 13 decimal places). When [Package transaction price notation] = '3' use "9.9999999999" (11 numerical characters including 10 decimal places).

[^68]:    ${ }^{61}$ The LEI code should represent the LEI of the entity assigning the basket code.
    ${ }^{62}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.

[^69]:    ${ }^{63}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.

[^70]:    ${ }^{64}$ For commodities baskets where calculated formula of different \% weights of indices are used, provide values without the $\%$. For example, $10 \%$ should be reported as " 10 ".
    ${ }^{65}$ If more than one underlier exists, the derivative should be considered a basket and the corresponding basket fields should be used.
    ${ }^{66}$ When a particular underlier ID is not supported by the UPI service provider (Underlier ID is 'Other'), that underlier ID is reported in this field to the trade repository.
    ${ }^{67}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.
    ${ }^{68}$ Depending on the product DSB may use attributes with names such as Reference Rate, Underlying Instrument Index, Underlying instrument ISIN,
    Underlying instrument LEI, or another name to denote the asset or index underlying the derivative.

[^71]:    ${ }^{69}$ In line with the Underlier ID within the UPI reference data elements, as maintained by the UPI service provider, or in accordance with section 5.2 of the CPMI-IOSCO Technical Guidance: Harmonization of the Unique Product Identifier.
    $\xlongequal{70}$ The platform provided should be the platform from where the underlying asset gets its pricing information.

[^72]:    ${ }^{71}$ The set of data elements related to other payments (Other payment type [\#141], Other payment amount [\#142], Other payment currency [\#143], Other payment date [\#144], Other payment payer [\#139], Other payment receiver [\#140]) can be reported multiple times in the case of multiple payments.

[^73]:    ${ }^{72}$ To represent quarterly payment, report [Payment frequency period] = 'MNTH' and [Payment frequency period multiplier] = ' 3 '. For semi-annual payment, report [Payment frequency period] = 'MNTH' and [Payment frequency period multiplier] = ' 6 '.
    ${ }^{73}$ Throughout this Technical Manual, for the allowable value 'EXPI' in frequency period related data elements, two different descriptions 'Payment at term' and 'End of term' are being used which in essence has the same meaning and represents the frequency/rate of payment/quantity.

[^74]:    ${ }^{74}$ CDE Technical Guidance - version 3: Harmonisation of critical OTC derivatives data elements (other than UTI and UPI), https://www.leiroc.org/publications/gls/roc_20220829.pdf

[^75]:    375 The information contained in this column refers to the ISO 20022 data dictionary.
    ${ }^{4 \underline{76}}$ The source of information contained in this column is FIX Trading Community, http://fiximate.fixtrading.org/latestEP/
    $5 \underline{\underline{I}}$ The definitions contained herein are copyright 2006 by International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (ISDA) and reproduced by permission of ISDA. All Rights Reserved.

[^76]:    ${ }^{678}$ Note that the algorithm defined for this day count fraction has changed between the 2000 ISDA Definitions and 2006 ISDA Definitions. See Introduction to the 2006 ISDA Definitions for further information relating to this change

[^77]:    ${ }^{779}$ The classification provided in this column is independent from IFRS 13/ASC 820 and is for the sole purpose of reporting critical data elements of OTC derivative transactions.

[^78]:    ${ }^{80}$ NEWT-UPDT is used for upgrading existing 'exotic', 'complex', or 'non-standard' swaps to accurately report and comply with the Technical Manual
    81 If a derivative is traded and immediately added to a position, it must be reported using the action type 'POSC'. However, if a derivative is reported as a new transaction ('NEWT') but then later added into a position, it should be reported using the action type 'TERM' and event type 'INCP'.
    ${ }^{82}$ Any live or dead (terminated or expired) transactions can be transferred out except for the transactions that are previously reported as an error. Once a transaction is reported as 'transfer out' to a trade repository no further submission is allowed to the same trade repository for that transaction unless the transaction is transferred back in to the same trade repository. Combination 'NEWT-PTNG' should be used in this case.

[^79]:    ${ }^{83}$ Where a derivative is entered into by an agent of a counterparty and the transaction is executed before the derivative is allocated among the counterparties on whose behalf the agent is acting, we would prefer for the reporting counterparty not to report derivatives data in respect of the preallocation transaction and instead, once it receives and processes the allocation from the agent, to report only the allocated derivatives within the time periods set out in section 31 of the TR Rules. However, we would accommodate reporting in respect of the pre-allocation transaction as set out in this Technical Manual, and for that reason we have provided ALOC as an allowable value. Please also see Example 4.4.

[^80]:    ${ }^{84}$ Please note that the example provided is not an exhaustive list of the fields affected by the amended reporting requirements. Therefore, it is recommended that you review the rule to identify all fields that may be impacted.

